

# Mississippi Gulf Coast Metropolitan Planning Organization Public Participation Plan

### NON-DISCRIMINATION NOTIFICATION:

GRPC prohibits discrimination in all of its programs, services and activities. Public participation is solicited without regard to race, color, national origin, age, sex, religion, disability, or other protected status. Persons who require assistance under the Americans with Disabilities Act should contact the MPO at least five (5) business days prior to the any scheduled meeting, event or the end of a public review and comment period. Contact Stephanie Plancich at 228-864-1167 or by email to contactus@grpc.com with any requests, questions or comments.

### NOTATION OF FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE:

This document was prepared and published by Gulf Regional Planning Commission, the Mississippi Gulf Coast Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO), in cooperation with or with financial assistance from the United States Department of Transportation (USDOT), the Federal Transit Administration (FTA), the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Mississippi Department of Transportation (MDOT). Assistance notwithstanding, the contents of this document do not necessarily reflect the official view or policies of the funding agencies.

### NOTICE OF PUBLIC REVIEW:

In compliance with federal regulation 23 CFR 450, the Mississippi Gulf Coast Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) sought public input on the development of this public participation plan from 10/27/2014 through 12/11/2014. This public comment period also satisfies the FTA public participation requirements of Section 5307 POP notice. Zero comments were received. The TPC adopted this updated public participation plan on 12/11/2014. Contact Stephanie Plancich, Public involvement/Title VI Coordinator with any questions or comments.



# Mississippi Gulf Coast Metropolitan Planning Organization

**Gulf Regional Planning Commission** 

- 1. Call the GRPC offices and speak to a staff member 228-864-1167 or 866-847-7986
- 2. Mail in your comments and questions 1635-G Popps Ferry Road, Biloxi MS 39532
- 3. Visit the GRPC offices to meet with the staff 1635-G Popps Ferry Road, Biloxi MS 39532
- 4. Email in your comments and feedback contactus@grpc.com or get2b@grpc.com
- 5. Visit the GRPC website and submit comments www.grpc.com or www.get2b-MS.com
- 6. Attend an upcoming public event or meeting Call or visit website for event calendar

YOUR IDEAS CAN CHANGE THE WAY WE MOVE IN OUR COMMUNITY

**PARTICIPATE TODAY!** 

### **Contents**

| Chapter 1: Introduction   | 6  |
|---|----|
| MPO Governance  | 6  |
| Transportation Policy Committee (TPC)                               | 6  |
| Technical Coordinating Committee (TCC)                              | 7  |
| Required Language in Publications                                   | 9  |
| Chapter 2: Public Participation                                     | 11 |
| Public Participation Guiding Principles                             | 11 |
| Be Inclusive  | 11 |
| Be Fiscally Responsible   | 12 |
| Be Consistent   | 12 |
| Be Proactive  | 12 |
| Be Visible  | 12 |
| Be Responsive   | 13 |
| Be Creative and Flexible  | 13 |
| MPO Plans and Programs  | 13 |
| MTP - Metropolitan Transportation Plan                              | 13 |
| TIP – Transportation Improvement Program                            | 14 |
| PPP - Public Participation Plan & Civil Rights Program              | 14 |
| UPWP - The Unified Planning Work Program                            | 14 |
| Technical Studies   | 14 |
| Modification and Amendment Processes                                | 15 |
| TIP Amendments  | 15 |
| Administrative Modifications to the TIP                             | 16 |
| Incorporating Public Input into Program and Plan Development        | 17 |
| Chapter 3: Engagement Strategies                                    | 19 |
| 10 Engagement Strategies Utilized by GRPC                           | 19 |
| Chapter 4: Civil Rights Program                                     | 26 |
| Civil Rights/Title VI Program Overview                              | 29 |
| Program Authorities   | 29 |
| Definitions   | 30 |
| Civil Rights Program Performance Measures                           | 31 |
| Identifying the MS Gulf Coast Traditionally Underserved Populations | 33 |
| Targeted Participation Strategies                                   | 34 |

| Chapter 5: Disadvantaged Business (DBE) Program                 | 37  |
|---|-----|
| Definitions (43 CFR 26.7)                                       | 37  |
| Policy Statements   | 37  |
| DBE Program Performance Measures                                | 38  |
| Chapter 6: Americans with Disabilities (ADA) Compliance Program | 41  |
| ADA Program Definitions   | 41  |
| Steps to ADA Compliance   | 43  |
| ADA Transition Plan   | 44  |
| Chapter 7: Limited English Proficiency (LEP) Plan               | 52  |
| LEP Four Factor Analysis  | 54  |
| Summary of LEP Analysis   | 55  |
| Engagement Strategies that Engage the LEP Community             | 55  |
| Chapter 8: Environmental Justice (EJ) Program                   | 58  |
| When should Environmental Justice be considered?                | 59  |
| What constitutes an environmental impact?                       | 60  |
| Definitions   | 60  |
| Environmental Justice integrated in the PPP                     | 61  |
| Chapter 9: Regional Transit Planning                            | 69  |
| Coast Transit Authority Overview                                | 69  |
| Transit Service Profile   | 70  |
| Public Participation Overview                                   | 72  |
| CTA Role in MPO Planning Activities                             | 73  |
| MPO Role in CTA Planning Activities                             | 74  |
| Chapter 10: Public Participation Evaluation                     | 77  |
| Internal Program Assessments                                    | 77  |
| External Program Assessments                                    | 77  |
| APPENDIX  | 79  |
| Appendix A - Federal Requirements                               | 79  |
| Appendix B – Acronyms and Abbreviations                         | 87  |
| Appendix C – Glossary   | 88  |
| Appendix D – Non-Discrimination Notices, Procedures and Forms   | 96  |
| Appendix F – DBE Annual Report Form                             | 105 |
| Appendix G – Public Participation Summary                       | 107 |

### **Chapter 1: Introduction**

On December 20, 1973 the Gulf Regional Planning Commission (GRPC) was designated as the Mississippi Gulf Coast Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO). An MPO is a federally mandated transportation policy board comprised of representatives from local, state and federal governments, transit agencies and other stakeholders. It is defined in Federal Transportation Legislation 23 USC 134(b) and 49 USC 5303(c) as the local decision-making body responsible for carrying out the metropolitan planning process. An MPO must be designated for every urban area with a population of at least 50,000 people as reported in the most current census report.

The MS Gulf Coast MPO has a planning area that includes the 12 cities of Waveland, Bay St. Louis, Diamondhead, Pass Christian, Long Beach, Gulfport, Biloxi, Gautier, Pascagoula, Moss Point, D'Iberville and Ocean Springs, as well as the unincorporated areas of Hancock, Harrison and Jackson Counties. Any highway or transit project or program to be conducted or constructed within the planning area and to be paid for with federal funds, must receive approval of the MPO before those funds may be allocated.

In accordance with this law, the MPO must be certified as providing "a continuing, cooperative and comprehensive planning process that results in plans and programs that consider all transportation modes and supports the development and social goals of the metropolitan community. These plans and programs shall lead to the development and operation of an integrated, inter-modal transportation system that facilitate the efficient, economic movement of people and goods."

### How the MPO is supported by GRPC

The MPO is staffed by GRPC which provides facilities and administrative support. GRPC's professional staff is skilled in the varied applications of transportation planning theory and practice, including:

- Grant Writing and management
- Program development and administration
- Data collection and analysis of land use and census data
- GIS development and mapping
- Traffic counts and travel demand modeling
- Urban and regional comprehensive and mitigation planning
- Transit development and planning
- Public engagement and outreach coordination
- Transportation planning and management particularly regarding congestion management, roadway safety, alternative transportation systems, air quality conformity and regional goods movement

### **MPO** Governance

### **Transportation Policy Committee (TPC)**

In accordance with federal guidelines, the TPC includes the "representation of local elected officials, officials

of agencies that administer or operate major modes or systems of transportation and appropriate state officials" (23 CFR 450.306).

The TPC meets to discuss transportation planning and programming issues as they affect regional transportation planning goals and objectives. Among other duties and obligation, the TPC is responsible for the adoption of a Unified Planning Work Program (UPWP) and the Transportation Improvement Program (TIP), and for establishing policies and procedural guidelines that comply with federal regulations. The TPC is guided by the recommendations presented by the Technical Coordinating Committee (TCC).

The TPC meets quarterly, on the 4<sup>th</sup> Thursday of the month (March, June, September & December). All TPC meetings are open to the public and an opportunity to hear comments and feedback regarding the planning process is provided on the meeting agenda.

## The TPC includes the following officials or their designated representatives:

- Presidents of the Board of Supervisors for Hancock, Harrison and Jackson Counties
- Mayor/City Manager from the Cities of Waveland, Bay St Louis, Diamondhead, Pass Christian, Long beach, Gulfport, D'Iberville, Biloxi, Ocean Springs, Gautier, Pascagoula and Moss Point
- Gulf Regional Planning Commission Board Chairman
- Coast Transit Authority Board Chairman
- Mississippi Department of Transportation Executive Director
- Gulfport International Airport Executive Director
- Port Directors from the Mississippi State Port
   Authority, Jackson County Development Commission
   and the Hancock County Development Commission

### TPC Non-Voting Members:

- Mississippi Trucking Association President
- Heritage Trails Partnership
- FTA Regional Administrator
- FHWA Division Administrator
- MS Coast Business Council President

### **Technical Coordinating Committee (TCC)**

The TCC consists of individuals whose skills, training and professional status qualify them to take an active role in helping to shape and to oversee the transportation planning program for the region.

TCC annually elects a chairman and vice- chairman and is responsible for making recommendations to the

<sup>\*</sup> NOTE: The December joint meeting of the TPC and TCC committees is the MPO Annual Meeting. All regular business will be conducted, but the agenda will primarily be focus on reviewing regional progress and planning for the upcoming year's plans, programs and activities.

TPC with respect to the adoption of the UPWP and TIP, policies and procedures to be enacted by the MPO and guidance to the MPO staff on various transportation planning activities.

Each voting entity receives on vote regardless of the number of people in attendance for a specific jurisdiction, agency or organization.

The TCC meets quarterly, on the 4<sup>th</sup> Thursday one month prior to the TPC meetings (February, May, August & December). All TPC meetings are open to the public and an opportunity to hear comments and feedback regarding the planning process is provided on the meeting agenda.

### The TCC consists of the following representatives:

- Representative from each of the 15 MPO member jurisdiction to include Hancock, Harrison and Jackson Counties as well as the cities of Waveland, Bay St Louis, Diamondhead, Pass Christian, Long beach, Gulfport, D'Iberville, Biloxi, Ocean Springs, Gautier, Pascagoula and Moss Point
- Gulf Regional Planning Commission Executive Director
- Coast Transit Authority Executive Director
- TCC Sub-Committee Chairs: Bike/Walk, Freight, Safety, Sustainability, Transit
- Mississippi Department of Transportation State Planning Engineer
- Mississippi Department of Transportation District 6
   Engineer
- Gulfport International Airport Operation & Planning Director
- Port planning directors from the Mississippi State Port Authority, Jackson County Development Commission and the Hancock County Development Commission
- Mississippi Trucking Association Planning Director

### **TCC Non-Voting Members:**

- FTA Regional Representative
- FHWA Regional Planning Engineer
- Representatives from NASA/Stennis Space Center, Keesler AFB, & the Naval Construction Battalion
- Directors from CSX, Kansas City Southern & Amtrak

### **Required Language in Publications**

The MPO is required, depending on the type of document being drafted, to include specific statements for public awareness. This language assures the public of our commitment to non-discrimination, identifies the agency or agencies that provided funding and/or other support.

The general language is as follows:

### Non-Discrimination Assurance:

GRPC prohibits discrimination in all of its programs, services and activities. Public participation is solicited without regard to race, color, national origin, age, sex, religion, disability, or other protected status. Persons who require assistance under the Americans with Disabilities Act should contact the MPO at least five (5) business days prior to the any scheduled meeting, event or the end of a public review and comment period. Contact Stephanie Plancich at 228-864-1167 or by email to contactus@grpc.com with any requests, questions or comments.

### Notation of Financial Assistance:

This document was prepared and published by the Gulf Regional Planning Commission, the Mississippi Gulf Coast Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) in cooperation with or with financial assistance from the United States Department of Transportation (USDOT), the Federal Transit Administration (FTA), the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and/or the Mississippi Department of Transportation (MDOT). Assistance notwithstanding, the contents of this document do not necessarily reflect the official view or policies of the funding agencies.

### FTA 5307 Notice

| I TA 330/ Nouce                        |  |                                     |
|--|--|-------------------------------------|
| When GRPC publishes legal notic        | es for participation, and that activity or d | ocument includes all or in part,    |
| information on Coast Transit Auth      | ority (CTA) projects, FTA requires this s    | statement be included:              |
|  |  |                                     |
| Included in this                       | is information regarding Coast Transit A     | uthority's Program of Projects that |
| are funded by the Federal Transit      | Administration. This public                  | satisfies the public                |
| participation requirements for the     | FTA Section 5307 POP notice. The prop        | osed CTA Program of Projects will   |
| be final unless revised as a result of | of public comment.                           |                                     |
|  |  |                                     |

### Notice of Public Review

This statement will be included in all MPO planning documents that require a public review and comment period. NOTICE OF PUBLIC REVIEW: In compliance with federal regulation 23 CFR 450, the Mississippi Gulf Coast Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) sought public input from 10/4/11 through 11/30/11. No comments were received. The TPC adopted the plan on 11/30/11.

# Public Participation Overview

### **Chapter 2: Public Participation**

Public participation is recognized as a critical component of the transportation planning process and each MPO must develop a plan for effective public involvement. 23 CFR 450.316 states that "The MPO shall develop and use a documented participation plan that defines a process for providing citizens, affected public agencies, representatives of public transportation employees, freight shippers, providers of freight transportation services, private providers of transportation, representatives of users of public transportation, representatives of users of public transportation, representatives of users of pedestrian walkways and bicycle transportation facilities, representatives of the disabled, and other interested parties with reasonable opportunities to be involved in the metropolitan transportation planning process." Agencies for consultation are defined as groups or agencies that would be interested in reviewing and making comment on the MPO's planning documents and programs and may be referred to as resource agencies.

GRPC understands that the input of interested parties contributes to the regional transportation planning process. We seek to engage individuals with knowledge and insight about the transportation needs of the Mississippi Gulf Coast, with a pointed effort to involve members of traditionally underserved populations. These include; minorities, low-income, young and elderly, disabled, limited English proficiency, people with limited mobility and other protected persons.

The Public Participation Plan (PPP) is designed to serve as a guide for public engagement throughout the transportation planning process. There are many opportunities for the public to become involved in community decision-making. Engagement strategies utilized by GRPC are discussed in the following chapters.

The PPP was available for a 45-day public review period from October 27, 2014 to December 11, 2014. All outreach supporting documentation and received comments are recorded in Appendix G: Public Participation Summary.

### **Public Participation Guiding Principles**

Public participation is a key element in ensuring the work products of GRPC and the MPO reflect the needs and priorities of the people living in our region. Each plan and program (defined in the next section) are made available electronically through the agency website as well as in print upon request. Public comment is always encouraged and accepted at each agency event or activity and for all visitors to our website and other social media outlets. Below are the guiding principles that we have identified as the core components of our public participation program. All outreach and engagement activities will be in support of one or more of these principles.

### **Be Inclusive**

We strive to be inclusive as we conduct all GRPC and MPO programs, services and activities. Activities include:

- Publishing MPO notices at least five days in advance of the event date
- Hosting regular MPO meetings that encourage public comment and attendance
- Conducting targeted outreach activities to include the traditionally underserved in the planning process
- Use a wide variety of methods to encourage participation, to share information and to receive feedback from the public
- Build local partnerships to facilitate broader reach into the community with participation information
- Plan public meetings and events for days, times and at locations most convenient for the public to participate

### Be Fiscally Responsible

In these times of reduced financial resources we work diligently to make the best possible use of available funds. Some of the strategies employed to get maximum benefit include:

- Conducting targeted outreach activities in the communities most likely to be impacted by proposed projects
- Selecting locations owned and managed by partner organizations to reduce costs
- Building relationships with service providers to provide no and low cot assistance when requested
- Publish general public notices through regional media outlets
- Provide opportunities to be engaged in the planning process from work or home to reduce the need for the public to spend their resources physically attending meetings and events
- Sharing information and getting engagement by attending existing meetings and events rather than setting new events for people to always come to us

### **Be Consistent**

Consistency and transparency are required elements of the MS Gulf Coast MPO's planning process and all efforts are made to establish confidence within the community that we serve. Some examples of our efforts to achieve a predictable program include:

- Setting regular meetings of the GRPC Board of Commissioners and the two MPO committees
- Using same or similar language in public notices and display ads
- Conducting activities within the brand structure of the program(s) in consideration
- Conducting staff awareness on outreach activities and to encourage participation in the evaluation process
- Post planning schedules and event dates and times boldly on the agency website and in the office
- Send messaging to stakeholders that they will recognize as from the MPO and important to read

### **Be Proactive**

It is important to our staff that we attempt to be proactive in our efforts instead of reactive to unforeseen hazards. We recognize that it is the community members and other stakeholders who are in the best position to increase our effectiveness in identifying concerns and addressing them early. Ways in which we work to be proactive include:

- Actively promoting and recruiting community members to join the MPO citizen advisory groups
- Work closely with representatives from each jurisdiction to identify projects that will address needs
- Create electronic forums to share and receive on-going updates, awareness and education opportunities
- Taking surveys, polls and other feedback mechanisms into the community

### Be Visible

Visibility differs from transparency in that it is not a requirement, but a desire of the agency. It is important to us that we become a recognized resource across the region for the variety of programs we actively pursue and participate in. These programs include: road safety, transit planning, air quality, sustainability, traffic counts, congestion management and more. Some of the ways in which we work to be more visible to the community include:

- Develop a strong agency branding that includes consistent program-specific messaging
- Participate in community events to share agency information, updates and participation opportunities
- Work with local media to share highlights and participation options with the community
- Conduct presentations to inform and encourage participation from other groups and agencies

• Participate in, support and be present at related outreach activities conducted by our jurisdictions and partner organizations

### **Be Responsive**

Our responsiveness is a major component of the participation program evaluation process. There are two main ways in which we meet this objective. The first is to respond to changes in how we must conduct our business, and the second is to effectively and efficiently respond to public inquiries and comments. Specific examples include:

- Adapt to revised federal and state laws, policies and requirements
- Address new local priorities effectively
- Follow-up with the participating public in a timely way tell them how their input was considered/impacted the decision making process

### **Be Creative and Flexible**

Public participation is an ever evolving field since it fluctuates with the new ways in which people communicate. Best practices in outreach and engagement constantly shift as a result of developing technologies. By acknowledging this fact and consciously being flexible in our efforts to maintain an effective program we will be most prepared to respond in creative ways to work within emerging social customs. There are two core practices that help us achieve this principle. They are:

- Continue professional development activities to stay abreast of outreach and engagement strategies and technologies as they emerge
- Regularly evaluate program effectiveness with feedback from staff, stakeholders, participants and other interested parties and make any needed adjustments

### **MPO Plans and Programs**

GRPC is required by the Federal Highway Administration and Federal Transit Administration to develop and maintain four MPO transportation planning documents; The Metropolitan Transportation Plan, The Transportation Improvement Program, the Public Participation Plan and the Unified Planning Work Program. In addition, the MPO staff participate in the transit planning process and conduct a variety of technical studies that also require public engagement.

### MTP - Metropolitan Transportation Plan

Public Review Periods: 45 days for Update; 10 days for Amendment, None for Modification

The MTP (formerly referred to as GCATS) is a Long-Range Transportation Plan that maps out the next 25 years of transportation investment on the MS gulf coast. It sets the framework for a balanced transportation system that promotes livability, sustainability, mobility and accessibility. The MTP exemplifies the region's commitment to multi-modal investment the supports continued enhancements to the roadway, public transit, freight movement, bicycle and pedestrian facilities and smart growth policies.

The MS Gulf Coast MPO is tasked as the decision-making body for transportation planning and funding allocation across our three county region. The MPO works closely with the public, elected officials, other government agencies, organizations and community groups to address transportation needs and develop transportation plans, like the MTP.

In an effort to elicit widespread and meaningful input for the MTP, GRPC staff work closely with long-range planning consultants to develop and implement a comprehensive engagement strategy that encourages participation from the community, including the traditionally underserved. The current plan was adopted by

the MPO in March 2011

The new MTP, which extends the horizon year to 2040, is currently under development and is scheduled for adoption in 2015.

### TIP - Transportation Improvement Program

Public Review Periods: 45 days for Update; 10 days for Amendment, None for Modification

The Transportation Improvement Program (**TIP**) is a list of selected transportation projects that will be constructed within the next four years. The Mississippi Gulf Coast TIP is developed by the MPO in cooperation with state and local leadership and public input. It must be consistent with the goals outlined in the MTP. Before any federally funded or regionally significant surface transportation project can be built, it must first be included in the TIP. Regionally significant projects are projects that require an action by FHWA or the FTA.

GRPC, as the MPO staff, conducts the initial review of submitted project applications which results in a list of potential project to be constructed in the community. This list is made available to the public for their review and comment. A draft TIP is then generated and again made available for MPO member and public review. The adopted TIP is reviewed regularly and modified or amended as needed. All TIP documents receive final approval from MDOT, FHWA and FTA and then are made available on the GRPC website, www.grpc.com.

### PPP - Public Participation Plan & Civil Rights Program

Public Review Period: 45 days for Update; 10 days for Amendment, None for Modification Outreach Strategy: Print Notice, Public Meeting, Electronic Review and Comment Options

The Public Participation Plan (PPP) guides our staff and consultants in effectively and efficiently meeting all public participation requirements of the Mississippi Gulf Coast MPO. The PPP tells the public what they can expect from GRPC and directs the MPO staff in ensuring effective public engagement is being conducted according to federal and organizational regulations. The PPP is updated regularly to incorporate current and pertinent information and to reflect relevant technology improvements. The PPP undergoes a 45 day public review period prior to adopting any significant revision.

The GRPC/MPO Civil Rights Program is included within the PPP. It outline and describes how the agency is meeting the variety of non-discrimination obligations imposed on public agencies. The civil rights program follows the same public review guidelines as the PPP itself.

### **UPWP - The Unified Planning Work Program**

Public Review Period: None Required

Outreach Strategy: Electronic Review and Comment Options

The Unified Planning Work Program ( ) is a document that describes the transportation planning work that will be performed by GRPC, Coast Transit Authority (CTA), and MDOT in the Mississippi Gulf Coast planning area over the next two fiscal years. [The MPO fiscal year runs from October through September.] The document contains detailed information about who will perform the work, the schedule for completing the work, the resulting products, the proposed funding amount, and the source of funds. The UPWP is developed prior to each two year work cycle and is made available for public review and comment

### **Technical Studies**

Public Review Period: 21 days to review draft

Outreach Strategy: Print Notice, Electronic Review and Comment Options

The GRPC staff undertakes technical studies on a variety of transportation topics including Intelligent

Transportation System (ITS) and operations planning, Congestion Management Process (CMP), safety planning, freight planning, transportation planning and engineering, High Occupancy Vehicle and Congestion Pricing, non-driver mobility, corridor and intersection studies, as well as various areas of transportation research and analysis. The public has the opportunity to view and make comments on study materials and results prior to publication of any findings.

### **Modification and Amendment Processes**

### **TIP Amendments**

Every six months, GRPC initiates an amendment and evaluation process to consider the addition of "new" projects funded with Gulf Coast Surface Transportation Program (STP) funds to the TIP. All project additions will be considered based on the availability of funds in the financially constrained TIP. This process will provide fair and impartial consideration to all requests from each jurisdiction. It will also give GRPC an opportunity to evaluate implementation schedules of each project to ensure Federal monies will be obligated on schedule.

Changes to the TIP or changes to an existing project that are considered a major revision to the TIP will be processed as amendments. Amendments are considered and adopted at the quarterly MPO meetings. If the change is time sensitive, the MPO may perform a "poll vote" of its Transportation Policy Committee (TPC) members to review and vote on the adoption of the amendment.

### Amendments include:

- Addition or deletion of a project
- Major changes in design or scope such as changes that do impact travel demand models or an approved air quality conformity analysis (i.e. travel lanes, etc.)
- Termini changes
- Financial changes in a project's programmed amount of federal funds greater than 20% of the original cost

### **TIP Amendment Process**

GRPC will advertise in primary newspapers within the urbanized area for public input regarding proposed amendments to the TIP. GRPC will provide a 10 day public review and comment period regarding each proposed amendment. Ad language for TIP amendments should state the following:

"In compliance with federal regulation 23 CFR 450, the Mississippi Gulf Coast Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) is seeking the public's input on proposed amendments to the FY 2012-2015 Transportation Improvement Program [TIP). The TIP includes all projects to be funded using the Gulf Coast's allocation of Surface Transportation Program (STP) funds, which are allocated by the Federal Highway Administration through the Mississippi Department of Transportation. The projects are selected based on local short term priorities set by the jurisdictions within the urbanized areas of Hancock, Harrison, and Jackson Counties."

"Also listed in this document is Coast Transit Authority's Program of Projects that are funded by the Federal Transit Administration. The public meetings/comment period will satisfy the public participation requirements for the FTA Section 5307 POP notice. The proposed CTA Program of Projects will be final unless revised as a result of public comment."

Following approval from the TCC and TPC, a letter is submitted by the MPO staff to MDOT requesting that the changed TIP be reflected in the statewide TIP. Once included in the STIP, the TIP is officially amended.

### **Administrative Modifications to the TIP**

Revisions that qualify as administrative modifications are minor in nature. This generally means that the requested change will not distort fiscal constraint and that the availability of funds needed for the modification is already assured. Administrative modifications are processed by the MPO staff and no public review is required.

### Modifications include:

- Correcting obvious minor data entry errors
- Splitting or combining projects without modifying the original project design, concept and scope or creating project segmentation
- Changing or clarifying elements of a project description. This change would not alter the original design, concept and scope. It also must be consistent with the approved environmental document.
- Moving a project from one federal funding category to another federal funding category
- Moving a project from federal funding to state funding
- Shifting the schedule of a project or phase within the years covered by the TIP (only the first 2 years for nonattainment and maintenance areas)
- Updating project cost estimates (within the original project scope and intent) not to exceed greater than 20% of the original cost estimate
- Moving identified project phase programmed for previous year into a new TIP (rollover provision)
- Adding an additional agency to a group
- Adding projects with grouped projects within the TIP, provided fiscal constraint is maintained
- Removing a project reported as obligated or completed
- Re-demonstration of fiscal constraint is not required

### TIP Administrative Modifications Process

MPO staff will submit a letter from the MPO to MDOT showing the modifications made to the TIP and request that it be included on in the STIP. The letter should also include a copy of the new TIP page with the modified items, the old TIP page with item to be modified. All modifications will be included in action summaries in the appendix of the TIP and on the MPO website. The MPO TCC and TPC will be advised of the change at the next meeting

### Transit Project Changes

If the change to the TIP includes transit projects, then the amendment or modification will need to be approved by both the Mississippi Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Division Office and the Region 4 Federal Transit Administration (FTA).

### **MDOT Project Changes**

MDOT must provide written request to the MPO for changes to the MPO TIP. MODT should advise the MPO if the change should be processed as a modification or amendment. In the event the change is to be

processed as an amendment, an MDOT representative should provide a presentation to the MPO TCC and TPC regarding the amendment.

### Metropolitan Transportation Plan

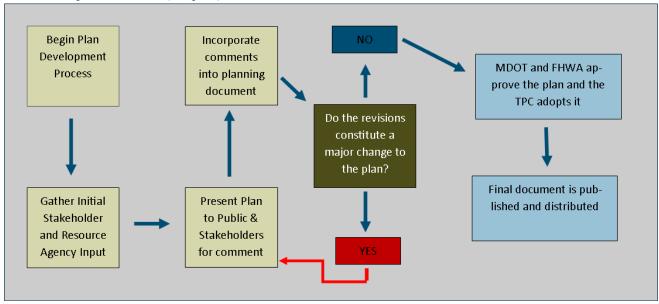
The MPO's Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) projects must come from the Gulf Coast's approved Metropolitan Transportation Plan (MTP). In the event that a project is proposed to be added to the TIP that is not in the MTP, the MTP must be amended. MTP amendments are accomplished as described in the "TIP Amendment Process" above. During the TIP amendment process, notice should be given indicating that the MTP is being proposed for amendment as well. Fiscal constraint in the MTP shall be demonstrated.

### **Incorporating Public Input into Program and Plan Development**

All public comments will be collected, reviewed and considered by the MPO prior to adoption of any program or plan. Public inquiries will be responded to within 7 days of their receipt by the Public Involvement Coordinator or other appropriate GRPC/MPO staff member.

All comments received and their associated responses are attached in Appendix G of the PPP.

### Plan Development Process (Graphic)



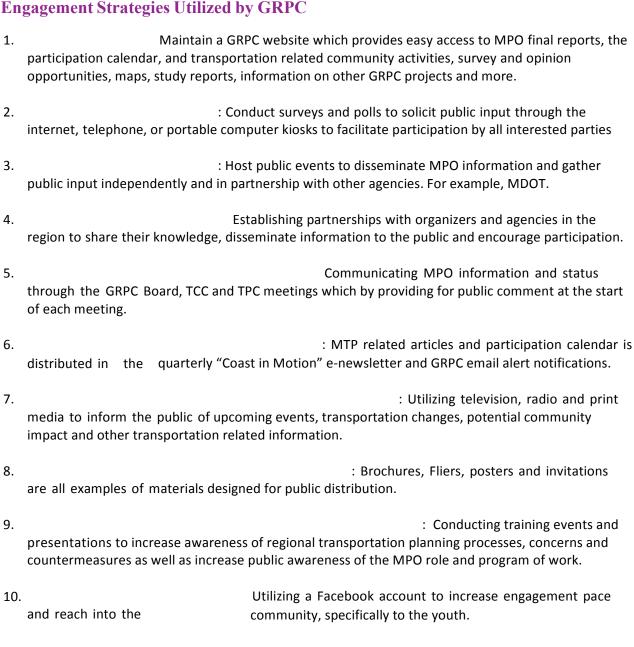
# **Engagement Strategies**



### **Chapter 3: Engagement Strategies**

GRPC uses a variety of methods to inform, and engage members of the public. The methods used and the audience encouraged to participate may vary depending on the planning activity. Staff works to identify individuals and organizations that may be directly impacted by a plan or project or who work with individuals likely to be impacted then target outreach to those specific populations.

### 10 Engagement Strategies Utilized by GRPC



### Strategy #1 – Website

GRPC staff manage four unique web programs. The primary website for the agency is www.grpc.com, program specific sites include: www.get2b-ms.com (Safety), www.gulfcoastplan.org (Sustainability) and www.coastcleanair.org (Air Quality).

Management of the websites is done by GRPC staff. Public participation is facilitated numerous ways from the website.

- GRPC, MPO and specific programs and projects are published for public awareness
- Draft Documents are posted for public review and comment
- Approved documents are posted for community awareness and guidance
- Links are provided for event information and survey opportunities
- Inquiries can be submitted to GRPC electronically from the site
- Request to be added to MPO contact rosters can be done through site
- Committee and Board membership and selection process is published
- Social media links and highlights are posted on the website
- Presentations, maps and other printable materials are posted for download

The explosion of internet-based technologies and public techniques has not spread equally in every population GRPC seeks to engage in the planning process. The end-user must still have access to a computer and a basic understanding of how websites are navigated for this strategy to be effective. Therefore, lower income, elderly, and populations with English language barriers may not have equal access, so use of the website is partnered with several strategies.

### Strategy #2 – Surveys and Polls

GRPC regularly utilizes the survey and poll as a means of capturing public opinion. Most surveys and polls are set-up to capture anonymous data but space is often included for individuals who would like to be added to MPO distribution lists.

Surveys serve a dual purpose. In addition to capturing public perception data, they also may be designed to capture demographic information that assists GRPC staff in assuring they are reaching the traditionally underserved or other target audiences. Demographic information collected may include zip code, disabled, gender, age range, and ethnic/racial background, mode of travel and income range.

Our polls ask the people to tell us which out of set answers is their top priority, favorite, most used, etc. The surveys are a mix of questions including, rank choices, multiple choice and fill in the blank. Surveys and polls can be completed several ways.

- · On the GRPC website
- At distribution locations or the GRPC office
- Over the phone at the GRPC office 228-864-1167

### Strategy #3 – Public Events

GRPC may coordinate and/or facilitate public outreach events. Events, most often, are public meetings or open houses. Events are held in jurisdictions being impacted by a project, plan or program. Public events are held within ¼ mile of a transit stop whenever possible, held at times convenient for community members to attend and will actively seek to increase awareness of the specific issue and the role of the MPO.

<u>Public meetings</u> are discussion style events with an agenda. Public comments are collected, responded to and published as a part of the meeting minutes. <u>Open houses</u> will not have written minutes or an agenda, but all comment cards or questions posed will be collected, responded to and saved in the activity files as well as recorded in the Participation Database.

The methods used to promote events include:

- Signage in the immediate community
- Dissemination through partners
- Listed on GRPC website event calendar
- Print and/or broadcast media
- Meeting announcements
- Email notifications
- GRPC/MPO Newsletter
- Social Media Updates
- Public Presentations



### Strategy #4 – Partnerships

GRPC has developed relationships with many community partners. These include governmental agencies, non-profit organizations, private sector businesses, clubs, groups, faith-based organizations and individuals. Through these partnerships information is disseminated to the public efficiently and effectively.

Partners support the engagement and outreach efforts by sharing information with the clients and community members they serve. Some ways in which our partners support our engagement efforts are:

- Post notices at their places of business or service
- Make announcements to their clients and staff
- Encourage participation in upcoming public events
- Email opportunities to their own partnership lists
- Assist the public in completing a survey or poll and collecting completed forms to be picked up
- Having GRPC staff members speak to their members, clients, employees, etc.
- Participate on committees and as community board members
- Share their resources to ensure we are meeting stated goals and objectives
- Assist with the research to determine the best ways of engaging different populations

Partners are primarily engaged through email alerts, phone calls from GRPC staff, emailed requests for assistance, in-person and through the "Coast in Motion" E-newsletter.

### Strategy #5 – Committee Meetings

GRPC will provide opportunity at all regular meetings of technical, policy, and standing committees for the public to offer comments on the topic of their choice. These comments are limited to three minutes per speaker, with each speaker signing up prior to the start of the meeting. The chair of the committee may allow additional, unsigned speakers at his/her discretion. Public comments are made a part of the public record of the meeting.

GRPC is accountable to Mississippi Public Records and Open Meetings Acts. This legislation requires GRPC to open any policy or technical committee meeting to the general public, even informal work sessions, luncheons, and video conferences; executive sessions (under certain conditions; see particularly MCA §25-41-7 (3-4)) and "chance" meetings are not covered under this law. Of particular note are the provisions regarding the taking of minutes and providing notice of such meetings, excerpted from the Mississippi State Code.

Public record laws in the State of Mississippi (MCA §25-61) also require GRPC to maintain their records in written formats, viewable and recordable by the public. Requests to view the records must be granted within one working day after the request has been received by GRPC, which is allowed to charge a fee not to exceed the costs of researching and reproducing the requested records. Additional fees may be charged for electronic data, including the cost of establishing the geographic information system (GIS) in which the data is maintained in accordance with the commercial value of such data.

### Strategy #6 - Email Communications

GRPC uses email to continually inform and engage with community members. The staff maintains an email communication distribution list that contains contacts representing the following:

- Area libraries
- Bicycle and pedestrian advocates
- Business associations/chambers of commerce
- Governmental agencies and officials
- Civic leagues
- Educational institutions
- Emergency responders
- Faith-based organizations
- General list for the MTP
- GRPC Technical Coordinating Committee
- GRPC Transportation Policy Committee
- Home owner/neighborhood associations
- Military installations
- News media
- Non-profit/community-based organizations
- Other interested parties
- Public information officers

Email communication is utilized, for the purposes of public participation in two main ways.

- 1. E Newsletter quarterly publication emailed to the distribution list which contains the calendar of events, announcements, summary reports, local transportation news, project updates, survey results, etc.
- 2. E-Alerts An alert typically covers information that did not make the last newsletter publication, but that is critical or time sensitive and should not wait until the next one. It may provide information for a local public event, law change, legal notice, meeting notice, survey link, etc. It may also be a request to distribute information to the public or to their employees, etc.

### Strategy #7 - Print and Broadcast Media

GRPC staff will provide briefings, press releases and interviews to reporters and editorial boards of both newspaper and broadcast media to supply in-depth background information on a specific project so they can develop a report or an issue in an even-handed way.

Local media outlets are listed on the next page.

Radio and television is periodically used to provide a broad reach into the community. GRPC typically makes this effort when there is an issue, questions or new information that affects all or a large portion of the Mississippi Gulf Coast. Current broadcast media outlets include:

| WMAH 90.3 FM      | BIL                       | Public Radio       |  | WXYK 107.1 FM | GP   | Top-40          |  |
|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|--|---------------|------|-----------------|--|
| WAOY 91.7 FM      | GP                        | Religious          |  | WZKX 107.9 FM | BSL  | Country         |  |
| WQYZ 92.5 FM      | OS                        | Religious          |  | WQFX 1130 AM  | GP   | Gospel Music    |  |
| WMJY 93.7 FM      | BIL                       | Adult Contemporary |  | WBSL 1190 AM  | BSL  | Country         |  |
| WJZD 94.5 FM      | LB                        | Urban Contemporary |  | WGCM 1240 AM  | GP   | Country         |  |
| WZNF 95.3 FM      | LUM                       | Classic Rock       |  | WRJW 1320 AM  | PIC  | Country         |  |
| WUJM 96.7 FM      | GP                        | Adult Contemporary |  | WROA 1390 AM  | GP   | Nostalgia       |  |
| WCPR 97.9 FM      | WIG                       | Alternative        |  | WIGG 1420 AM  | WIG  | Americana/Roots |  |
| WKNN 99.1 FM      | WKNN 99.1 FM PASC Country |                    |  | WXBD 1490 AM  | BIL  | Sports          |  |
| WGCM 102.3 F<br>M | l I Oldies                |                    |  | WRPM 1530 AM  | POP  | Gospel Music    |  |
| WOSM 103.1 F<br>M | os                        | Gospel Music       |  | WZZJ 1580 AM  | PASC | News/Talk       |  |
| WQRZ 103.5 FM     | BSL                       | Variety            |  | WTNI 1640 AM  | BIL  | News/Talk       |  |
| WXRG 105.9 FM     | PASC                      | Classic Rock       |  |               |      |                 |  |

| WLOX - 13 | BIL | Local News (ABC, CBS) |
|-----------|-----|-----------------------|
| WXXV - 25 | GP  | Local News (NBC, FOX) |

GRPC staff publishes public and legal notices, announcements for events and activities, press releases, and supplements to highlight a regional transportation topic. Our print media contact list includes:

| State & Regional Outlets |                    |                      |  |  |  |
|--------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|
|                          | Biloxi-D'Iberville | Mississippi Business |  |  |  |
| Mississippi Press        | Press              | Journal              |  |  |  |
|                          | Sea Coast Echo     | Pass Christian       |  |  |  |
| Coast Observer           | Sea Coast Leno     | Gazebo Gazette       |  |  |  |
| Ocean Springs            | Ocean Springs      | The Bay Press        |  |  |  |
| Gazette                  | Record             | THE Day TIESS        |  |  |  |
|                          | South Mississippi  | The Press-Register   |  |  |  |
| The Sun Herald           | Living             | The Fless-Register   |  |  |  |
| Community Newsletters    |                    |                      |  |  |  |
|                          | Diamondhead        | F1 D 1.1.            |  |  |  |
| Boat People SOS          | Advisor            | El Pueblo            |  |  |  |
| Top of the Hill –        | Hana CDA           | NAVASA               |  |  |  |
| Biloxi Seniors           | Hope CDA           |                      |  |  |  |
| Other Print Resources    |                    |                      |  |  |  |
| Go Places Monthly        | The Penny Pincher  | GulfCoastNews.com    |  |  |  |
| Journal of South         |                    |                      |  |  |  |
| MS Business              |                    |                      |  |  |  |

### Strategy #8 – Marketing Materials

Marketing materials are an essential form of communication in any public involvement activity. The substance of the materials can be factual, present point of view, background, request for input, or in some instances be legally required and thus need specialized drafting. Marketing materials provide basic information about a process, project, plan, or document in a fast, concise, and clear way that the lay person can understand. They summarize or encapsulate the overall purpose or status of a project. They also provide information on what to do to respond, comment, get more involved, or get on the email or mailing list.

GRPC produces most of its marketing materials in two languages; English and Spanish, but a Vietnamese translation may be requested at any time. Translation requests can be emailed, written, phoned or faxed to the GRPC office. Marketing materials are distributed during public meetings, open houses, at the GRPC office, during community events and at partner locations throughout the year.

### Strategy #9 – Presentations and Training Activities

The GRPC staff conducts a wide variety of presentations and training activities throughout the region. Some activities are planned as part of the work program of the agency, others are initiated by the request of a group or individual. Staff utilize a wide variety of tools to engage attendees in the event. This may include printed handouts, power point slide shows, poster boards and large maps, videos, guest speakers, one-on-one and group discussions.

A general presentation will include information on the role of GRPC, an overview of recent highlights and accomplishments, what is coming in the future, the importance of public

involvement and how they can get involved. This general presentation is adaptive for a wide variety of ages and interests.



Professional training to date is centered on the MPO Safety Improvement Program "Get To B" which identifies public and professional safety education as a regional priority to improve the safety of our roadways.

GRPC staff will, upon request, conduct a training event or make a presentation to any civic, organization, school, special interest group, neighborhood, or other group to inform and increase awareness of GRPC's planning function, plans, programs, and special studies. Translation, including sign language

services, will be provided by GRPC providing there is sufficient advance notification and individuals available to conduct the assistance.

### Strategy #10 – Social Media

Social media communication tools are the newest GRPC engagement methods. In August of 2011, GRPC began utilizing Facebook, twitter and developed an agency blog. These outreach options allow GRPC staff and the MPO to communicate with a broad audience quickly. It is the goal of the public involvement coordinator to develop community awareness of the transportation planning process and participation opportunities by making announcements and posting activities electronically.

Individuals can find Gulf Regional Planning Commission easily and set up to receive updates as they are provided. It is intended that Facebook will be heavily utilized to post full announcements, while twitter may be used for legal notices, event invitations and awareness notifications. This Twitter plan is due to the limited size allowed for tweets (140 characters) and lack of graphic capabilities on the site, however, it is expected to increase the pace and reach of our public outreach efforts.



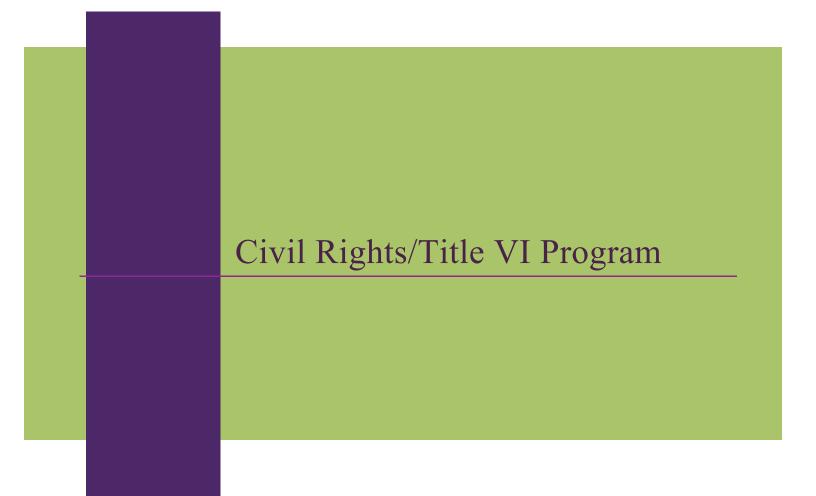














### 2013-2014 Self-Certification

In accordance with 23 CFR 450.334, the STATE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION and the Mississippi Gulf Coast Metropolitan Planning Organization for the Gulfport-Biloxi and Pascagoula-Moss Point urbanized area(s) hereby certify that the transportation planning process is addressing the major issues in the metropolitan planning area and is being conducted in accordance with all applicable requirements of:

- (1) 23 U.S.C. 134, 49 U.S.C. Section 5303, and 23 CFR Part 450;
- (2) In nonattainment and maintenance areas, Sections 174 and 176(c) and (d) of the Clean Air Act as amended (42 U.S.C. 7504, 7506(c) and (d) and 40 CFR 93);
- (3) Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2000d-1) and 49 CFR part 21;
- (4) 49 U.S.C. 5332, prohibiting discrimination on the basis of race, color, creed, national origin, sex or age in employment or business opportunity;
- (5) Section 1101(b) of the Safe, Accountable, Flexible, Efficient Transportation Equity Act: A Legacy for Users (Pub. L. 109-59) regarding the involvement of Disadvantaged Business Enterprises in FHWA and FTA funded planning;
- (6) 23 CFR part 230, regarding the implementation of an equal employment opportunity program on Federal and Federal-aid highway construction contracts;
- (7) The provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (Pub. L. 101-336, 104 Stat. 327, as amended) and USDOT implementing regulation;
- (8) Older Americans Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. 6101);
- (9) 23 U.S.C. 324, regarding prohibition of discrimination based on gender; and
- (10) Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 and 49 CFR Part 27, regarding discrimination against individuals with disabilities.

12/11/14 Date

Mayor William "Bill" Skettie Jr., Chairman

Mississippi Gulf Coast Metropolitan Planning Organization

Jeff Ely State Planning Engineer

Mississippi Department of Transportation



### Mississippi Gulf Coast Metropolitan Planning Organization

### Title VI Non-Discrimination Assurance

Gulf Regional Planning Commission, the Mississippi Gulf Coast Metropolitan Planning Organization "Agency" assures that no person shall on the grounds of race, color, national origin or sex, as provided by the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1973, Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, and the Civil Rights Restoration Act of 1987 (P.I. 100.259) be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or otherwise be subjected to discrimination under any Agency program or activity.

The Civil Rights Restoration Act of 1987, broadened the scope of Title VI coverage by expanding the definition of terms "programs or activities" to include all programs or activities of Federal Aid recipients, sub-recipients, and contractors/consultants, whether such programs and activities receive direct federal financial assistance or not (Public Law 100259 [S.557] March 22, 1988.)

In the event the Agency distributes federal aid funds to a sub-recipient, Title VI language will be included in all written agreements and will be monitored for compliance.

The Recipient's Title VI Coordinator is responsible for initiating and monitoring the Agency's Title VI activities, preparing reports and completing other responsibilities as described in the Title VI Coordinator position description and as required by 23 CFR 200 and 49 CFR 21.

Agency Executive Director

Agency Title VI Coordinator

8/19/2014 Date

### Civil Rights/Title VI Program Overview

The purpose of the Gulf Regional Planning Commission, Mississippi Gulf Coast MPO Civil Rights Program is to ensure that public funds are not spent in a manner that encourages, subsidizes or results in discrimination. The function of this program is to eliminate barriers and conditions that prevent traditionally underserved community members from having access to, being able to participate in and/or to receive the benefits from federally-assisted programs, services and activates.

This program was designed to comply with the rules and regulations outlined in 23 CFR 200 as well as the applicable parts of 49 CFR 21. As part of its general practice, Gulf Regional Planning Commission (GRPC), the Mississippi Gulf Coast Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO), pledges to adhere to and incorporate non-discrimination principles into all of its programs, services and activities.



This Civil Rights Program was developed and is maintained as part of the MPO Public Participation Plan (PPP) mainly due to the consistent overlap of activities including; public outreach, event planning, program evaluation and annual reporting. Another overlap is within the agencies target audience which includes; general citizens, community groups and neighborhoods, member municipalities, affected public agencies, representatives of transportation agency employees or unions, public and private providers of transportation, freight shippers and transportation providers, representatives and users of public transportation, representatives and users of pedestrian walkways and bicycle facilities, representatives of persons with disabilities, and other parties who have expressed an interest in the transportation planning process.

GRPC staff member, Stephanie Plancich, is the designated Public Involvement/Title VI Coordinator. She works in partnership with the Mississippi Department of Transportation and Federal Highway Civil Rights Offices to ensure our MPO maintains program compliance.

The Mississippi Gulf Coast MPO strives to ensure that no person shall, on the grounds of race, color, national origin, gender, religion, sexual orientation, age, disability or other protected class be discriminated against, whether intentional or not.

### **Program Authorities**

Consistent with the definitions above, our Civil Rights Program is not limited to Title VI specific policies. Our

| of fede     | eral funding. Each of these policies works to ensure equal treatment and access to agency programs.  |
|-------------|--|
| A           | — The Civil Rights Act made it unlawful to discriminate based on race, color, national origin, religion or gender. There are 11 Titles within the Act and Title VI is the applied Title for GRPC and The MPO. The non-discrimination requirements defined in the Civil Rights Act apply to all federally assisted programs, public accommodations, voter rights, public education and more.  - specified |
| >           | that recipients of federal funds must comply with civil rights laws in all areas, not just in the particular program or activity that received federal funding.  |
|             | - Section 504 forbids excluding or denying individuals with disabilities an equal opportunity to receive program benefits and services. It defines the rights of individuals with disabilities to participate in, and have access to programs and services.  |
| <b>&gt;</b> | Prohibits the unfair or unethical treatment of persons displaced or property to be acquired as a result of federal-aid programs and projects.  |
|             | The ADA also provides protections for disabled persons. There are five titles that make up the act, but only title II applies to the MPO at this time. Title II prohibits disability discrimination by ensuring that individuals have equal access to all agency programs and services. Access refers to both physical and programmatic access.  |
| >           |  |
| >           | or programs receiving federal funds. The act prohibits discrimination based on sex/gender.   |
| >           | — The purpose of E.O. 12898 is to ensure that minority and low income community<br>members do not bear disproportionately high or adverse burdens, have equal opportunity to<br>participate in the planning process, that they are not denied program benefits.  |
|             | - The purpose of E.O. 13166 is to ensure accessibility of programs and services to persons who are not proficient in the English language. This order states that individuals who do not read, write, speak, or understand English well are entitled to reasonable language assistance.  |
| Defin       | itions Source: 23 CFR 200.5 of Subchapter C-Civil Rights   |
| >           | - An open process in which the rights of the community to be informed, to provide and to receive a response from the Government are met  |
| >           | through a full opportunity to be involved and to express needs and goals.  - That satisfactory condition existing when a recipient has effectively implemented all of the Title VI requirements or can demonstrate that every good faith effort toward achieving this and have been made.  |
| >           | achieving this end has been made That act (or action) whether intentional or unintentional, through which a person in the United States, solely because of race, color, religion, sex, national  |
| >           | origin or other protected status, has been subjected to unequal treatment under any program or activity receiving financial assistance from the Federal Highway Administration under Title 23 U.S.C.  - Includes all, or any part of, structures, equipment or other real or personal property, or interests therein, and "the provision of facilities" includes the construction, expansion,            |

program is inclusive of a variety of civil rights rules and regulations imposed upon MPO's and other recipients

→ \_\_\_\_\_ – is any project, or activity for the provision of services, financial aid, or other benefits to individuals. This includes education or training, work opportunities, health, welfare, rehabilitation, housing, or other services, whether provided directly by the recipient of Federal financial assistance or by others through contracts or arrangements with the recipient.

### **Civil Rights Program Performance Measures**

Pursuant to 23 CFR 200(b)(1), Stephanie Plancich, has been designated as the Title VI Coordinator responsible for the implementation of non-discrimination regulations, to meet agency reporting requirements and to conduct the day to day administration of the civil rights program. The Coordinator works to meet the program's goals and objectives. The Gulf Regional Planning Commission (GRPC) Executive Director has the ultimate responsibility for ensuring non-discrimination requirements are being met throughout the agency's work program, contracting process and hiring practices.

### Goal #1: Provide equitable access to and notice of programs, services and activities

Objective 1: Publish public notices that are timely and reach targeted populations

Step 1: Identify partner organizations that will provide translation, interpretation, or other services should they be requested

Step 2: Develop public notice language that meets our civil rights program compliance standards and have Spanish translation done in advance of need

Step 3: Make the planning process accessible by conducting events at times and locations convenient for interested parties to participate, including the traditionally underserved

Step 4: Conduct targeted outreach activities in traditionally underserved areas that have been identified as likely to be directly impacted by a proposed project

Step 5: Make print information available in alternative languages and formats upon request

Objective 2: Provide equal access to print materials, electronic information and services

Step 1: Ensure that the agency website, www.grpc.com is meeting current accessibility standards

Step 2: Provide program, service or activity information in variable formats upon reasonable request

Step 3: Provide printed, accessible copies of electronic materials upon reasonable request

Step 4: Develop Title VI information for dissemination to the general public and, where appropriate, in languages other than English.

Objective 3: Develop partnerships with local agencies and organizations to assist with providing reasonable assistance as well as distributing regional planning information

Step 1: Develop a list of agencies and organizations that will provide assistance services

Step 2: Review and update the list it annually

# Goal #2: Be proactive in identifying and removing discrimination from the MS Gulf Coast Region's transportation planning process

Objective 1: Conduct an annual compliance review of agency program areas to determine the effectiveness of non-discrimination integration and make recommendations for improvement. (Ex. Phone, Website, TIP project Selection, Meeting locations, contracting, etc.)

Step 1: Integrate non-discrimination requirements into the strategies of the public participation plan

Step 2: Identify which additional programs should be evaluated and with whom

Step 3: Meet with program staff to discuss program progress, any complaints or concerns and to strengthen understanding and compliance with non-discrimination strategies

Step 4: Allocate funds within the UPWP to address program evaluation, reporting and other needs

Step 5: Publish an annual participation/civil rights program progress report that notes the agency's civil rights accomplishments for the past year and list goals for the next year.

Step 6: Prepare an agency ADA transition plan and update it annually as part of the reporting process.

### Objective 2: Maintain a complaint policy and process that is easily located and utilized

Step 1: Develop procedures for prompt processing and disposition of any complaints of discrimination and make forms available in print and electronic formats

Step 2: Make a Spanish translated copy of the policy and forms available in office and on-line as well

Step 3: Maintain a log of complaints that identifies each complainant by race, color, sex, national origin, disability or other protected class; the nature of the complaint; the date received,;

Investigation report with resolution; date of disposition; other pertinent information

Step 4: Forward a copy of the resolved complaint log to the MDOT Civil Rights Office within 60 days after receipt of the complaint. If a resolution is not found within 60 days seek assistance of the MDOT office staff

Step 5: Take affirmative action to correct any deficiencies found by MDOT or the United States Department of Transportation (USDOT) within a reasonable period, not to exceed 90 days.

### Goal #3: Coordinate a comprehensive training program to support GRPC and MPO member nondiscrimination compliance efforts

Objective 1: Ensure that the Civil Rights Coordinator maintains a level of training and expertise necessary to carry out the agencies civil rights program as well as support MPO members in their compliance efforts

Step 1: The Coordinator will participate in trainings and other professional development opportunities on Title VI and other non-discrimination requirements

Step 2: A training roster will be kept and incorporated into the annual report

Objective 1: Ensure that the GRPC staff and Board of Commissioners stay aware of program requirements, current compliance strategies and Title VI related trends through regular communication and by coordinating trainings.

Step 1: Post the Non-discrimination policy and complaint process on staff information board

Step 2: Provide a copy of the Participation/Civil Rights annual report to each staff/Board member

Step 3: Discuss complaints, questions, comments and new requirements at staff and board meetings

Step 4: Issue a policy statement, signed by the GRPC Executive Director, which expresses a commitment to ensure non-discrimination practices in all agency programs, services and activities and make it available to GRPC staff, MPO members and other interested parties.

Objective 1: Ensure that the MPO Membership stays aware of program requirements, current compliance strategies and Title VI related trends through regular communication and by coordinating trainings.

Step 1: Discuss and make the Civil Rights Plan, policies and complaint forms available electronically

Step 2: Provide at least one annual workshop on Title VI compliance for the MPO member Jurisdictions, staff and board members are also encouraged to participate

Step 3: Provide a copy of the Participation/ Civil Rights annual report to each MPO member

Step 4: Discuss compliance progress and sign the MPO self-certification during a TPC meeting

### **Identifying the MS Gulf Coast Traditionally Underserved Populations**

In order to identify the traditionally underserved populations, the MPO;

- 1. Collects current data describing the composition of its region; and
- 2. Maps where each underserved population is concentrated

By completing these identification tasks the MPO is able to determine how planned projects may impact the various populations, as well as where to focus targeted public outreach activities. The underserved of the MS Gulf Coast include; the youth and elderly, disabled individuals due to physical, mental or mobility challenges, minority populations, low-income families and individuals with Limited English Proficiency (LEP).

### Understanding the Obstacles Hindering Participation

Many people who have one or more personal challenge, including mobility or access limitations fall into very particular patterns of behavior. They may be unwilling, unable, or unaware of opportunities to participate in key transportation decisions, some of which may impact their quality of life. For these reasons – in addition to federal requirements – the MPO works to engage with and to receive input from all populations of the region.

For those who are not members of a traditionally underserved populations it may be difficult to understand the challenges they face. Examples can be drawn from a person's own activities and experiences that may demonstrate what traditionally underserved individuals experience in their everyday lives.

### Examples may include:

- Negotiating a crowded train or subway station when visiting a new city
- Caring for an aging parent or disabled child
- Trying to climb a flight of stairs with an injured leg
- Struggling to make travel arrangements home after an outpatient doctor's visit
- Being dependent on others when your car is in the mechanic shop
- Traveling to a foreign country where English is seldom spoken or only poorly
- Getting lost in a dimly lit area without access to a map or ability to ask for help
- Having something to say in a meeting but feeling indulged or being completely ignored

These experiences represent only a fraction of what the traditionally underserved deal with every day. The MPO strives in their participation and planning processes to alleviate some of these obstacles. People who are unwilling to participate are provided access to information to stimulate interest but the MPO cannot make them be willing to get involved. However, for individuals who are interested and want to participate but are unable due to limited mobility or who are unaware of the opportunity to participate, or who have limited English proficiency, the MPO is taking clear steps to improve their ability to participate.

### **Targeted Participation Strategies**

The unique populations of the MS Gulf Coast may interact with the MPO differently. It is important to understand these differences and implement activities in the participation process that are most likely to engage the specific target audience. Low-income populations may not engage with the MPO in the same way or degree as Hispanics; limited-English proficiency populations would not respond to written materials in the same manner as other population groups. Repeated experience working with various people has revealed four (4) common elements in successful public engagement and education efforts.

- Because we select language carefully does not mean that we should dilute our message or its content. The goal is still to convey detailed information relevant to the audience. Take full advantage of graphic design to demonstrate elements of the content.

- Use standard terminology and manners of writing and speaking without overuse of technical jargon. Where we must use specific terms, explain them first.

- Conducting events is standard practice, and even required in the case of some public hearings. However, these events may not be the most effective method of engaging the general populace in many communities. To improve attendance, GRPC attempts to tie presentations into existing community meetings, festivals, or other established events. This helps introduce new information and garner participation in a familiar setting.

— The Engagement Matrix represents the GRPC distribution and engagement objective. A "perfect" outreach technique would have both high engagement and high distribution, falling into Area 4 of the chart. In the effort to reach and maintain an area 4 score, GRPC staff has identified which engagement methods are the most effective for each of the underserved populations, listed which strategies work best when paired together, and have determined what score is assigned to each method by target population.



| Engagement Method<br>Evaluation Data Sheet |                                      | Seniors/ Elderly    | Mobility Challenged | Limited English | Low-Income | Minority | Partner Agencies |   |
|--|--------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------|------------|----------|------------------|---|
|  | Engagement Strategy                  | Partnering Strategy | [                   | Distribut       | tion/En    | gageme   | nt Score         | • |
| 1  | Events (Meeting, open house, fair)   | 4,8,10,12,13        | 1                   | 1               | 1          | 1        | 1                | 0 |
| 2  | Citizen Advisory Group               | 7,13                | 3                   | 3               | 1          | 3        | 3                | 0 |
| 3  | Working & Focus Groups               | 13                  | 3                   | 3               | 3          | 3        | 3                | 4 |
| 4  | GRPC Website                         | *                   | 1                   | 2               | 1          | 1        | 1                | 2 |
| 5  | Information Station                  | 7,8                 | 4                   | 2               | 2          | 2        | 2                | 0 |
| 6  | Surveys & Polls                      | 1,6,10,12           | 2                   | 2               | 2          | 2        | 2                | 2 |
| 7  | Agency Consultations                 | *                   | 0                   | 0               | 0          | 0        | 0                | 3 |
| 8  | Direct & Email Distribution          | 1,3,6               | 2                   | 2               | 1          | 2        | 2                | 2 |
| 9  | TCC & TPC Meetings                   | 9,13                | 1                   | 1               | 1          | 1        | 1                | 2 |
| 10   | Newspaper Ads & Notices              | 1,3,6               | 2                   | 2               | 1          | 2        | 2                | 0 |
| 11   | Visual Aids (Maps, Renderings, etc.) | *                   | 3                   | 3               | 3          | 3        | 3                | 3 |
| 12   | Webinar & Webcasts                   | 2,3,7,8             | 2                   | 2               | 1          | 1        | 1                | 3 |
| 13   | Interactive, Online Mapping          | 4,5                 | 2                   | 2               | 2          | 1        | 1                | 4 |
| 14   | School Based activities              | 4,5,7,8,12          | 4                   | 4               | 4          | 4        | 4                | 0 |
| 15   | Imbedded Hyperlinks                  | 4,7                 | 1                   | 4               | 1          | 1        | 4                | 0 |
| 16   | Beverage Jackets                     | 8,12                | 2                   | 0               | 0          | 0        | 2                | 0 |
| 17   | Personal Interviews                  | 1,3,7               | 4                   | 4               | 4          | 4        | 4                | 4 |
| 18   | Phone Trees                          | 1,2,3,8,10,12       | 4                   | 4               | 4          | 4        | 4                | 2 |
| 19   | Translated Materials                 | 1,2,3,4,7,10,12     | 3                   | 2               | 3          | 3        | 3                | 1 |
| 20   | Public Service Announcements         | 8,10,12             | 3                   | 3               | 3          | 3        | 3                | 0 |
| 21   | Interactive Games                    | 1,2,3,9,11          | 4                   | 4               | 4          | 4        | 4                | 4 |
| 22   | Piggy Back on other events           | 1,2,3,9,11,14       | 4                   | 4               | 4          | 4        | 4                | 4 |

The engagement method evaluation data sheet is used to plan public events that are cost effective with maximum involvement potential. The engagement score is 1 to 4.

- 1 = Low engagement & low distribution
- 2 = High engagement
- 3 = High distribution
- 4 = High engagement & High distribution

<sup>\*</sup> refers to a technique that generally supports all other techniques

# Civil Rights: Disadvantage Business (DBE) Program

#### Chapter 5: Disadvantaged Business (DBE) Program

As a recipient of federal financial assistance for its programs, services and activities, Gulf Regional Planning Commission (GRPC), the Mississippi Gulf Coast Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO), complies with a variety of non-discrimination rules, regulations and policies. Ensuring that Disadvantaged Business Enterprises (DBE) have an equitable opportunity to participate in federally-assisted contracts is no exception.

In order to meet the agency's DBE obligations, GRPC follows the guidelines contained within the Mississippi Department of Transportation's (MDOT) DBE program and works in support of the state's DBE goal.

#### **Definitions (43 CFR 26.7)**

| means a small | business | that; |
|---------------|----------|-------|
|               |          |       |

- A. Is at least 51% owned by one or more socially or economically disadvantaged individual(s), in the case of a publicly traded company, at least 51% of its stock is owned by one or more socially or economically disadvantaged individual(s), and
- B. The businesses management and daily operations are controlled by one or more of the socially or economically disadvantaged individuals who own it

<u>Note</u>: Absentee ownership or title ownership by an individual who does not take an active role in controlling the business is not consistent with the eligibility requirements for DBE status.

| is defined  | in  | two | catoo | TOTIOS  |
|-------------|-----|-----|-------|---------|
| is delilled | 111 | ιwo | cates | gories. |

- A. No person/business shall be excluded from participation in, denied the benefits of, or otherwise discriminated against in connection with the award and performance of a federally assisted contract on the basis of race, color, sex, national origin (or other protected status.)
- B. In administering your DBE program, you must not, directly or through contractual or other arrangements, use criteria or methods of administration that have the effect of defeating or substantially impairing accomplishment of the objectives of the program with respect to individuals of a particular race, color, sex, or national origin.

#### **Policy Statements**

#### **MDOT POLICY:**

It is the policy of the Mississippi Department of Transportation to provide a level playing field, to foster equal opportunity in all federally assisted contracts, to improve the flexibility of the DBE program, to reduce the burdens on small businesses, and to achieve that amount of participation that would be obtained in a non-discriminatory market place. In doing so, it is the policy of GRPC/MPO that there will be no discrimination in the award and performance of federally assisted contracts on the basis of race, color, sex, age, religion, national origin, disability or other protected status.

#### **GRPC POLICY:**

Gulf Regional Planning Commission (GRPC), the Mississippi Gulf Coast Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO), works in support of the program goals and complies with the procedural guidance outlined in the Mississippi Department of Transportation's DBE Program. GRPC will take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure that DBE firms have an equal opportunity to compete for and participate in federally assisted contracts executed by the agency. Each contract will contain non-discrimination language that is consistent with the requirements of 43 CFR 26.

#### **DBE Program Performance Measures**

#### Goal #1: Designate a DBE Liaison to complete program activities

GRPC will designate a member of its staff as the DBE Liaison. This individual will become familiar with the MDOT DBE Program and complete any training required to effectively manage GRPC's program.

#### Objective 1: Maintain a knowledge level that is necessary to ensure DBE non-discrimination

1. Complete at least one event per year (training, meeting, workshop, etc.) in which all or part of the agenda discusses DBE requirements and compliance information

#### Objective 2: Complete annual tracking and reporting requirements

- 1. Track all contracts executed and/or maintained by the agency.
- 2. Complete an annual performance report, and submit it to Public Participation/Title VI Coordinator the by September 1st each year. (The report form is included as Appendix F.)

#### Objective 3: Resolve any DBE complaints received by the agency

1. Work with the Public Participation/Title VI Coordinator to rectify any DBE related complaints or corrective actions that are received

#### Goal #2: Disseminate DBE information for agency and public awareness

The GRPC DBE policy statement and program overview is published within the Civil Rights Chapters of the Public Participation Plan. It is reviewed regularly and updated as needed.

#### Objective 1: Internal Dissemination

- 1. Report any new DBE requirements, strategies or performance goals to Public Participation/Title VI Coordinator for inclusion in PPP.
- 2. Report any new DBE requirements to Executive Director for Board Awareness and implementation.
- 3. Hang DBE informational flier on the office information board for general awareness of the agency's policy and complaint procedure.

#### Objective 2: External Dissemination

- 1. Provide an overview presentation to MPO membership for any applicable rule changes they must be aware of, comply with, etc.
- 2. The DBE policy is included in the Public Participation Plan which is available in paper form at the GRPC office, by request in paper and electronic formats as well as for download from www.grpc.com.
- 3. The Public Participation/Title VI Coordinator will incorporate DBE information into the agency's annual participation activity report which will be made available upon request as well as for download at www.grpc.com.

# Goal #3: Ensure that GRPC contracts encourage equal participation and that each executed contact contains applicable non-discrimination language

GRPC will make specific effort to encourage Disadvantaged Businesses to participate in the agency contracting processes. Each contract situation is unique and may require varied DBE outreach strategies. GRPC maintains program compliance by following MDOT DBE procedures throughout the contract process.

#### Objective 1: Ensure equal access throughout the contract selection process

- 1. Whenever required, GRPC will select a DBE organization from the MDOT Master List maintained on the state's website, www.gomdot.com.
- 2. At minimum, advertisements will be placed in a regional print newspaper. As necessary, additional outreach may be conducted through community newsletters, and other resources listed in the

- "Engagement Strategies" chapter of the PPP.
- 3. All advertisements for bid will include the statement "DBE encouraged to apply."
- 4. A complete list of organizations responding to an advertisement will be drafted. If a DBE applicant is not selected, the reason will be noted and submitted with the annual report. (ex. if use a scoring system, list all respondents, the scoring criteria and the final score for each.)

Objective 2: Ensure that all contractors, subcontractors, consultants, etc. are aware of their non-discrimination obligations

1. Every contract executed by GRPC, in its capacity as the MPO or another agency function, will include the following non-discrimination language, or its near equivalent.

ANTI-DISCRIMINATION - The Consultant and its subcontractors, if any, shall not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment, to be employed in the performance of this Agreement, with respect to its hire, tenure, terms, conditions, or privileges of employment, because of his/her race, color, religion, national origin, ancestry, sex, handicap, age, disabled veteran status or Vietnam era veteran status. Breach of this covenant may be regarded as a material breach of this Agreement. If available, the Consultant shall provide their internally adopted non-discrimination language for review prior to contracting.

UTILIZATION OF DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE FIRMS - In connection with the performance of this Agreement, the Consultant will cooperate with GRPC in meeting its commitments and goals with regard to the maximum utilization of disadvantaged business enterprises, and will use its best effort to ensure that disadvantaged business enterprises shall have the maximum practicable opportunity to compete for sub-contract work under this contract.

Failure to comply with these requirements is a material breach of the contract the may result in the termination of the contract or such remedy as deemed appropriate by GRPC.

# Civil Rights: Americans with Disabilities (ADA) Compliance Program

#### Chapter 6: Americans with Disabilities (ADA) Compliance Program

As required by Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act and the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), the Mississippi Gulf Coast MPO assures that it will not discriminate against individuals with disabilities in the admission to, access to, or operation of its programs, services or activities. This assurance is signed as part of the annual self-certification form. (See chapter: Civil Rights Program)

Qualified individuals who need accessible communication assistance or other accommodations to participate in the transportation planning process are invited to make their needs and preferences known to the Title VI Coordinator. The MPO asks that requests be received at least 5 business days in advance of an event date or deadline for printed materials to be delivered or to coordinate another service.

Upon request, this plan and other materials may be made available in alternative formats (for example, large print or audio tape). Questions, concerns and requests should be forwarded to the Title VI Coordinator. A grievance policy and forms have been made available, in both print and electronic formats, to resolve complaints, see Appendix E.

Stephanie Plancich GRPC/MS Gulf Coast MPO Public Involvement & Title VI Coordinator 1635-G Popps Ferry Road, Biloxi MS 39532 228-864-1167 contactus@grpc.com www.grpc.com

#### Who is covered by Title II of the ADA

The Title II regulation covers "public entities."

"Public entities" include any State or local government and any of its departments, agencies, or other instrumentalities.

All activities, services, and programs of public entities are covered, including activities of State legislatures and courts, town meetings, police and fire departments, motor vehicle licensing, and employment. Unlike section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, which only covers programs receiving Federal financial assistance, title II extends to all the activities of State and local governments whether or not they receive Federal funds. Source: http://www.ada.gov/t2hlt95.htm

#### **ADA Program Definitions**

3. being regarded as having such an impairment

|        | : 5                                | ource: http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/civilrights/programs/ada_sect504qa.cfm#q1  |  |  |  |  |
|--------|------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| To qua | lify as having a                   | one or more of the following conditions must exist.                       |  |  |  |  |
| 1.     | a physical or menta                | Il impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities |  |  |  |  |
| 2.     | a record of such an impairment; or |   |  |  |  |  |

<u>Physical or mental impairment</u> means any physiological disorder or condition, cosmetic disfigurement, or anatomical loss affecting one or more of the following body systems: neurological; musculoskeletal; special sense organs; respiratory, including speech organs; cardiovascular; reproductive; digestive; genitourinary; hemic and lymphatic; skin; and endocrine; any mental or psychological disorder such as mental retardation,

organic brain syndrome, emotional or mental illness, and specific learning disabilities; includes contagious and noncontagious diseases and conditions as orthopedic, visual, speech, and hearing impairments, cerebral palsy, epilepsy, muscular dystrophy, multiple sclerosis, cancer, heart disease, diabetes, mental retardation, emotional illness, specific learning disabilities, HIV disease (whether symptomatic or asymptomatic), tuberculosis, drug addiction, and alcoholism; does not include homosexuality or bisexuality.

<u>Major Life Activities</u> include, but are not limited to, caring for oneself, performing manual tasks, seeing, hearing, sleeping, walking, standing, lifting, bending, speaking, breathing, learning, reading, concentrating, thinking, communicating, and working. A major life activity also includes the operation of a major bodily function, including but not limited to, functions of the immune system, normal cell growth, digestive, bowel, bladder, neurological, brain, respiratory, circulatory, endocrine, and reproductive functions. An impairment that is episodic or in remission is a disability if it would substantially limit a major life activity when active.

The determination of whether an impairment substantially limits a major life activity shall be made without regard to the improvement effects of mitigating measures such as; medication, medical supplies, equipment, or appliances, low-vision devices (which do not include ordinary eyeglasses or contact lenses), prosthetics, hearing aids and cochlear implants or other implantable hearing devices, mobility devices, or oxygen therapy equipment and supplies; use of assistive technology; reasonable accommodations or auxiliary aids or services; or learned behavioral or adaptive neurological modifications.

An individual meets the requirement of "being regarded as having such an impairment" if the individual establishes that he or she has been subjected to an action prohibited under this chapter because of an actual or perceived physical or mental impairment whether or not the impairment limits a major life activity. This does not apply to impairments that are transitory and minor. A transitory impairment is an impairment with an actual or expected duration of 6 months or less.

:

A "qualified" individual with a disability is one who meets the essential eligibility requirements for the program or activity offered by a public entity. The "essential eligibility requirements" will depend on the type of service or activity involved. For some activities, such as State licensing programs, the ability to meet specific skill and performance requirements may be "essential." For other activities, such as where the public entity provides information to anyone who requests it, the "essential eligibility requirements" would be minimal.

Auxiliary aids and services: Source: http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/civilrights/programs/ada\_sect504qa.cfm#q1The term "auxiliary aids and services" include qualified interpreters or other effective methods of making aurally delivered materials available to individuals with hearing impairments; qualified readers, taped texts, or other effective methods of making visually delivered materials available to individuals with visual impairments; acquisition or modification of equipment or devices; and other similar services and actions.

: Source: http://www.ada.gov/qandaeng.htm is any

modification or adjustment to a job or the work environment that will enable a qualified applicant or employee with a disability to participate in the application process or to perform essential job functions. Reasonable accommodation also includes adjustments to assure that a qualified individual with a disability has rights and privileges in employment equal to those of employees without disabilities.

An employer is only required to accommodate a "known" disability of a qualified applicant or employee. The requirement generally will be triggered by a request from an individual with a disability, who frequently will be able to suggest an appropriate accommodation. Accommodations must be made on an individual basis,

because the nature and extent of a disabling condition and the requirements of a job will vary in each case. If the individual does not request an accommodation, the employer is not obligated to provide one except where an individual's known disability impairs his/her ability to know of, or effectively communicate a need for, an accommodation that is obvious to the employer. If a person with a disability requests, but cannot suggest, an appropriate accommodation, the employer and the individual should work together to identify one. There are also many public and private resources that can provide assistance without cost.

#### **Undue Burden and Fundamental Alteration**

Title II of the ADA and Section 504, as applicable to state and local agencies, requires a public entity to make its programs accessible in all cases, except where to do so would result in undue financial or administrative burdens or fundamentally alter the nature of the program in question.

Source: http://www.ada.gov/qandaeng.htm. An employer is not required to make an accommodation if it would impose an "undue hardship" on the operation of the employer's business. "Undue hardship" is defined as an "action requiring significant difficulty or expense" when considered in light of a number of factors. These factors include the nature and cost of the accommodation in relation to the size, resources, nature, and structure of the employer's operation. Undue hardship is determined on a case-by-case basis. In general, a larger employer with greater resources would be expected to make accommodations requiring greater effort or expense than would be required of a smaller employer with fewer resources.

If a particular accommodation would be an undue hardship, the agency must try to identify another accommodation that will not pose such a hardship. Also, if the cost of an accommodation would impose an undue hardship on the employer, the individual with a disability should be given the option of paying that portion of the cost which would constitute an undue hardship or providing the accommodation.

Example: An MPO decides to update its website. Several new elements are proposed including greater accessibility for non-English speakers, individuals needing larger print, users with screen readers and other assistive devices that are not currently supported. Another new element of the site is the development of an interactive regional map. To purchase an accessible version of the mapping software would require the entire project budget. The MPO can claim this expense as an undue hardship, but would be expected to provide the map information in some other format for users with disabilities.

example which may or may not have really happened is for someone who is Deaf to ask that the lights in a planetarium be raised so that she could see her interpreter. Of course, this would fundamentally alter the experience for everyone, including the person who asked. However, even though the planetarium could - and probably did - deny this request, the planetarium still has obligations under the ADA. One possible solution would be to offer the patron a seat off on the far right or left and position the interpreter with a dim light right in front of her. Another would be to provide her with the narrator's script and a clip on light.

#### **Steps to ADA Compliance**

Meeting the requirements of the ADA can be accomplished by implementing seven general steps. Each step is listed below with a brief description of where GRPC is in accomplishing each listed task.

- 1. Designate an ADA Program Coordinator
  - a. Complete: GRPC designated a Title VI coordinator to oversee the Civil Rights Program which includes ensuring compliance with Title II of the ADA
- 2. Provide notice to the public about ADA requirements

- a. Complete: Continuous notice is provided in public spaces at the GRPC office building as well as on the agency website at www.grpc.com.
- 3. Establish a Grievance Procedure
  - a. Complete: The agency reviewed and revised its procedure and complaint process. The revised documents are available in English and Spanish in print upon request, electronically on the agency's website and posted in the GRPC office building.
- 4. Develop internal design standards, specifications and details
  - a. Complete: We follow the guidelines provided by the Department of Justice and discussed at www.ada.gov.
  - b. To assess our interior spaces we follow the guidelines included in the architectural barrier removal checklist
- 5. Assigning personnel for the development of a transition plan and implementing it
  - a. Complete: The Title VI Coordinator will oversee the development and implementation of the ADA plan as part of the Civil Rights Program
  - b. Accomplishments will be noted in the annual civil rights program progress report
  - c. The most current transition plan is included later in this chapter
- 6. Approving a schedule and budget for the transition plan
  - a. To be completed
- 7. Monitor implementation progress of the transition plan
  - a. To be completed

#### **ADA Transition Plan**

The Americans with Disabilities Act is landmark legislation that protects the civil rights of persons with disabilities. There are five title under the act. Title II addresses making public services and transportation accessible. State, local and public agencies are required to perform self-evaluation and have a transition plan in place to correct any identified compliance deficiencies.

A transition plan should cover all facilities owned and operated by the agency. Plans typically have six core components.

- 1. List of physical barriers that limit accessibility (based upon annual self-evaluation)
- 2. Detailed description of how identified barriers will be prioritized and remedied
- 3. A schedule for removing the barriers
- 4. Name of the official responsible for implementation of the transition plan
- 5. Schedule for providing curb ramp improvements (This component is not applicable. GRPC does not own or manage public ROW. Our only ramps are from parking areas into our office building. These are covered in the barrier removal self-evaluation process.)
- 6. Record of opportunities given to the public to participate in the plan development process

NOTE: GRPC moved its office from 1232 Pass Road, Gulfport MS to 1635-G Popps Ferry Road, Biloxi MS in October 2013. This change of location sparked the need for a new self-evaluation and transition plan.

We completed our self-evaluation using "The Americans with Disabilities Act Checklist for Readily Achievable Barrier Removal" which aligns with the ADA Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG) adopted by the Department of Justice. The checklist introduction notes that its purpose is to assist in the identification of "accessibility problems and solutions in existing facilities is order to meet obligations under the ADA."

### GRPC/MS Gulf Coast MPO ADA Transition Plan last updated 9/2014

| Is there a route of travel that doesn't require using       | Х |   | From parking lot to the front door entrance     | N/A   | 9/2014 |
|---|---|---|---|---|--------|
| stairs?   |   |   |   |   |        |
| Is the travel route stable, firm and slip resistant?        | Χ |   | Concrete and level pavers                       | N/A   | 9/2014 |
| Is the route at minimum 36" wide?                           |   | Х | Decorative elements attached to front of        | Option 1: Build a temporary ramp that       |        |
|   |   |   | building protrude into pathway, reducing        | can be used for anyone unable to pass       |        |
|   |   |   | the width to 34.5"                              | existing sidewalk, Option 2: Widen          |        |
|   |   |   |   | sidewalk with added concrete                |        |
| Are all protruding objects 27" or less off ground, at least |   | Х | Small tree branches have grown over             | Trim few small branches back                | 9/2014 |
| 80" high or sticking out less than 4"?                      |   |   | accessible walkway                              |   |        |
| Is there a curb cut from the parking area?                  | Χ |   | Has slight erosion but complies with curb       | N/A   |        |
|   |   |   | ramp design standards.                          |   |        |
| Are the slopes of the ramp no more than 1:12?               | X |   | In each direction, the ramp meets or            | N/A   | 9/2014 |
|   |   |   | exceeds the standard                            |   |        |
| Other recommendation:                                       |   |   | There is no clear space at top of the ramp –    | Recommend to landlord that they extend      |        |
|   |   |   | nor can there be since ramp runs up to          | concrete alongside ramp and sidewalk to     |        |
|   |   |   | building  | give more maneuverability options           |        |
| Do we meet the ramp, railing, surface, rise and other       | Х |   | No railing are needed, ramp is not 6' in length | , only raises 3-4" and has detectable bumps | 9/2014 |
| ramp characteristic requirements?                           |   |   | throughout the ramp and flare surfaces          |   |        |
|   |   |   |   |   |        |
| Is there at least 1 accessible parking space for every 25   | X |   | 16 spaces in front of GRPC and 13 in the side   | N/A   | 9/2014 |
| spaces provided?  | ^ |   | lot. (29 total) 1 is accessible                 |   | 3,2014 |
| One of every 8 spaces must be van accessible. Is at least   |   | Х | We meet car standards of 8' space with 5'       | Undue burden– will alter width when         | UB     |
| one of the accessible spaces for vans?                      |   | ^ | aisle. Van space requires8' aisle and 98" of    | pavement is restriped in mean time will     |        |
| one of the accessible spaces for valis:                     |   |   | vertical clearance.                             | reserve two spaces for anyone requesting    |        |
|   |   |   | vertical cicarance.                             | van accessibility                           |        |
| Is the access aisle part of the accessible route?           | X |   | Connects directly with curb ramp to             | N/A   | 9/2014 |
| is the decess disic part of the decessible route;           | ^ |   | sidewalk  |   | 3,2014 |
| Are accessible spaces close to the accessible entrance?     | Х |   | 1 <sup>st</sup> space in front of main entrance | N/A   | 9/2014 |
| The decessible spaces close to the accessible entrance:     |   |   | 2 Space in none of main entrance                | IN/A  | 3/2014 |
|   |   |   |   |   |        |
|   |   |   |   |   |        |

| Are spaces marked with international accessibility symbol?                                   | Х |   | Painted in center of space  | N/A   | 9/2014                  |
|--|---|---|---|---|-------------------------|
| Is space marked with a Van Accessible sign?  |   | Х | Has regular car space sign on post  | Replace sign/add van placard at such time when that space is altered      | -                       |
| Is an enforcement procedure in place to ensure space is available for qualified individuals? | Х |   | Upon notice, staff will report to office, police will be called   | N/A   | 9/2014                  |
| Do all inaccessible entrances have signs to the accessible route?                            |   | X | No signs are posted   | Request that landlord add directional signs outside                       |                         |
| Can the alternative accessible entrance be use independently?                                |   | Х | 1. We do not have an alternative accessible of (Correct rear route to be accessible for emerg into parking lot – sidewalk on side of building back ramp, change/add door handles) | encies, etc. (Add ramp from rear sidewalk                                 | See 3<br>items<br>below |
| Do the entry/exit doors have at least 32"clear space?  | Х |   | Front + is 32", back is 34.5"   | N/A   | 9/2014                  |
| Is there at least 18" of clear space on the door knob side of each door?                     | Х |   | Ensure items are not placed in the way ex. trash can, coast rack, plants  | N/A   | 9/2014                  |
| Are thresholds ¼" high or less, or if beveled ¾" high or less?                               | Х |   | All interior and exterior thresholds are compliant  | N/A   | 9/2014                  |
| Is carpeting or mats a maximum of 1/2 "high?   | Х |   | All carpets and rugs have low knap  | N/A   | 9/2014                  |
| Are flooring edges secure to minimize trip hazard?   | Х |   | All surfaces are secure   | N/A   | 9/2014                  |
| Is door handle no more than 48" high?  | Х |   | All handles are within the height standard  | N/A   | 9/2014                  |
| Do door handles pass closed fist test? BACK DOOR   |   | Х | Back door interior, no handle to help unlock  – Exterior, failed closed fist test   | Add interior handle, change/modify exterior handle                        |                         |
| Do door handles pass closed fist test? FRONT DOOR  |   | х | Front door exterior handle fails closed fist test, inside push bar is fine  | Replace/modify exterior handle - current is inside of brick and difficult |                         |
| Can doors be opened with 5lbs of force or less?  |   | Х | Back door passes – front door is too heavy  | Ease tension on front door closing mechanism                              |                         |
| Does door take at least 3 seconds to close? (1-one thousand, 2 one thousand)                 |   | Х | Back door is good – front door a little fast (2.5 seconds) or locks open  | Alter speed of front door to 3 seconds or more                            |                         |
| Does the accessible entrance provide direct access to  | X |   | Yes – both door are in/out of single floor  | N/A   | 9/2014                  |
| main floor?  |   |   | office building   |   |                         |
| Are all public space on accessible route?  | Х |   | Yes – office are not counted as accessible routes   | N/A   | 9/2014                  |
| Is accessible route and pathways to materials and services at least 36" or wider?            | Х |   | Most of route is 5' wide  | N/A   | 9/2014                  |
| Are 5' wide circles or T-spaces provided for wheelchairs to turn around?                     | Х |   | Spaces are provided throughout the route  | N/A   | 9/2014                  |

|   |   |   |  |   | 0/0044     |
|---|---|---|--|---|------------|
| In circulation paths, are obstacles 27" of lower, 80" or higher or less than 4" from wall?                          | Х |   | Routes and pathways are clear  | N/A   | 9/2014     |
|   |   |   |  |   | 2 /2 2 4 4 |
| Does the opening have at least 32" of clear space?  | Х |   | Interior doors are 33" or wider  | N/A   | 9/2014     |
| On pull side of door, next to handle is there an 18" clear  | Х |   | Small Conf room doesn't comply – Room was  | meant as an office not public space – will  | 9/2014     |
| wall space?   |   |   | use large room for public activities since it cor  | mplies (undue burden to repair)   |            |
| Can doors be opened with 5lb force or less?   | Х |   | Each door complies   | Keep sliding doors greased so they don't stick and get to hard                      | 9/2014     |
| Are handles at 48" high or less?  | Х |   | All door comply  | N/A   | 9/2014     |
| Do door pass the closed fist test?  |   | Х | Rest room door inside handles are hard if impossible with closed fist  | Change/modify bathroom handles for accessible options                               |            |
| Do thresholds meet ¼" or ¾" standards?  | Х |   | All thresholds are compliant   | N/A   | 9/2014     |
| Are emergency systems equipped with audio and visual  | X |   | Audio and visual is compliant throughout   | N/A   | 9/2014     |
| signals? (alarm and flashing lights)  | ^ |   | building   | l NA  | 3/2014     |
| Are room ID placards located on door knob side, with centerline at 60", with symbol, raised characters and braille? |   | х | The placard characteristics and locations are a<br>the height requirement by 3" or so. Ex. the ba<br>installed with 60" as the top line instead of ce<br>from their current location would be an undur | throom placards are 6" square. They were nter line. The result of moving them up 3" | UB         |
| Do signs over 80" overhead have letters at least 3", high contract with non-glare finish?                           | Х |   | Exit signs at both doors meet the standards  | N/A   | 9/2014     |
| Are all public controls accessibly located? (Reach limits: 54" side, 48" forward, 15"high, 9" wide)                 | Х |   | All public controls are accessible – internal collections becomes disabled or for a new hire ex. Micros  |   | 9/2014     |
| Can controls be used with closed fist?  | Х |   | Pass closed fist test  | N/A   | 9/2014     |
| Are aisles between fixed seating at least 36" wide?   | Х |   | Break area & light table areas comply  | N/A   | 9/2014     |
| Are there spaces for wheelchair seating?  | Х |   | Seating room is available or can be made available in all public spaces  | N/A   | 9/2014     |
| Are tops of tables and counters between 28" and 34" high?   |   | Х | Tables & food service counters comply  | N/A   | 9/2014     |
| Are knee spaces 27" high, 30" wide and 19" deep?  | Х | İ | All tables comply  | N/A   | 9/2014     |
| For cashier, food service or other similar counters is a  |   | х | Front desk counter is over 40" high. It's an un  | due burden to tear out and replace – self-  | UB         |
| portion no higher than 36" or is there a space at side to pass items for people who have trouble reaching over      |   |   | service materials are place on accessible table in front of counter. Door is equipped with buzzer so front desk staff are aware of everyone entering the lobby.  |   |            |
| high counters?  Are   | х |   | There are no vertical circulation  | N/A   | 9/2014     |
| there ramps, lifts, elevators, etc. to all public   | ^ |   | requirements we have a single story building   | 14/7  | 5,2014     |

| Are doors accessible? Force, close speed, handles at 48" or less, operable with closed fist?  X Doors close a bit faster than 3 seconds. And inside handles are hard to open with closed fist  X Two spaces are available one between door, sink, trash can, etc. the second is within the accessible stall  X Complies to sink, first stall, cupboard, etc.  N/A 9/2014  Are grab bars placed beside and behind the toilet?  X Both restrooms have a compliant stall  N/A 9/2014  Sis the exact between 17" and 19" high?  X Soap & paper towel dispenser comply  Are towels, soap dispensers, dryers, within reach (48" or less)  X We do not provide public phone available that is hearing aid compatible, TTY/TTD equipped and marked as such?  X We meet very few with the current website.  X Doors close a bit faster than 3 seconds. And inside handles are hard to open with closed fist?  X Doors close a bit faster than 3 seconds. And inside handles are hard to open with closed fist?  X Doors close a bit faster than 3 seconds. And inside handles are hard to open with closed fist.  N/A 9/2014  A presence a 48" minimum space between door swing and a compliant stall instrict on the accessible stall.  X Doors close a bit faster than 3 seconds. And inside interior handles with compliant options interior handles with compliant options interior handles with closed fist.  N/A 9/2014  A presence a 48" minimum space between door, sink, trash can, etc. the second is within the accessible stall that is the accessible stall to the accessible stall that is a second and so a compliant stall to open accessible side and behind the toilet?  X Both resurrent stall public phone available that is hearing aid compatible, TTY/TTD equipped and marked as such?  X We do not provide public phones but those on site are push button, with volume controls and can be placed at accessible heights if needed – A new hire needing this accommodation would trigets purchase in the future or when we upgrade the agency's phone systems. Until then it is an undue burden.  Does the agen | spaces/levels?   |   |   |  |  |                      |
|--|--|---|---|--|--|----------------------|
| Is there a tactile sign identifying the rooms?  X Signs for rest rooms are compiliant, but need raised as noted in Signage section  N/A 9/2014  Are doors accessible? Force, close speed, handles at 48"  X Doors close a bit faster than 3 seconds. And inside handles are hard to open with dosed fist?  Is a 5" maneuvering space provided in the rest room?  X Two spaces are available one between door, sink, trash can, etc. the second is within the accessible stall is there a 48" minimum space between door swing and provided in the rest room?  X All pathways comply  N/A 9/2014  Sis the path to all fixtures at least 36" wide?  X All pathways comply  N/A 9/2014  Both restrooms have a compiliant, but need interior handles with compiliant options fist  X Complies to sink, first stall, cupboard, etc.  N/A 9/2014  Both restrooms have a compliant stall  N/A 9/2014  Sis the path to all fixtures at least 36" wide?  X All pathways comply  N/A 9/2014  Both restrooms have a compliant stall  N/A 9/2014  Sis the stall door operable with closed fist?  X Bars comply  N/A 9/2014  Sis the toilet seat between 17" and 19" high?  X Both measure at 18"  N/A 9/2014  Sis the toilet seat between 17" and 19" high?  X Both measure at 18"  N/A 9/2014  Sis mirror mounted with bottom at 29" excluding pipes?  X Sink is 33.5 at top and 28 at bottom  N/A 9/2014  Soap & paper towel dispenser, dryers, within reach (48" or less) and usable with a fist?  X We do not provide public phones but those on site are push button, with volume controls and compatible, TTY/TTD equipped and marked as such?  X We do not provide public phones but those on site are push button, with volume controls and can be placed at accessible heights if needed – A new hire needing this accommodation would trigger this access the fluxer or when we upgrade the agency's phone systems. Until then it is an undue burden.  X We meet very few with the current website.  Rebuild site to meet compliance requirements – provide additional training to staff working on site  Tentative requirement. |  |   |   |  |  |                      |
| Is there at least 32" of clear door space  | ·  |   |   | · ·  | ·  |                      |
| Are doors accessible? Force, close speed, handles at 48" or less, operable with closed fist?  X Doors close a bit faster than 3 seconds. And inside handles are hard to open with closed fist  X Two spaces are available one between door, sink, trash can, etc. the second is within the accessible stall  X Complies to sink, first stall, cupboard, etc.  N/A 9/2014  Are grab bars placed beside and behind the toilet?  X Both restrooms have a compliant stall  N/A 9/2014  Sis the exact between 17" and 19" high?  X Soap & paper towel dispenser comply  Are towels, soap dispensers, dryers, within reach (48" or less)  X We do not provide public phone available that is hearing aid compatible, TTY/TTD equipped and marked as such?  X We meet very few with the current website.  X Doors close a bit faster than 3 seconds. And inside handles are hard to open with closed fist?  X Doors close a bit faster than 3 seconds. And inside handles are hard to open with closed fist?  X Doors close a bit faster than 3 seconds. And inside handles are hard to open with closed fist.  N/A 9/2014  A presence a 48" minimum space between door swing and a compliant stall instrict on the accessible stall.  X Doors close a bit faster than 3 seconds. And inside interior handles with compliant options interior handles with compliant options interior handles with closed fist.  N/A 9/2014  A presence a 48" minimum space between door, sink, trash can, etc. the second is within the accessible stall that is the accessible stall to the accessible stall that is a second and so a compliant stall to open accessible side and behind the toilet?  X Both resurrent stall public phone available that is hearing aid compatible, TTY/TTD equipped and marked as such?  X We do not provide public phones but those on site are push button, with volume controls and can be placed at accessible heights if needed – A new hire needing this accommodation would trigets purchase in the future or when we upgrade the agency's phone systems. Until then it is an undue burden.  Does the agen | Is there a tactile sign identifying the rooms?   | Х |   | • •  | N/A  | 9/2014               |
| inside handles are hard to open with closed interior handles with compliant options fist inside handles are hard to open with closed interior handles with compliant options fist inside handles are hard to open with closed interior handles with compliant options ink, trash can, etc. the second is within the accessible stall inside handles are a 48" minimum space between door swing and any fixture?  Is there a 48" minimum space between door swing and any fixture?  X Complies to sink, first stall, cupboard, etc.  N/A 9/2014  Are grab lar first stall stall first a 5x5 space for maneuvering clear of the door swing?  X Both restrooms have a compliant stall N/A 9/2014  Are grab bars placed beside and behind the toliet?  X Slide mechanism complies  N/A 9/2014  Is the total door operable with closed fist?  X Slide mechanism complies  N/A 9/2014  Is the total toor operable with closed fist?  X Bars comply  N/A 9/2014  Is sink top at 34", bottom at 29" excluding pipes?  X Sink is 33.5 at top and 28 at bottom  N/A 9/2014  Are towels, soap dispensers, dryers, within reach (48" or less)  X Right on a 40" men's even tilts  N/A 9/2014  Are towels, soap dispensers, dryers, within reach (48" or less)  Is there a public phone available that is hearing aid compatible, TTY/TTD equipped and marked as such?  X We do not provide public phones but those on site are push button, with volume controls and can be placed at accessible heights if needed — A new hire needing this accommodation would trigger this purchase in the future or when we upgrade the agency's phone systems. Until then it is an undue burden.  Does the agency website meet 508 accessibility  X We do not provide public phones but those on site are push button, with volume controls and can be placed at accessible heights if needed — A new hire needing this accommodation would trigger this purchase in the future or when we upgrade the agency's phone systems. Until then it is an undue burden.  Tentative requirements — provide additional training to staff working on site  Tent | Is there at least 32" of clear door space  | Х |   | Doors open with 34" of clear space   | N/A  | 9/2014               |
| sink, trash can, etc. the second is within the accessible stall sink, trash can, etc. the second is within the accessible stall sink, trash can, etc. the second is within the accessible stall sink, trash can, etc. the second is within the accessible stall sink, trash can, etc. the second is within the accessible stall sink, trash can, etc. the second is within the accessible stall sink, trash can, etc. the second is within the accessible stall sink, trash can, etc. the second is within the accessible stall some can be accessible stall some can be accessible stall some can be accessible sink, first stall, cupboard, etc.  N/A 9/2014  Some stall offer a Sx5 space for maneuvering clear of the door swing?  X All pathways comply N/A 9/2014  So the restrooms have a compliant stall N/A 9/2014  So the stall door operable with closed fist?  X Slide mechanism complies  N/A 9/2014  Some stall door operable with closed fist?  X Bars comply N/A 9/2014  So the toilet seat between 17" and 19" high?  X Sooth measure at 18"  N/A 9/2014  So th measure at 18"  N/A 9/2014  So th measure at 18"  N/A 9/2014  So prated with closed fist?  X Lever handles pass test  N/A 9/2014  So prated with closed fist?  X Right on a 40" – men's even tilts  N/A 9/2014  Soap & paper towel dispenser comply  N/A 9/2014  Soap & paper towel dispenser comply  N/A 9/2014  Soap & paper towel dispenser comply  N/A 9/2014  Soap & paper towel dispense on site are push button, with volume controls and can be placed at accessible heights if needed – A new hire needing this accommodation would trigger this purchase in the future or when we upgrade the agency's phone systems. Until then it is an undue burden.  Does the agency website meet 508 accessibility  X We meet very few with the current website.  Rebuild site to meet compliance requirements – provide additional training to staff working on site  Tentative requirement – N/A 9/2014  | Are doors accessible? Force, close speed, handles at 48" or less, operable with closed fist?           |   | Х | inside handles are hard to open with closed                                    | _ = · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  |                      |
| any fixture? Is the path to all fixtures at least 36" wide? Is the path to all fixtures at least 36" wide? Is the path to all fixtures at least 36" wide? Is the stall door operable with closed fist? Is the toilet seat between 17" and 19" high? Is | Is a 5' maneuvering space provided in the rest room?   | Х |   | sink, trash can, etc. the second is within the                                 | N/A  | 9/2014               |
| Does stall offer a 5x5 space for maneuvering clear of the door swing?    Solide mechanism complies   N/A   9/2014  | Is there a 48" minimum space between door swing and any fixture?                                       | Х |   | Complies to sink, first stall, cupboard, etc.                                  | N/A  | 9/2014               |
| door swing?  Is the stall door operable with closed fist?  X Slide mechanism complies  N/A  P/2014  Are grab bars placed beside and behind the toilet?  X Bars comply  N/A  P/2014  Is the toilet seat between 17" and 19" high?  X Both measure at 18"  N/A  P/2014  Is sink top at 34", bottom at 29" excluding pipes?  X Sink is 33.5 at top and 28 at bottom  N/A  P/2014  Is mirror mounted with closed fist?  X Lever handles pass test  N/A  P/2014  Is mirror mounted with bottom at 40" or less?  X Right on a 40" – men's even tilts  N/A  P/2014  Is stere a public phone available that is hearing aid compatible, TTY/TTD equipped and marked as such?  Soap & paper towel dispenser comply  N/A  We do not provide public phones but those on site are push button, with volume controls and can be placed at accessible heights if needed – A new hire needing this accommodation would trigger this purchase in the future or when we upgrade the agency's phone systems. Until then it is an undue burden.  Does the agency website meet 508 accessibility  X We meet very few with the current website.  Rebuild site to meet compliance requirements – provide additional training to staff working on site  Is there clear floor space of 30" by 48" in front of  X Moved a recycle bin to meet 48"  N/A  P/2014  N/A  P/2014  N/A  P/2014  N/A  P/2014  N/A  P/2014  N/A  P/2014  | Is the path to all fixtures at least 36" wide?   | Χ |   | All pathways comply  | N/A  | 9/2014               |
| Are grab bars placed beside and behind the toilet?  X Bars comply  N/A  9/2014  Is the toilet seat between 17" and 19" high?  X Both measure at 18"  N/A  9/2014  Sink top at 34", bottom at 29" excluding pipes?  X Sink is 33.5 at top and 28 at bottom  N/A  9/2014  Can faucets be operated with closed fist?  X Lever handles pass test  N/A  9/2014  Are towels, soap dispensers, dryers, within reach (48" or less) and usable with a fist?  Is there a public phone available that is hearing aid compatible, TTY/TTD equipped and marked as such?  Soap & paper towel dispenser comply  X We do not provide public phones but those on site are push button, with volume controls and can be placed at accessible heights if needed – A new hire needing this accommodation would trigger this purchase in the future or when we upgrade the agency's phone systems. Until then it is an undue burden.  Does the agency website meet 508 accessibility  Soap & meet very few with the current website.  We meet very few with the current website.  Rebuild site to meet compliance requirements – provide additional training to staff working on site  11/2014  Soap & marked as such?  We meet very few with the current website.  Rebuild site to meet compliance requirements – provide additional training to staff working on site  11/2014  Soap & marked as such?  We meet very few with the current website.  N/A  N/A  9/2014  | Does stall offer a 5x5 space for maneuvering clear of the door swing?                                  | Х |   | Both restrooms have a compliant stall  | N/A  | 9/2014               |
| Is the toilet seat between 17" and 19" high?  Is sink top at 34", bottom at 29" excluding pipes?  X  Sink is 33.5 at top and 28 at bottom  N/A  9/2014  Sink is 33.5 at top and 28 at bottom  N/A  9/2014  Sink is 33.5 at top and 28 at bottom  N/A  9/2014  Sink is 33.5 at top and 28 at bottom  N/A  9/2014  Sink is 33.5 at top and 28 at bottom  N/A  9/2014  Sink is 33.5 at top and 28 at bottom  N/A  9/2014  Sink is 33.5 at top and 28 at bottom  N/A  9/2014  Sink is 33.5 at top and 28 at bottom  N/A  9/2014  Sink is 33.5 at top and 28 at bottom  N/A  9/2014  Sink is 33.5 at top and 28 at bottom  N/A  9/2014  Sink is 33.5 at top and 28 at bottom  N/A  9/2014  Sink is 33.5 at top and 28 at bottom  N/A  9/2014  Sink is 33.5 at top and 28 at bottom  N/A  9/2014  Soap & paper towel dispenser comply  N/A  9/2014  We do not provide public phones but those on site are push button, with volume controls and can be placed at accessible heights if needed — A new hire needing this accommodation would trigger this purchase in the future or when we upgrade the agency's phone systems. Until then it is an undue burden.  Soap & paper towel dispenser comply  N/A  We do not provide public phones but those on site are push button, with volume controls and can be placed at accessible heights if needed — A new hire needing this accommodation would trigger this purchase in the future or when we upgrade the agency's phone systems. Until then it is an undue burden.  Soap & paper towel dispenser comply  N/A  We meet very few with the current website.  Rebuild site to meet compliance requirements — provide additional training to staff working on site  11/2014  Soap & paper towel dispenser comply  N/A  We meet very few with the current website.  N/A  | Is the stall door operable with closed fist?   | Х |   | Slide mechanism complies   | N/A  | 9/2014               |
| Is sink top at 34", bottom at 29" excluding pipes?  X Sink is 33.5 at top and 28 at bottom N/A 9/2014  Lever handles pass test N/A 15 mirror mounted with bottom at 40" or less? X Right on a 40" – men's even tilts N/A 15 mirror mounted with a fist? X Right on a 40" – men's even tilts N/A 15 mirror mounted with a fist? X Soap & paper towel dispenser comply N/A 15 mirror mounted with a fist? X Soap & paper towel dispenser comply N/A 16 mirror mounted with a fist? X Soap & paper towel dispenser comply N/A 16 mirror mounted with bottom at 40" or less? X Soap & paper towel dispenser comply N/A 17 mirror mounted with a fist? X We do not provide public phones but those on site are push button, with volume controls and can be placed at accessible heights if needed – A new hire needing this accommodation would trigger this purchase in the future or when we upgrade the agency's phone systems. Until then it is an undue burden.  Does the agency website meet 508 accessibility X We meet very few with the current website. Rebuild site to meet compliance requirements – provide additional training to staff working on site  Tentative requirements – provide additional training to staff working on site  N/A 9/2014  Moved a recycle bin to meet 48" N/A 9/2014   | Are grab bars placed beside and behind the toilet?   | Х |   | Bars comply  | N/A  | 9/2014               |
| Can faucets be operated with closed fist?  Is mirror mounted with bottom at 40" or less?  X  Right on a 40" – men's even tilts  N/A  9/2014  Are towels, soap dispensers, dryers, within reach (48" or less) and usable with a fist?  Is there a public phone available that is hearing aid compatible, TTY/TTD equipped and marked as such?  Does the agency website meet 508 accessibility  S  X  We do not provide public phones but those on site are push button, with volume controls and can be placed at accessible heights if needed – A new hire needing this accommodation would trigger this purchase in the future or when we upgrade the agency's phone systems. Until then it is an undue burden.  We meet very few with the current website.  Rebuild site to meet compliance requirements – provide additional training to staff working on site  Is there clear floor space of 30" by 48" in front of fountain?  X  Moved a recycle bin to meet 48"  N/A  9/2014   | Is the toilet seat between 17" and 19" high?   | Х |   | Both measure at 18"  | N/A  | 9/2014               |
| Is mirror mounted with bottom at 40" or less?  Are towels, soap dispensers, dryers, within reach (48" or less) and usable with a fist?  Is there a public phone available that is hearing aid compatible, TTY/TTD equipped and marked as such?  Does the agency website meet 508 accessibility standards?  X Right on a 40" – men's even tilts  X Soap & paper towel dispenser comply  X We do not provide public phones but those on site are push button, with volume controls and can be placed at accessible heights if needed – A new hire needing this accommodation would trigger this purchase in the future or when we upgrade the agency's phone systems. Until then it is an undue burden.  X We meet very few with the current website.  Rebuild site to meet compliance requirements – provide additional training to staff working on site  Is there clear floor space of 30" by 48" in front of fountain?  X Moved a recycle bin to meet 48"  N/A 9/2014  | Is sink top at 34", bottom at 29" excluding pipes?   | Х |   | Sink is 33.5 at top and 28 at bottom   | N/A  | 9/2014               |
| Are towels, soap dispensers, dryers, within reach (48" or less) and usable with a fist?  Is there a public phone available that is hearing aid compatible, TTY/TTD equipped and marked as such?  Does the agency website meet 508 accessibility standards?  X We meet very few with the current website.  X We meet very few with the current website.  X We meet very few with the current website.  X We meet very few with the current website.  X We meet very few with the current website.  X Moved a recycle bin to meet 48"  N/A 9/2014  N/A 9/2014  | Can faucets be operated with closed fist?  | Х |   | Lever handles pass test  | N/A  | 9/2014               |
| less) and usable with a fist?  Is there a public phone available that is hearing aid compatible, TTY/TTD equipped and marked as such?  Does the agency website meet 508 accessibility standards?  Is there clear floor space of 30" by 48" in front of fountain?  X We do not provide public phones but those on site are push button, with volume controls and can be placed at accessible heights if needed – A new hire needing this accommodation would trigger this purchase in the future or when we upgrade the agency's phone systems. Until then it is an undue burden.  X We meet very few with the current website.  Rebuild site to meet compliance requirements – provide additional training to staff working on site  11/2014  Moved a recycle bin to meet 48"  N/A 9/2014  Power of the fountain?  N/A 9/2014  | Is mirror mounted with bottom at 40" or less?  | Х |   | Right on a 40" – men's even tilts  | N/A  | 9/2014               |
| and can be placed at accessible heights if needed – A new hire needing this accommodation would trigger this purchase in the future or when we upgrade the agency's phone systems. Until then it is an undue burden.  Does the agency website meet 508 accessibility standards?  We meet very few with the current website.  Rebuild site to meet compliance requirements – provide additional training to staff working on site  Is there clear floor space of 30" by 48" in front of fountain?  A Moved a recycle bin to meet 48"  N/A 9/2014  | Are towels, soap dispensers, dryers, within reach (48" or less) and usable with a fist?                | Х |   | Soap & paper towel dispenser comply  | N/A  | 9/2014               |
| standards?  requirements – provide additional training to staff working on site  Is there clear floor space of 30" by 48" in front of fountain?  X Moved a recycle bin to meet 48" requirement  N/A 9/2014   | Is there a public phone available that is hearing aid compatible, TTY/TTD equipped and marked as such? |   | X | and can be placed at accessible height accommodation would trigger this purcha | s if needed – A new hire needing this<br>se in the future or when we upgrade the | UB                   |
| fountain? requirement  | Does the agency website meet 508 accessibility standards?  |   | х | We meet very few with the current website.                                     | requirements – provide additional  | Tentative<br>11/2014 |
|  | Is there clear floor space of 30" by 48" in front of fountain?   | Х |   |  | N/A  | 9/2014               |
|  | Is the drinking spout no more than 36" high?   | Х |   | Spout is right at 36"  | N/A  | 9/2014               |

| Are controls mounted on front or side and operable with closed fist? | Х | Front controls are push button     | N/A | 9/2014 |
|--|---|------------------------------------|-----|--------|
| Is fountain cane detectable?   | Х | Bottom of fountain is right at 27" | N/A | 9/2014 |

Completed By: Stephanie Plancich, GRPC public Involvement/Title VI Coordinator

Date: September 11, 2014

As part of the self-evaluation process Stephanie reviewed the GRPC website homepage with a free accessibility assessment tool, WAVE managed by WEB aim. Wave reviewed our home page and provided a statement of finding on our current level of accessibility.

One just the one page the software identified 141 errors and/or places where we can improve our electronic outreach program to provide better service. The top three areas in need of correction include: color contrast, alternative text for images, links and videos, and structural elements like lists and tables. Here is screen shot of our accessibility scan with results.

Note: WAVE was selected for this purpose because it places correction icons over the site to easy let you know what elements were found non-compliant or questionable. Other similar service providers did not have this feature.



We will use these findings to compare how we are able to improve the site's accessible functions over the next year. Two things are planned in FY 2015 to address these concerns. 1. We have selected a consultant to review and update the GRPC website and improved accessibility is included in the contract; and 2. Both staff members responsible for web updates, the Public Involvement Coordinator and IT Specialist, will be provided training from the consultant to maintain and continue improving website functionality.

# Civil Rights: Limited English Proficiency (LEP) Plan

#### Chapter 7: Limited English Proficiency (LEP) Plan

## Executive Order 13166: Improving access to programs, services and activities for persons with Limited English Proficiency

The purpose of E.O. 13166 is to ensure accessibility to programs and services to persons who are not proficient in the English language. This executive order states that individuals who do not speak English well and who have a limited ability to read, write, speak, or understand English are entitled to language assistance under Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, further;

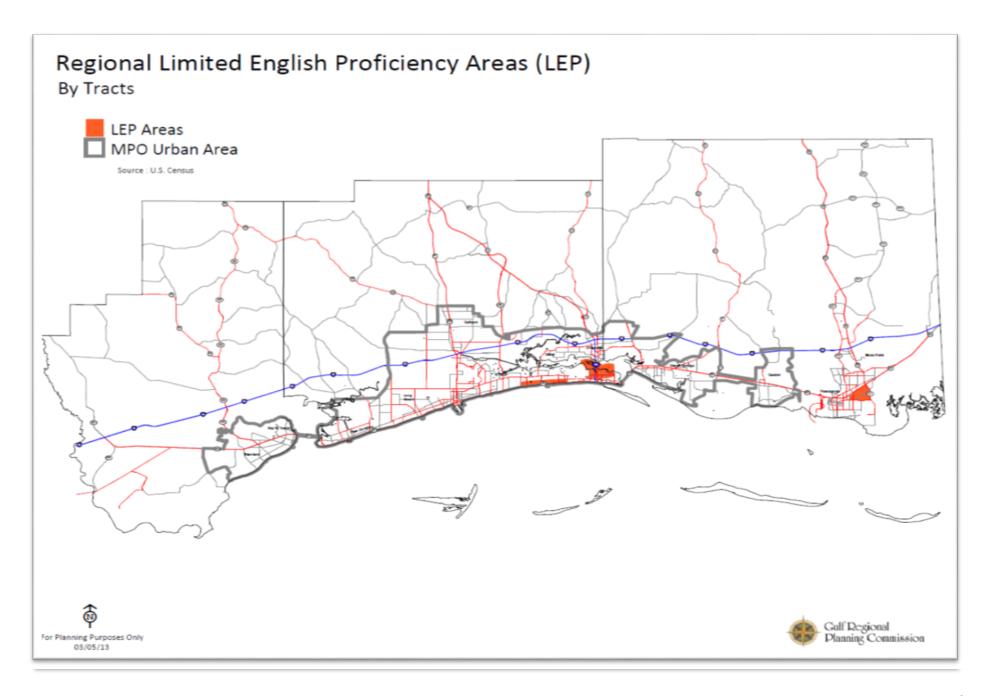
Not only do all federal agencies have to develop LEP Plans as a condition of receiving federal financial assistance, recipients have to comply with the Title VI and LEP guidelines of the federal agency from which funds are provided, for example the US Department of Transportation. As a recipient, the MS Gulf Coast MPO must comply with Title VI regulations in all GRPC activities.

The United States Census Bureau defines an LEP person as someone who does not speak English as their first language AND who has an ability level of "not well" or "not at all" in reading, writing, speaking or understanding the English language.

The intent of this Limited English Proficiency Plan is to ensure access to the planning process and information published by GRPC where it is determined that a <u>substantial number</u> of residents do not speak or read English proficiently. The production of multi-lingual publications and documents and/or interpretation assistance at meetings or events will be provided to the degree that funding permits based on current laws and regulations.

This LEP plan will be evaluated as part of the Transportation Management Area (TMA) review process. The review is conducted every four years jointly by the Federal Highway and Federal Transit Administrations.

| Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964              | Limited English Proficiency E.O. 13166              |
|---|---|
| Federal Law   | Federal Policy                                      |
| Enacted in 1964                                       | Enacted in 2000                                     |
| Considers all persons                                 | Considers the eligible population                   |
| Contains monitoring & oversight requirements          | Contains monitoring & oversight requirements        |
| Provides protection based on race, color and national | Provides protection on the basis of national origin |
| origin  |   |
| Focuses on eliminating discrimination in federally    | Focuses on providing LEP people meaningful access   |
| funded programs                                       | to services using a four factor analysis            |
| Requires annual accomplishment an upcoming goals      | Requires annual accomplishment an upcoming goals    |
| report to FHWA  | report to FHWA                                      |



#### **LEP Four Factor Analysis**

As a recipient of federal funding, the MPO must take reasonable steps to ensure meaningful access to the information and services it provides. As noticed in the Federal Register Volume 70, Number 239 (12.14.2005), there are four factors to consider in determining "reasonable steps." Below we have listed the four factors and the conclusions found by the GRPC in assessing the MS Gulf Coast community.

#### Factor 1: The number and proportion of LEP persons in the eligible service area

The number and proportion of LEP populations in the MPO planning area warrants consideration in the public participation plan. The primary language, other than English, spoken in our region is Spanish. According to the 2010 Census, there is a very small percentage of Vietnamese speaking residents that would require language accommodations to participate in the planning process. These numbers fall below the "substantial number" threshold where the MPO would be required to translate public outreach documentation as a rule. The Spanish population, however, does meet the threshold, therefore general public notices and agency fliers meant for general public dissemination will be translated and made available in Spanish without request.

#### Factor 2: The frequency with which LEP persons encounter MPO programs

LEP populations do not regularly, nor actively participate in the transportation planning process. Agency staff do not encounter non-English speaking individuals with great frequency. On the rare occasion we do have the opportunity to interact with an LEP individual, they most often arrive in a familial or other group which provides its own language support services. (GRPC has never had a formal request for language services prior to a scheduled event or activity.) Recent program changes including; translation service on the GRPC website, targeted outreach in LEP project areas, and bi-lingual publication of informational materials is expected to increase LEP levels of participation and the agency will continue to adopt to community needs.

#### Factor 3: The importance of the service provided by MPO programs

Each MPO program directly impacts the well-being of its constituents, including LEP populations. The identification of resources and costs to the MPO to provide communication and interaction with LEP populations is warranted. MPO projects and programs may affect the quality of life of LEP individuals as they may alter how they move in and out of the community.

#### Factor 4: The resources available and overall cost to the MPO

Hiring out all translation and interpreter services could be financially unfeasible for the MS Gulf Coast MPO; however, GRPC staff is compiling a resource roster of potential reduced cost or no cost service providers as they build partnerships in the community. System upgrades to both the phone and website will encounter some cost, but GRPC will make the necessary upgrades even if in stages. GRPC staff will also develop generic messaging for translation that will not have to be interpreted more than once for print media and other publications, thus saving costs.

#### **Summary of LEP Analysis**

Spanish v Vietnamese LEP populations

| County          | Spanish speakers with low or no English Proficiency | Vietnamese speakers with low<br>or no English<br>Proficiency |
|-----------------|---|--|
| Harrison County | 1831  | 235  |
| Hancock County  | 159   | 0  |
| Jackson County  | 905   | 46   |

Per this table it is clear that the MPO LEP priority needs to be on reaching the Spanish speaking population, however, GRPC staff has, in their community analysis, still considered the needs of the Vietnamese speaking individuals.

Since the 2000 Census reports, the Vietnamese population has seen significant changes. Populations in Biloxi reduced from 1707 to 1034, a 39.4% decrease. D'Iberville grew from 432 to 609, a 41% increase and Ocean Springs saw an 18.6% increase from 215 to 255 residents. It is reported that the changes are due to the effect of Hurricane Katrina, the rise of insurance costs near the coast and the impact of the BP oil disaster on local fishing communities (*Asian Americans for Change. 2011*). These statistics, however, are the total number of people who have identified themselves as Vietnamese. Only a small portion of these do not speak English as their primary language. As shown above, there are no individuals needing Vietnamese translation services in Hancock County, very few in Jackson County and Harrison County.

The MPO has considered these changes and has determined the following;

- 1. It is no longer fiscally responsible to translate regional outreach materials into Vietnamese
- 2. Vietnamese interpretation services will still be available upon request at events and meetings
- 3. Targeted outreach will be conducted when proposed projects will directly impact mapped
- 4. Vietnamese concentrations in Harrison County
- 5. Vietnamese publications will be utilized at least once annually to encourage participation and to inform residents of their option to be involved in the transportation planning process.

GRPC staff has completed the four factor community assessment and have identified who the LEP populations are, where they are located, the MPO role in their well-being and potential cost saving measures in providing language services. The assessment revealed that within the MPO boundary Spanish speakers with limited English proficiency are the MPO priority but that we must continue to consider the needs of Vietnamese speakers as well. The MPO is committed to ensuring that all region residents have reasonable access to MPO information and specific opportunities to participate in the transportation planning process.

#### **Engagement Strategies that Engage the LEP Community**

#### LEP ENGAGEMENT STRATEGIES:

- 1. HIRE A CIVIL RIGHTS COORDINATOR
- 2. ADD TRANSLATION OPTIONS TO THE MPO WEBSITE
- 3. TARGETED OUTREACH AND ENGAGEMENT EFFORTS
- 4. UTILIZE PRINT MEDIA IN OTHER LANGAUGES
- 5. PROVIDE TRANSLATED MATERIALS AT MPO EVENTS
- 6. COORDINATION OF INTERPRETERS AT MPO EVENTS

#### Hire a Public Involvement/Civil Rights Coordinator

The MPO Public Involvement/Civil Rights Coordinator oversees the implementation of the PPP including the design and implementation of LEP targeted engagement efforts. A full position description is located above in Title VI Chapter. The Coordinator is the point of contact for assistance requests and will oversee the efforts to secure language assistance services. He/she will also oversee the process of translating core MPO documents for print and electronic distribution.

#### Multi-Lingual Website Translation

The GRPC website, www.grpc.com, has full translation capabilities through a google service. We have been informed that. At times, the translation is not grammatically correct, but that for an instant translation it does a good job of providing LEP individuals access to information, the participation events calendar, document review and comment opportunities, public opinion surveys and other information housed on the website. The translation tab is clearly placed and is available on every page of the site. We will have both Spanish and Vietnamese access on the website.

#### Targeted LEP Outreach and Engagement Events

The MPO will coordinate targeted outreach events and activities in LEP communities whenever it is identified that a program, service or project will directly impact an identified Title VI/LEP area. These events will be held at convenient locations for the target population. For example; near work locations such as the east Biloxi fishing piers and docks, cultural centers, churches or local community centers. Activities may also include posting information in the LEP area or conducting one-on-one interviews and surveys within the outreach area.

#### Print Media Outreach

GRPC will publish print translated and bi-lingual ads and articles whenever a program, service or project is expected to impact a large number of LEP persons across a broad area making the targeted outreach too cumbersome or costly to perform.

The two core print resources are the El Pueblo Newspaper for Spanish speaking community members and the Boat People community newsletter to reach the Vietnamese speaking community. Published and other printed materials include information about the project or plan, potential impact, where to get more information and how to make a comment.

#### Provision of Translated Materials

All materials developed by the MPO may be made available, upon request, in other formats. This may include translation, larger print, or other options. The GRPC/MPO brochure is produced in both English and Spanish and is made available at all public events. In situations when a document or other information is requested that has not been previously translated, GRPC will facilitate the translation and provide that information to the requesting individual or group. At LEP community specific events, all materials, including presentations and handouts, will be translated and prepared for distribution. Public opinion surveys and polls will be translated and copies will be provided for distribution within the LEP community. This may take longer to accomplish than 5 business days, especially for large

planning documents. The Public Involvement Coordinator will stay in contact with the requestor until the document has been delivered.

#### Coordination of Interpreters

Interpreters will be provided at public events, MPO committee meetings or other GRPC activities with sufficient notice that the service is needed. GRPC maintains an active roster of local interpreters and translators. These partnerships include; community-based organizations, faith-based organizations, business associations, local leaders and bi-lingual media outlets.

Translation and interpretation service providers include:

- Coast Transit Authority
- Our Lady of Fatima
- The United Methodist Church
- Church of the Vietnamese Martyrs
- The Buddhist Congregation in Biloxi
- Boat People SOS
- The Village El Pueblo Outreach Services
- Gulf Coast Community College

Requests for assistance, including requests for interpretation or translation must to be submitted at least 5 business days prior to any scheduled event to allow GRPC staff to coordinate with service providers. Requests should include the name and contact information of the requestor or their representative, the name and date of the upcoming event or the title of the MPO document being requested and a description of the assistance needed. This can be mailed to 1635-G Popps Ferry Road, Biloxi MS 39532, called in to 228-864-1167 or emailed to contactus@grpc.com.

It is important to note that translation and interpretation services often have an associated cost and may take some time to coordinate. GRPC staff has and are continuing to develop relationships with individuals and organizations that may provide language services at a reduced rate or free of charge. However, there may be instances where financial constraints may make the service unreasonable. Similarly, if GRPC exhausts its list of translation service providers and no one is available on the date or at the time of the event they may not be able to provide the service. However, in either situation, GRPC staff will respond to the requesting person and will attempt to offer alternative solutions. For example, if an interpreter is not available to attend a set event, GRPC may schedule a meeting on a later date where the information could be discussed. Effective LEP plan management will help ensure this situation will rarely, if ever, occur.



# Justice (EJ) Plan

**Chapter 8: Environmental Justice (EJ) Program** 

#### being denied benefits or not

#### EJ encompasses three fundamental principles:

- 1. To avoid, minimize, or mitigate disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects, including social and economic effects, on minority populations and low-income populations.
- 2. To ensure the full and fair participation by all potentially affected communities in the transportation decision-making process.
- 3. To prevent the denial of, reduction in, or significant delay in the receipt of benefits by minority populations and low- income populations.

#### EJ requires the MPO to:

- 1. Examine the allocation of benefits and burdens, currently and in projects planned in the future.
- 2. Ensure that minority and low-income communities are treated equitably in the provision of transportation services and projects.
- 3. Provide ample participation for minority and low-income communities to advise the MPO during its planning and decision-making process.

Like the Title VI and LEP policies, Environmental Justice must be a consideration of GRPC in all of its agency activities, not just those that involve the use of federal funds. The US Department of Transportation (DOT) in 23 CFR 450, specifically mandates that the MPO must "seek out and consider the needs of those traditionally underserved by existing transportation systems, including, but not limited to, low-income and minority households."

The goal of the DOT Order is to ensure that programs, policies, and other activities do not have a disproportionately high and adverse effect on minority or low-income populations. This goal is to be achieved, in part, by implementing both Title VI and NEPA policies during the development and implementation of transportation activities.

In addition, the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) requires impacts on all communities including low-income and minority communities to be routinely identified and addressed.

#### When should Environmental Justice be considered?

Throughout the planning process, planners must determine whether Environmental Justice issues exist and use data and other information to: (1) determine benefits to and potential negative impacts on minority populations and low-income populations from proposed investments or actions; (2) quantify expected effects (total, positive and negative) and disproportionately high and adverse effects on minority populations and low-income populations; and (3) determine the appropriate course of action (avoidance, minimization, or mitigation.)

If identified issues are not addressed in the planning stage, they may be more costly or difficult to mitigate later, they can delay project decisions or halt project construction. It is important that the MPO makes a concerted effort to identify all impacted populations of a project and document how they may be impacted. Both positive and negative impacts should be discussed and addressed appropriately.

| Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964              | Limited English Proficiency E.O. 13166           |
|---|--|
| Federal Law   | Federal Policy                                   |
| Enacted in 1964                                       | Signed in 1994                                   |
| Considers all persons                                 | Considers the eligible population                |
| Contains monitoring & oversight requirements          | Contains monitoring & oversight requirements     |
| Provides protection based on race, color and national | Provides protection based on minority and income |
| origin  | status   |
| Focuses on eliminating discrimination in federally    | Focuses on identifying and addressing adverse    |
| funded programs                                       | human health and environmental effects           |
| Requires annual accomplishment an upcoming goals      | Requires annual accomplishment an upcoming goals |
| report to FHWA  | report to FHWA                                   |
| Defines human rights that are legally enforceable for | Does not create any rights but compliance is a   |
| all federal-funds recipients                          | required element of program administration       |

Environmental justice determinations are made based on an of population size. It is important to consider the of an action among different population groups. Disproportionately high and adverse effects are the bases for Environmental Justice. A very small minority or low-income population in the project, study, or planning area does not eliminate the possibility of a disproportionately high and adverse effect on these populations. What is needed is to show the comparative effects on these populations in relation to either non-minority or higher income populations, as appropriate.

#### What constitutes an environmental impact?

All reasonably foreseeable adverse social, economic, and environmental effects on minority populations and low-income populations must be identified and addressed. Adverse effects include, but are not limited to:

- Bodily impairment, infirmity, illness, or death.
- Air, noise, and water pollution and soil contamination.
- Destruction or disruption of man-made or natural resources.
- Destruction or diminution of aesthetic values.
- Destruction or disruption of community cohesion or a community's economic vitality.
- Destruction or disruption of the availability of public and private facilities and services.
- Vibration.
- Adverse employment effects.
- Displacement of persons, businesses, farms, or nonprofit organizations.
- Increased traffic congestion, isolation, exclusion, or separation of minority or low-income individuals within a given community or from the broader community.
- The denial of, reduction in, or significant delay in the receipt of, benefits of DOT programs, policies, or activities.

#### **Definitions**

#### Minority

The U.S. DOT Order (5610.2) on Environmental Justice defines "Minority" in the Definitions section of the Appendix, and provides clear definitions of the four (4) minority groups addressed by the Executive Order. These groups are:

- Black (a person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa).
- Hispanic (a person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, etc.)

- Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.
- Asian American (a person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast
- Asia, the Indian subcontinent, or the Pacific Islands).
- American Indian and Alaskan Native (a person having origins in any of the original people of North America and who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition).
- Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander a person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands

#### Low-Income

The FHWA Order defines "low-income" as "a person whose household income is at or below the Department of Health and Human Services poverty guidelines."

With reference to the regional maps provided depicting low-income populations. The MPO defined Low income as households reporting \$25,000 or less annual income, and extremely low-income households as those reporting \$15,000 or less annually.

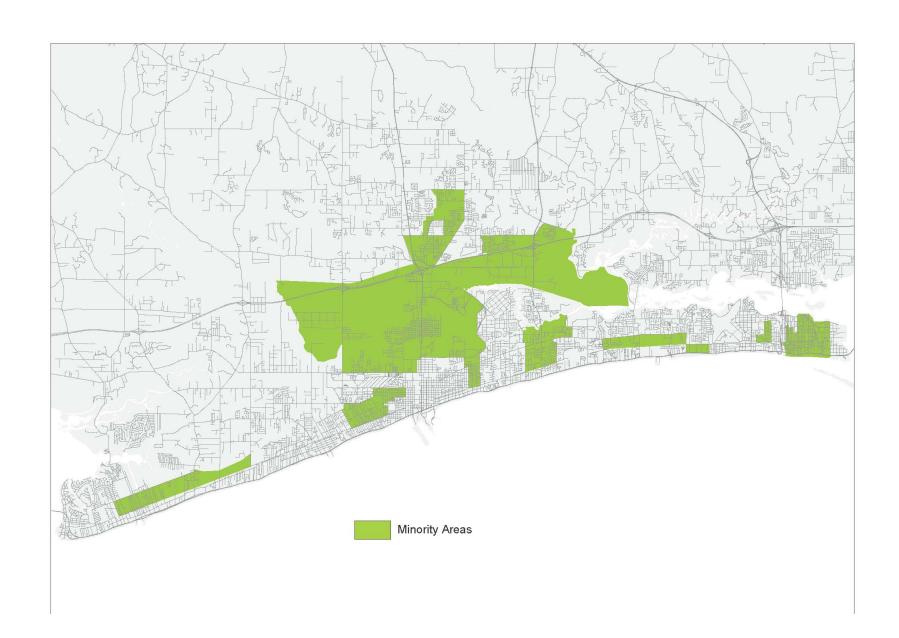
#### **Environmental Justice integrated in the PPP**

Utilizing available resources GRPC has set environmental justice goals. One of the resources applied is the 1999 FHWA and FTA memorandum which clarifies Title VI requirements in metropolitan planning. The memorandum identifies a series of actions that can be taken to support Title VI compliance and Environmental Justice goals, improve planning performance, and minimize the potential for subsequent corrective action and complaint.

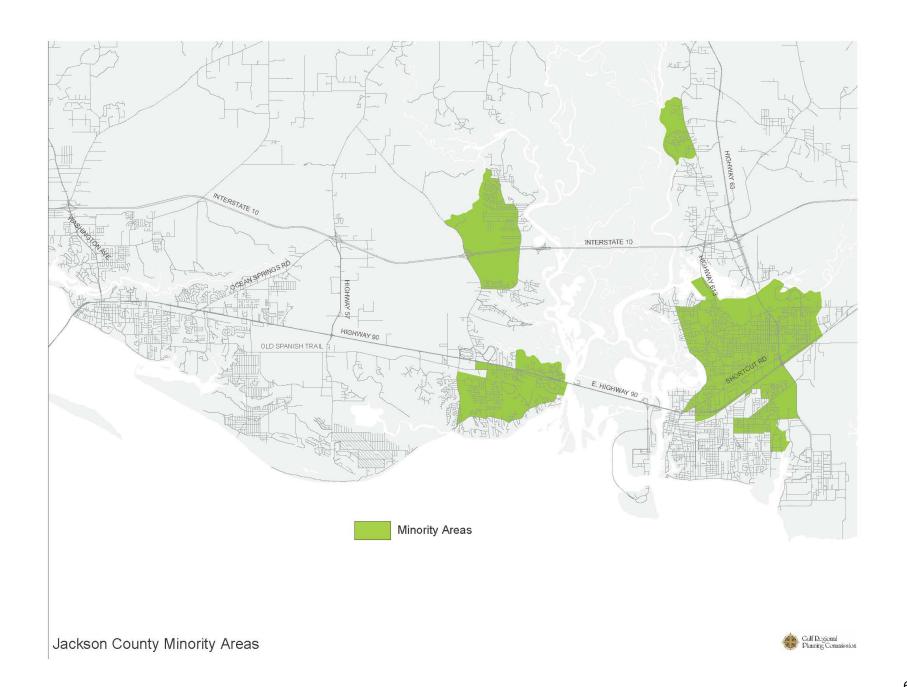
Specifically, the memorandum provides technical assistance for three key areas of planning: (1) provides questions and concerns to raise during annual self-certification of compliance with Title VI, metropolitan planning certification reviews in Transportation Management Areas (TMAs), and statewide planning findings; (2) provides questions and concerns to raise while reviewing public-involvement efforts regarding the engagement of minority populations and low-income populations; and (3) encourages Unified Planning Work Programs to begin developing or enhancing technical capability for assessing impact distributions among populations.

#### NEPA required actions include:

- Analyzing environmental effects, including human health, economic, and social effects on minority and low-income populations
- Ensuring that mitigation measures, address disproportionately high and adverse environmental effects or proposed actions on minority and low-income populations
- Providing opportunities for community input in the planning process, including identifying potential effects and mitigation measures

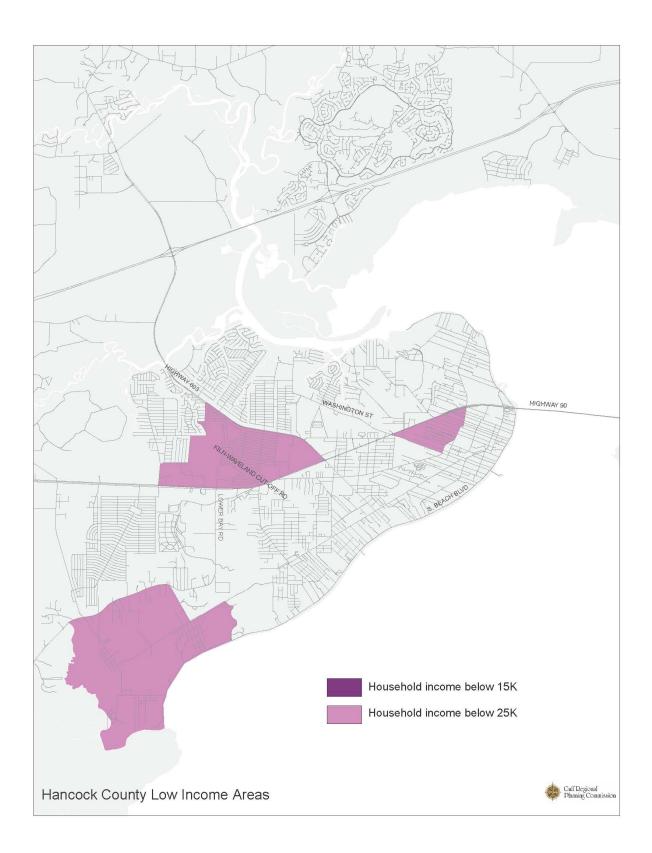










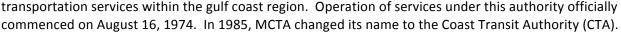


# Participation in Regional Transit Planning

#### **Chapter 9: Regional Transit Planning**

#### **Coast Transit Authority Overview**

In 1970, the Mississippi State Legislature created the Mississippi Coast Transportation Authority (MCTA) and tasked the agency to provide public



CTA is a non-profit provider of public transportation for the three coastal counties of Mississippi. It is an independently managed public utility that is governed by a Board of Commissioners. The Board is tasked with establishing policy for the management staff. The day-to-day operations of the authority is under the leadership of an executive director who is supported by three department directors and two supervisors.

Funding for CTA's operations and capital projects are currently provided by self-generated revenue, the Federal Transit Administration, State of Mississippi, Harrison County, and the Cities of Biloxi, Gulfport, D'Iberville and Ocean Springs. Self-generated funds consist of passenger fares, advertising revenue, charter revenue, contract revenue, vending revenue and sale of surplus equipment. Federal Transit Administration (FTA) funding is provided in the form of operating (50/50) and capital (80/20) grants. To access these grants, either 50% or 20% local matching funds are required to be available.

#### The CTA Mission

To provide safe, dependable, clean, comfortable, convenient and affordable public transportation services to the Mississippi Gulf Coast in a cost efficient manner.



CTA Beach Comfort Station at Courthouse Rd.



CTA Trolley at Biloxi Lighthouse and Welcome Center

CTA works closely with Gulf Regional Planning Commission (GRPC) as a member of the MPO, to ensure that transit programs and projects are adequately represented in MPO planning documents as well as to accomplish a variety of planning tasks including route studies, data collection and transit plan updates.

#### **Transit Service Profile**

CTA offers the following types of transit services to the general public:

- CTA offers a total of ten



routes which provide service in portions of Ocean Springs, St. Martin, D'Iberville, Biloxi and Gulfport. Service is also offered during community events as well as to Keesler Air Force Base in Biloxi. All CTA buses and trolleys are ADA accessible except Keesler RT 24. Portions of the fixed route system run on Sundays. Bilingual, English/Spanish, route and schedule information is available on the CTA website: www.coasttransit.com and is written in the Rider's Guide, available for free to the community.

 Every bus and trolley on the fixed route system in equipped to accommodate up to two bicycles on an easy to use front rack free of charge.

— CTA offers complementary curb-to-curb ADA para transit services within Harrison and Jackson Counties to qualified individuals. Applications for service are taken at the CTA Offices (333 DeBuys Road, Gulfport, MS). ADA para transit is available within 3/4 of a mile on either side of CTA's fixed route bus system. Individuals may go anywhere they want, as long as the destination is on an existing CTA fixed route.



The goal of ADA Para Transit PLUS is to provide transportation to people with disabilities that live outside of the ADA mandated ¾ mile service corridors. You must make an appointment to ride *ADA Para Transit PLUS*. Service requests are taken Monday - Friday from 8am to 5pm at the CTA offices and are available to people in all three coastal counties. The same eligibility requirements exist for ADA and ADA Plus services.



- CTA offers park-and-ride services from the following locations within Harrison County: Gulfport Transit Center; Biloxi Transit Center; Edgewater Mall; Courthouse Road (Left- Gulfport Transit Center, Right- Biloxi Transit Center)



- The Senior

Citizen Service is a non-emergency curb-to-curb service the CTA provides in cooperation with the Harrison County Board of Supervisors. Transportation is provided <u>free of charge</u> to eligible participants for medical appointments, grocery shopping and to senior citizen centers. Applications for this service are collected by the Harrison County Human Resource Agency. Applicants may apply online, in person and by phone.

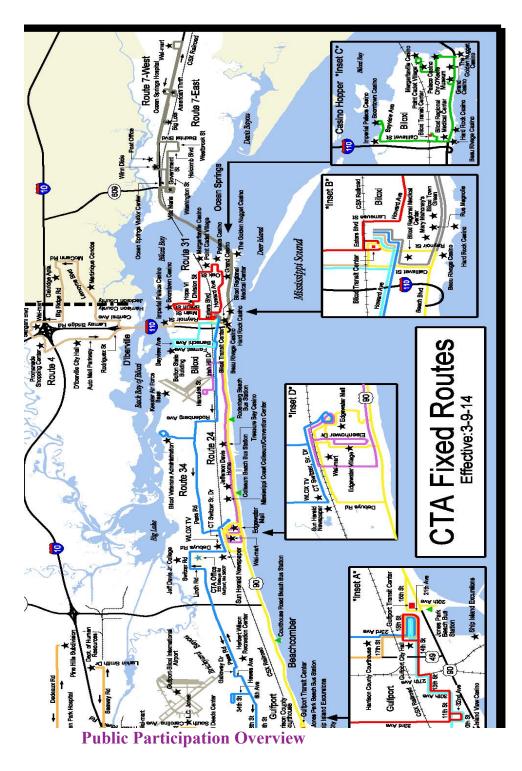
 The Coast Commuter is a work transportation program consisting of vanpools, carpools and fixed route services. The Commuter program provides cost and stress reducing commute options for the three coastal counties. Contact CTA at 228-896-8080 or www.coasttransit.com.



- CTA provides transportation services in the event of an emergency situation impacting residents in the Gulf Coast region. The most common type of service is free access to inclement weather shelters. Harrison County residents may also utilize evacuation services provided in partnership with the Harrison County Emergency Management Agency. The service is available to

all citizens including seniors, the disabled and people with pets. Some restrictions apply. Citizens can register for emergency transportation by calling CTA at 228-896-8080 or at www.coasttransit.com.

CTA Fixed Route Service Area (Current as of 9/13/14)



Just like the MPO, CTA is required by 23 CFR 450 to "... provide complete information, timely public notice,

full public access to key decisions, and support early and continuing involvement of the public in developing plans and Transportation Improvement Programs..." Similarly, under Title VI of the Civil Rights Act, they may not discriminate against any of the protected populations in the commission of their programs, activities and services.

Per FTA Circular 4702.1B, CTA is not required to conduct a formal equity analysis for proposed service and fare changes, they must follow US DOT guidance to avoid or mitigate disparate impacts on the protected populations.

In compliance with this guidance, CTA and MPO staff review all proposed changes to identify whether or not one or more traditionally underserved groups will be impacted by a proposed change. Awareness of a possible disparate impact directs the staff in planning effective participation events in appropriate locations and times. The review process also reveals the percentage of impact expected for those populations. The percentage of impact helps staff determine if the change is minor and major, which in turn, defines the length of public review the change will require.

More information on disparate impact and the CTA title VI plan can be found at www.coasttransit.com or can be requested from CTA staff at jcurtis@coasttransit.com or 228-896-8080.









### **CTA Role in MPO Planning Activities**

MPO staff work closely with CTA staff and stakeholders throughout the development process of several

regional transportation planning documents and to meet public outreach goals and objectives.

CTA staff work closely with the MPO in developing the transit goals for the MS Gulf Coast. There is a transit chapter included in the Metropolitan Transportation Plan. This chapter is a small excerpt of the much more comprehensive Transit Development Plan maintained by CTA.

Similarly, transit is included in its own section of the Transportation Improvement Program (TIP). CTA staff develop their list of projects for the 4 year planning period. It is made available for public review as part of the TIP review period for update and amendments. CTA allocations are adopted by the TPC and are approved by MDOT and FHWA.

The MPO work program (UPWP) includes specific activities that MPO staff will conduct over a two year period. Transit development efforts are included in this document. Commonly occurring activities include collecting and reporting transit data, supporting outreach efforts and conducting transit growth and development studies, as well as, updating and maintaining required planning documents.

CTA staff and their Board of Commissioners have elected to follow the MPO maintained Public Participation Plan (PPP) instead of managing a separate document. This transit chapter was added to the GRPC/MPO PPP during the 2014 plan update to better address transit specific participation needs and requirements. CTA staff will participate in the updating, amending and review process for the PPP to ensure that the transit information contained within remains current, relevant and effective in meeting objectives.

The staff at CTA have been made available to the MPO for translation purposes. CTA currently has three bilingual staff members who are able to interpret verbal comments as well as translate written materials into Spanish and Vietnamese. CTA has agreed to assist the MPO staff with meeting the participation plan's LEP and EJ goals by sharing their language resources when possible. In addition to language assistance, CTA also supports MPO efforts to host meetings in convenient locations and times by allowing MPO staff to use transit center meeting spaces for events.

### **MPO Role in CTA Planning Activities**

The MPO role in the CTA/GRPC partnership focuses mainly on conducting planning activities. The MPO staff regularly service improvement studies to support CTA development efforts. Common outputs include route and stop enhancements, bus shelter and transit access needs, service expansion planning, headway reduction analysis and encouraging the incorporation of transit in regional roadway improvement projects. GRPC meeting space is made available to CTA for their agency events and activities. CTA education and outreach materials are distributed in the GRPC office building and are often taken to public events hosted and attended by MPO staff. The MPO Public Participation/Civil Rights Coordinator works directly with CTA to develop and maintain their Title VI plan and works with the staff, when requested, to conduct transit related outreach and awareness activities.

More transit planning information, current participation opportunities and copies of MPO planning documents and transit specific plans can be found at www.grpc.com and/or www.coasttransit.com.

| Type of Change                                    | Example Activities   |
|---|--|
| Major Change Requires 30 Day public review period | <ul> <li>Adding a new service route (10% or greater)</li> <li>Route changes in service area (10% or greater)</li> <li>Span of service changes (10% or greater)</li> <li>All Fare changes are major changes</li> <li>System wide changes to process and/or standards</li> <li>Route elimination</li> <li>Headway changes (10% or greater)</li> <li>Load factor (10% or greater)</li> <li>Stop locations over ¼ mile away</li> </ul> |
| Minor Change Requires 15 Day public review period | <ul> <li>Route changes less than 10%</li> <li>Span of service changes less than 10%</li> <li>Administrative changes to service standards</li> <li>Stop locations less than ¼ mile away</li> <li>Headway changes less than 10%</li> <li>Load factor less than 10%</li> <li>Vehicle type change</li> </ul>   |

# Public Participation: **Program Evaluation**

### **Chapter 10: Public Participation Evaluation**

### **Internal Program Assessments**

The Public Involvement/Civil Rights Coordinator is responsible for assessing the Public Participation Plan (PPP). Reviews will be conducted, at minimum annually, to assess the effectiveness, financial feasibility and goal performance. The performance checklist is included below.

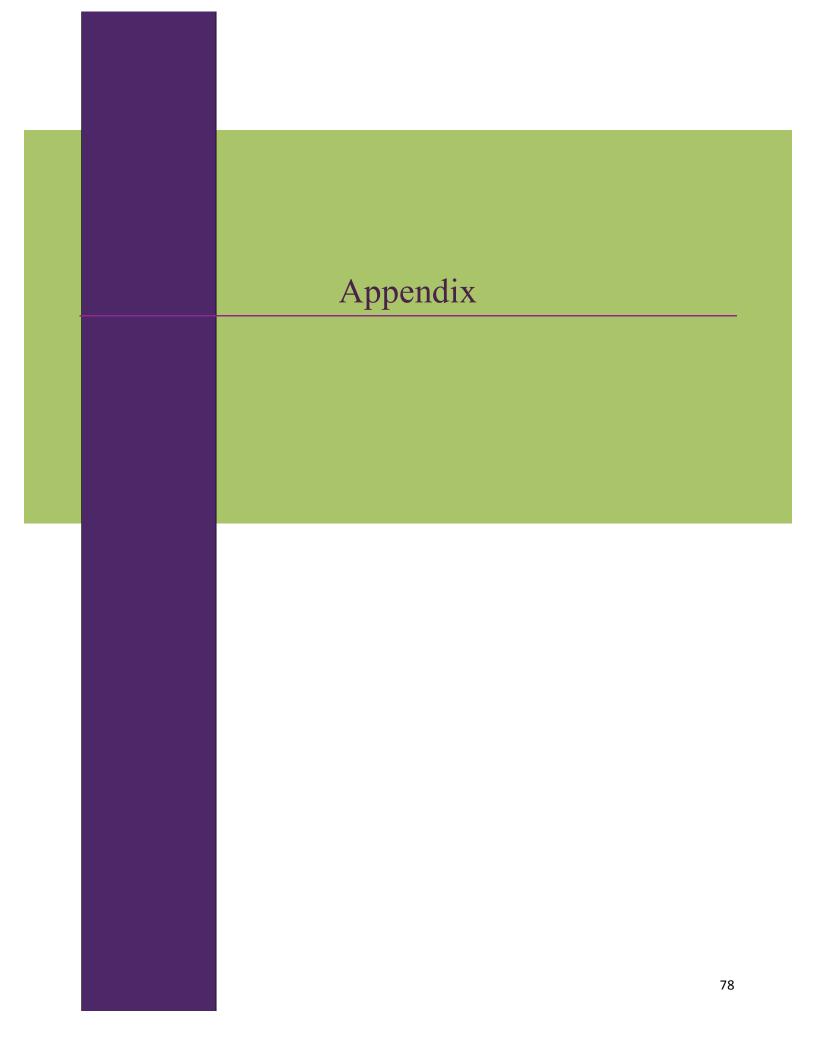
The PPP, like the other MPO required planning documents, is made available for public review and comment before the implementation of any recommended changes. A full plan update is subject to a 45 day review period, an amendment is accompanied by a 10 day review period. A plan modification does not require public review prior to adoption. (See Public Participation Overview for a description of PPP amendments and modifications.)

In addition to regular staff assessments of the participation plan and the strategies contained within, the MPO also completes an annual self-certification. The certification is an assurance to US DOT and MDOT that the MPO is acting in compliance with applicable non-discrimination law, rules and regulations. The elements of the self-certification are included in the annual program evaluation checklist.

### **External Program Assessments**

Every four years the MPO must also ensure compliance through a Transportation Management Area (TMA) certification review process. The review is conducted jointly by a representative of the Federal Highway Administration and the Federal Transit Administration. The requirements for certification reviews are included in the US Code of Federal Regulations, 40 CFR 450.334. Certification reviews are rigorous and detailed audits of the MPO planning processes. They are conducted over a 2-3 day period and include opportunities for public input. After the review concludes, the FHWA/FTA staff compile their findings and submit a summary report that includes recommended and corrective actions. The MPO then shares the summary with their boards and committees to initiate the corrective actions.

The "opportunities for public input" are one place where the certification review process can interface with the Public Participation Plan. However, a more important relationship is the requirement for public engagement contained in the surface transportation legislation. The FHWA/FTA review team, for example, will typically inspect the Public Participation and Title VI Plans regularly for adequacy. Perhaps still more important is the consideration of evidence presented by the TMA that the agency is doing a commendable job of engaging the public.



### **APPENDIX**

### **Appendix A - Federal Requirements**

### Federal Laws

On July 6, 2012, President Obama signed into law P.L. 112-141, the Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act (MAP-21). Funding surface transportation programs at over \$105 billion for fiscal years (FY) 2013 and 2014, MAP-21 is the first long-term highway authorization enacted since 2005. MAP-21 represents a milestone for the U.S. economy – it provides needed funds and, more importantly, it transforms the policy and programmatic framework for investments to guide the growth and development of the country's vital transportation infrastructure.

MAP-21 creates a streamlined, performance-based, and multimodal program to address the many challenges facing the U.S. transportation system. These challenges include improving safety, maintaining infrastructure condition, reducing traffic congestion, improving efficiency of the system and freight movement, protecting the environment, and reducing delays in project delivery. MAP-21 builds on and refines many of the highway, transit, bike, and pedestrian programs and policies established in 1991. (Source: MAP 21 Summary from the Federal Highway Administration)

Gulf Regional Planning Commission, the Metropolitan Planning Organization for the Mississippi Gulf Coast region, is required to maintain a Public Participation Plan. As referenced in the following Sec.1201. Metropolitan Transportation Planning of H.R. 4348.

- (6) Participation by interested parties.--
- (A) In general.--Each metropolitan planning organization shall provide citizens, affected public agencies, representatives of public transportation employees, freight shippers, providers of freight transportation services, private providers of transportation, representatives of users of public transportation, representatives of users of pedestrian walkways and bicycle transportation facilities, representatives of the disabled, and other interested parties with a reasonable opportunity to comment on the transportation plan.
  - (B) Contents of participation plan.--A participation plan
    - (i) shall be developed in consultation with all interested parties; and
- (ii) shall provide that all interested parties have reasonable opportunities to comment on the contents of the transportation plan.
- (C) Methods.--In carrying out subparagraph (A), the metropolitan planning organization shall, to the maximum extent practicable--
  - (i) hold any public meetings at convenient and accessible locations and times;
  - (ii) employ visualization techniques to describe plans; and
- (iii) make public information available in electronically accessible format and means, such as the World Wide Web, as appropriate to afford reasonable opportunity for consideration of public information under subparagraph (A).
- (7) Publication.--A transportation plan involving Federal participation shall be published or otherwise made readily available by the metropolitan planning organization for public review, including (to the maximum

extent practicable) in electronically accessible formats and means, such as the World Wide Web, approved by the metropolitan planning organization and submitted for information purposes to the Governor at such times and in such manner as the Secretary shall establish.

- (8) Selection of projects from illustrative list.-- Notwithstanding paragraph (2)(C), a State or metropolitan planning organization shall not be required to select any project from the illustrative list of additional projects included in the financial plan under paragraph (2)(C).
- (j) Metropolitan TIP.-- ``(1) Development.-- ``(A) In general.--In cooperation with the State and any affected public transportation operator, the metropolitan planning organization designated for a metropolitan area shall develop a TIP for the metropolitan planning area that—
  - (i) contains projects consistent with the current metropolitan transportation plan;
  - (ii) reflects the investment priorities established in the current metropolitan transportation plan;
- (iii) once implemented, is designed to make progress toward achieving the performance targets established under subsection (h)(2).
- (B) Opportunity for comment.--In developing the TIP, the metropolitan planning organization, in cooperation with the State and any affected public transportation operator, shall provide an opportunity for participation by interested parties in the development of the program, in accordance with subsection (i)(5).

This act states that the Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) shall develop and use a documented participation plan that defines a process for providing citizens, affected public agencies, representatives of public transportation employees, freight shippers, providers of freight transportation services, private providers of transportation, representatives of users of public transportation, representatives of users of pedestrian walkways and bicycle transportation facilities, representatives of the disabled, and other interested parties with reasonable opportunities to be involved in the metropolitan transportation planning process as shown below from 23 CFR 450.316 Interested parties, participation, and consultation.

- (a) The MPO shall develop and use a documented participation plan that defines a process for providing citizens, affected public agencies, representatives of public transportation employees, freight shippers, providers of freight transportation services, private providers of transportation, representatives of users of public transportation, representatives of users of pedestrian walkways and bicycle transportation facilities, representatives of the disabled, and other interested parties with reasonable opportunities to be involved in the metropolitan transportation planning process.
- (1) The participation plan shall be developed by the MPO in consultation with all interested parties and shall, at a minimum, describe explicit procedures, strategies, and desired outcomes for:
- (i) Providing adequate public notice of public participation activities and time for public review and comment at key decision points, including but not limited to a reasonable opportunity to comment on the proposed metropolitan transportation plan and the TIP;
- (ii) Providing timely notice and reasonable access to information about transportation issues and processes;
- (iii) Employing visualization techniques to describe metropolitan transportation plans and TIPs;
- (iv) Making public information (technical information and meeting notices) available in electronically accessible formats and means, such as the World Wide Web;

- (v) Holding any public meetings at convenient and accessible locations and times;
- (vi) Demonstrating explicit consideration and response to public input received during the development of the metropolitan transportation plan and the TIP;
- (vii) Seeking out and considering the needs of those traditionally underserved by existing transportation systems, such as low-income and minority households, who may face challenges accessing employment and other services;
- (viii) Providing an additional opportunity for public comment, if the final metropolitan transportation plan or TIP differs significantly from the version that was made available for public comment by the MPO and raises new material issues which interested parties could not reasonably have foreseen from the public involvement efforts;
- (ix) Coordinating with the statewide transportation planning public involvement and consultation processes under subpart B of this part; and
- (x) Periodically reviewing the effectiveness of the procedures and strategies contained in the participation plan to ensure a full and open participation process.
- (2) When significant written and oral comments are received on the draft metropolitan transportation plan and TIP (including the financial plans) as a result of the participation process in this section or the interagency consultation process required under the EPA transportation conformity regulations (40 CFR part 93), a summary, analysis, and report on the disposition of comments shall be made as part of the final metropolitan transportation plan and TIP.
- (3) A minimum public comment period of 45 calendar days shall be provided before the initial or revised participation plan is adopted by the MPO. Copies of the approved participation plan shall be provided to the FHWA and the FTA for informational purposes and shall be posted on the World Wide Web, to the maximum extent practicable.
- (b) In developing metropolitan transportation plans and TIPs, the MPO should consult with agencies and officials responsible for other planning activities within the MPA that are affected by transportation (including State and local planned growth, economic development, environmental protection, airport operations, or freight movements) or coordinate its planning process (to the maximum extent practicable) with such planning activities. In addition, metropolitan transportation plans and TIPs shall be developed with due consideration of other related planning activities within the metropolitan area, and the process shall provide for the design and delivery of transportation services within the area that are provided by:
- (1) Recipients of assistance under title 49 U.S.C. Chapter 53;
- (2) Governmental agencies and non-profit organizations (including representatives of the agencies and organizations) that receive Federal assistance from a source other than the U.S. Department of Transportation to provide non-emergency transportation services; and
- (3) Recipients of assistance under 23 U.S.C. 204.
- (c) When the MPA includes Indian Tribal lands, the MPO shall appropriately involve the Indian Tribal government(s) in the development of the metropolitan transportation plan and the TIP.
- (d) When the MPA includes Federal public lands, the MPO shall appropriately involve the Federal land management agencies in the development of the metropolitan transportation plan and the TIP.

(e) MPOs shall, to the extent practicable, develop a documented process(es) that outlines roles, responsibilities, and key decision points for consulting with other governments and agencies, as defined in paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of this section, which may be included in the agreement(s) developed under 23 CFR 450.314.

Americans with Disabilities Act - 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) and 49 CFR parts 27, 37 and 38 This act stipulates involving the community, particularly those with disabilities, in the development and improvement of services. GRPC fully complies with ADA through its ADA plan and policies. Measures such as wheelchair accessibility, elevators with floor numbers posted in Braille, communications devices for hearing-impaired persons, and sign language interpreters are made available for meetings upon request. A telecommunications device for the deaf (TDD) is available to communicate with people who are deaf or have communications impairment over the telephone. GRPC's building complies with ADA accessibility standards.

### Rehabilitation Act of 1973, Section 504 (29 U.SC. 794) and 49 CFR part 27

This act states that "no otherwise qualified individual with a disability in the United States shall, solely by reason of his or her disability, be excluded from the participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any program or activity receiving Federal financial assistance."

### Civil Rights Act of 1964, Title VI, as amended (42 USC 2000d 1) and 49 CFR part 21

This act states that "no person in the United States shall, on the grounds of race, color, or national origin, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefit of, or be subjected to discrimination under any program or activity receiving federal financial assistance."

### Civil Rights Restoration Act of 1987 (Public Law 100-259 [§557]

This act restores the broad scope of coverage and clarifies the application of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964. The legislative action was necessary to restore the prior consistent and long-standing executive branch interpretation and broad, institution-wide application of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and other laws (Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, and the Age discrimination Act of 1975) as administered.

### Age Discrimination Act of 1975 (42 USC 6101 – 6107)

This act states that "no person in the United States shall, on the basis of age, be excluded from participation, in be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under, any program or activity receiving Federal financial assistance."

### Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1973 (23 USC 324)

This act states that "no person shall on the ground of sex be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any program or activity receiving Federal assistance under this title or carried on under this title. This provision will be enforced through agency provisions and rules similar to those already established, with respect to racial and other discrimination, under Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964. However, this remedy is not exclusive and will not prejudice or cut off any other legal remedies available to a discriminate.

### **Executive Orders**

Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in

### Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations

This executive order requires that disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects on minority and low-income populations be identified and addressed in order to achieve environmental justice. Minority populations are defined in the executive order as Black/African- American, Hispanic, Asian/Pacific Islander, American Indian and Alaskan Native. Low-income populations are defined in the order as persons whose household income (or in the case of a community or group, whose median

household income) is at or below the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services poverty guidelines, with those at 80 percent of median income classified as low income and those at 50 percent of median income classified as very-low income.

- Improving Access to Services for Persons with Limited

### **English Proficiency**

EO 13166 requires Federal agencies to examine the services they provide, identify any need for services to those with limited English proficiency (LEP), and develop and implement a system to provide those services so LEP persons can have meaningful access to them. It is expected that agency plans will provide for such meaningful access consistent with, and without unduly burdening, the fundamental mission of the agency. The Executive Order also requires that the Federal agencies work to ensure that recipients of Federal financial assistance provide meaningful access to their LEP applicants and beneficiaries.

— Consultation and Coordination with Indian Tribal

### Governments

This executive order establishes regular and meaningful consultation and collaboration with tribal officials in the development of federal policies that have tribal implications, to strengthen the government-to-government relationships with Indian tribes, and to reduce the imposition of unfunded mandates upon Indian tribes.

### Code of Federal Regulations

- (a) The MPO shall develop and use a documented participation plan that defines a process for providing citizens, affected public agencies, representatives of public transportation employees, freight shippers, providers of freight transportation services, private providers of transportation, representatives of users of public transportation, representatives of users of pedestrian walkways and bicycle transportation facilities, representatives of the disabled, and other interested parties with reasonable opportunities to be involved in the metropolitan transportation planning process.
- (1) The participation plan shall be developed by the MPO in consultation with all interested parties and shall, at a minimum, describe explicit procedures, strategies, and desired outcomes for:
  - (i) Providing adequate public notice of public participation activities and time for public review and comment at key decision points, including but not limited to a reasonable opportunity to comment on the proposed metropolitan transportation plan and the TIP;
  - (ii) Providing timely notice and reasonable access to information about transportation issues and processes;
  - (iii) Employing visualization techniques to describe metropolitan transportation plans and TIPs;
  - (iv) Making public information (technical information and meeting notices) available in electronically accessible formats and means, such as the World Wide Web;
  - (v) Holding any public meetings at convenient and accessible locations and times;
  - (vi) Demonstrating explicit consideration and response to public input received during the development of the metropolitan transportation plan and the TIP;
  - (vii) Seeking out and considering the needs of those traditionally underserved by existing transportation systems, such as low-income and minority households, who may face challenges accessing employment and other services;
  - (viii) Providing an additional opportunity for public comment, if the final metropolitan transportation plan or TIP differs significantly from the version that was made available for public comment by the MPO and

raises new material issues which interested parties could not reasonably have foreseen from the public involvement efforts;

- (ix) Coordinating with the statewide transportation planning public involvement and consultation processes under subpart B of this part; and
- (x) Periodically reviewing the effectiveness of the procedures and strategies contained in the participation plan to ensure a full and open participation process.
- (2) When significant written and oral comments are received on the draft metropolitan transportation plan and TIP (including the financial plans) as a result of the participation process in this section or the interagency consultation process required under the EPA transportation conformity regulations (40 CFR part 93), a summary, analysis, and report on the disposition of comments shall be made as part of the final metropolitan transportation plan and TIP.
- (3) A minimum public comment period of 45 calendar days shall be provided before the initial or revised participation plan is adopted by the MPO. Copies of the approved participation plan shall be provided to the FHWA and the FTA for informational purposes and shall be posted on the World Wide Web, to the maximum extent practicable.

The metropolitan transportation plan shall, at a minimum, include: (7) A discussion of types of potential environmental mitigation activities and potential areas to carry out these activities, including activities that may have the greatest potential to restore and maintain the environmental functions affected by the metropolitan transportation plan. The discussion may focus on policies, programs, or strategies, rather than at the project level. The discussion shall be developed in consultation with Federal, State, and Tribal land management, wildlife, and regulatory agencies. The MPO may establish reasonable timeframes for performing this consultation.

- (g) The MPO shall consult, as appropriate, with State and local agencies responsible for land use management, natural resources, environmental protection, conservation, and historic preservation concerning the development of the transportation plan. The consultation shall involve, as appropriate:
- (1) Comparison of transportation plans with State conservation plans or maps, if available; or
- (2) Comparison of transportation plans to inventories of natural or historic resources, if available.
- (a) [Annual Self-Certification] For all MPAs, concurrent with the submittal of the entire proposed TIP to the FHWA and the FTA as part of the STIP approval, the State and the MPO shall certify at least every four years that the metropolitan transportation planning process is being carried out in accordance with all applicable requirements including:
  - (1) 23 U.S.C. 134, 49 U.S.C. 5303, and this subpart;
  - (2) In nonattainment and maintenance areas, sections 174 and 176 (c) and (d) of the Clean Air Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. 7504, 7506 (c) and (d)) and 40 CFR part 93;
  - (3) Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2000d-1) and 49 CFR part 21;
  - (4) 49 U.S.C. 5332, prohibiting discrimination on the basis of race, color, creed, national origin, sex, or age in employment or business opportunity;
  - (5) Section 1101(b) of the SAFETEA LU (Pub. L. 109–59) and 49 CFR part 26 regarding the involvement of disadvantaged business enterprises in USDOT funded projects;
  - (6) 23 CFR part 230, regarding the implementation of an equal employment opportunity program on Federal and Federal-aid highway construction contracts;
  - (7) The provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 *et seq.*) and 49 CFR parts 27, 37, and 38;
  - (8) The Older Americans Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. 6101), prohibiting discrimination on the basis of age in

programs or activities receiving Federal financial assistance;

- (9) Section 324 of title 23 U.S.C. regarding the prohibition of discrimination based on gender; and
- (10) Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794) and 49 CFR part 27 regarding discrimination against individuals with disabilities.
- (b) [Four-Year Federal Certification] In TMAs, the FHWA and the FTA jointly shall review and evaluate the transportation planning process for each TMA no less than once every four years to determine if the process meets the requirements of applicable provisions of Federal law and this subpart.
  - (1) After review and evaluation of the TMA planning process, the FHWA and FTA shall take one of the following actions:
    - (i) If the process meets the requirements of this part and a TIP has been approved by the MPO and the Governor, jointly certify the transportation planning process;
    - (ii) If the process substantially meets the requirements of this part and a TIP has been approved by the MPO and the Governor, jointly certify the transportation planning process subject to certain specified corrective actions being taken; or (iii) If the process does not meet the requirements of this part, jointly certify the planning process as the basis for approval of only those categories of programs or projects that the FHWA and the FTA jointly determine, subject to certain specified corrective actions being taken.
  - (2) If, upon the review and evaluation conducted under paragraph (b) (1) (iii) of this section, the FHWA and the FTA do not certify the transportation planning process in a TMA, the Secretary may withhold up to 20 percent of the funds attributable to the metropolitan planning area of the MPO for projects funded under title 23 U.S.C. and title 49 U.S.C. Chapter 53 in addition to corrective actions and funding restrictions. The withheld funds shall be restored to the MPA when the metropolitan transportation planning process is certified by the FHWA and FTA, unless the funds have lapsed.
  - (3) A certification of the TMA planning process will remain in effect for four years unless a new certification determination is made sooner by the FHWA and the FTA or a shorter term is specified in the certification report.
  - (4) In conducting a certification review, the FHWA and the FTA shall provide opportunities for public involvement within the metropolitan planning area under review. The FHWA and the FTA shall consider the public input received in arriving at a decision on a certification action.
  - (5) The MPO(s), the State(s), and public transportation operator(s) shall be notified of the actions taken under paragraphs (b) (1) and (b) (2) of this section. The FHWA and the FTA will update the certification status of the TMA when evidence of satisfactory completion of a corrective action(s) is provided to the FHWA and the FTA.

Requires well-defined consultation procedures in the state implementation plan whereby representatives of the MPOs, state and local air quality planning agencies, state and local transportation agencies, and other organizations with responsibilities for developing, submitting, or implementing provisions of an implementation plan required by the Clean Air Act must consult with each other and with local or regional offices of the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), and Federal Transit Administration (FTA) on the development of the implementation plan, the transportation plan, the transportation improvement program (TIP), and associated conformity determinations.

Defines highway and transit projects that are exempt from the requirement to determine air quality conformity, and which may proceed toward implementation even in the absence of a conforming transportation plan and TIP. These projects would be subject to the conformity requirement if GRPC, in consultation with other agencies who are consulted in the development of the state implementation plan, the EPA, and the FHWA (in the case of a highway project) or the FTA (in the case of a transit project) concur that it has potentially adverse emissions impacts for any reason.

GRPC's key planning and programming activities are the Metropolitan Transportation Plan (MTP) and the Transportation Improvement Program (TIP). GRPC is the MPO responsible for developing the state and federally required MTP every four years in coordination with the 12 cities and unincorporated areas of Hancock, Harrison, and Jackson Counties. Under memoranda of understanding, long-range transportation plans in Hancock, Harrison, and Jackson Counties are incorporated into the MTP.

Federal law requires the MTP to conform to air quality goals for the region, satisfy financial constraints such that all proposed projects can be reasonably funded, and undergo extensive public review.

The MTIP is a federally required programming document. The program includes a listing of all transportation-related projects requiring federal funding or other approval by the federal transportation agencies. The MTIP also lists non-federal, regionally significant projects for information and air quality modeling purposes.

### **Circulars**

This circular provides recipients and sub recipients of FTA financial assistance with guidance and instructions necessary to carry out the USDOT's Title VI regulations (49 CFR part 21) and to integrate into their programs and activities considerations expressed in the USDOT's Order on Environmental justice (Order 5610.2), and Policy Guidance Concerning Recipients" Responsibilities to Limited English Proficiency Persons (70 FR 74087, December 14, 2005). This circular applies to all recipients of financial assistance from the Federal Transit Administration.

<u>NOTE</u>: FTA C 4702.1B (Adopted October 1, 2012) replaced Circular FTA C 4702.1A (Adopted May 13, 2007.) This PPP reflects the updated FTA requirements guidance.

### Appendix B – Acronyms and Abbreviations

- A. ADA Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990
- B. CAA Clean Air Act
- C. CDR Air Quality Conformity Determination Report
- D. CEQ Council on Environmental Quality
- E. CFR Code of Federal Regulations
- F. CTA Coast Transit Authority
- G. EJ Environmental Justice
- H. EPA Environmental Protection Agency
- I. FHWA Federal Highway Administration
- J. FTA Federal Transit Administration
- K. GIS Geographic Information Systems
- L. GRPC Gulf Regional Planning Commission
- M. LEP Limited English Proficiency
- N. LRTP/MTP Long-Range Metropolitan Transportation Plan
- O. MAP-21 Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21<sup>st</sup> Century
- P. **MDOT** Mississippi Department of Transportation
- Q. MGCMPO Mississippi Gulf Coast Metropolitan Planning Organization
- R. MPA Metropolitan Planning Area
- S. MPO Metropolitan Planning Organization
- T. **PPP** Public Participation Plan
- U. SAFETEA LU Safe, Accountable, Flexible, Efficient Transportation Equity Act: A Legacy for Users
- V. **SIP** State Implementation Plan
- W. STIP Statewide Transportation Improvement Program

- X. **TPC** Transportation Policy Committee
- Y. **TIP** Transportation Improvement Program
- Z. TMA Transportation Management Area
- AA. TCC Technical Coordinating Committee
- BB. UPWP Unified Planning Work Program
- CC. USDOT U.S. Department of Transportation

### Appendix C – Glossary

means a study required for eligibility of funding under the Federal Transit Administration's (FTA's) Capital Investment Grant program (49 U.S.C. 5309), which includes an assessment of a range of alternatives designed to address a transportation problem in a corridor or subarea, resulting in sufficient information to support selection by State and local officials of a locally preferred alternative for adoption into a metropolitan transportation plan, and for the Secretary to make decisions to advance the locally preferred alternative through the project development process, as set forth in 49 CFR part 611 (Major Capital Investment Projects).

means any geographic area in which levels of a given criteria air pollutant (e.g., ozone, carbon monoxide, PM10, PM2.5, and nitrogen dioxide) meet the health-based National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) for that pollutant. An area may be an attainment area for one pollutant and a nonattainment area for others. A "maintenance area" (see definition below) is not considered an attainment area for transportation planning purposes.

means funds derived from an existing source dedicated to or historically used for transportation purposes. For Federal funds, authorized and/or appropriated funds and the extrapolation of formula and discretionary funds at historic rates of increase are considered "available." A similar approach may be used for State and local funds that are dedicated to or historically used for transportation purposes.

mean funds that have been dedicated or obligated for transportation purposes. For State funds that are not dedicated to transportation purposes, only those funds over which the Governor has control may be considered "committed." Approval of a TIP by the Governor is considered a commitment of those funds over which the Governor has control. For local or private sources of funds not dedicated to or historically used for transportation purposes (including donations of property), a commitment in writing (e.g., letter of intent) by the responsible official or body having control of the funds may be considered a commitment. For projects involving 49 U.S.C. 5309 funding, execution of a Full Funding Grant Agreement (or equivalent) or a Project Construction Grant Agreement with the USDOT shall be considered a multi-year commitment of Federal funds.

means a Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7506(c)) requirement that ensures that Federal funding and approval are given to transportation plans, programs and projects that are consistent with the air quality goals established by a State Implementation Plan (SIP). Conformity, to the purpose of the SIP, means that transportation activities will not cause new air quality violations, worsen existing violations, or delay timely attainment of the NAAQS. The transportation conformity rule (40 CFR part 93) sets forth policy, criteria, and procedures for demonstrating and assuring conformity of transportation activities.

means, pursuant to section 176(c) of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C.

7506(c)), as amended, that the conformity determination for a metropolitan transportation plan or TIP has expired and thus there is no currently conforming metropolitan transportation plan or TIP.

means a systematic approach

required in transportation management areas (TMAs) that provides for effective management and operation, based on a cooperatively developed and implemented metropolitan-wide strategy, of new and existing transportation facilities eligible for funding under title 23 U.S.C., and title 49 U.S.C., through the use of operational management strategies.

means that one or more parties takes into account the opinions, action, and relevant information from other parties in making a decision or determining a course of action.

means that one or more parties confer with other identified parties in accordance with an established process and, prior to taking action(s), considers the views of the other parties and periodically informs them about action(s) taken. This definition does not apply to the "consultation" performed by the States and the MPOs in comparing the long-range statewide transportation plan and the metropolitan transportation plan, respectively, to State and Tribal conservation plans or maps or inventories of natural or historic resources (see §450.214(i) and §450.322(g)(1) and (g)(2)).

means that the parties involved in carrying out the transportation planning and programming processes work together to achieve a common goal or objective.

means a locally developed, coordinated transportation plan that identifies the transportation needs of individuals with disabilities, older adults, and people with low incomes, provides strategies for meeting those local needs, and prioritizes transportation services for funding and implementation.

means the cooperative development of plans, programs, and schedules among agencies and entities with legal standing and adjustment of such plans, programs, and schedules to achieve general consistency, as appropriate.

means the type of facility identified for a transportation improvement project (e.g., freeway, expressway, arterial highway, grade-separated highway, toll road, reserved right-of-way rail transit, mixed-traffic rail transit, or bus way).

means the aspects that will affect the proposed facility's impact on the region, usually as they relate to vehicle or person carrying capacity and control (e.g., number of lanes or tracks to be constructed or added, length of project, signalization, safety features, access control including approximate number and location of interchanges, or preferential treatment for high-occupancy vehicles).

means an entity designated, in accordance with the

planning process under 49

U.S.C. 5303, 5304, and 5306, by the chief executive officer of a State, responsible local officials, and Publicly-owned operators of public transportation, to receive and apportion amounts under 49 U.S.C. 5336 that are attributable to transportation management areas (TMAs) identified under 49 U.S.C. 5303, or a State regional authority if the authority is responsible under the laws of a State for a capital project and for financing and directly providing public transportation.

means for transportation planning purposes, the "disabled" population includes persons defined by the U.S. Census as having sensory, physical, mental, self-care, and employment disabilities.

means for planning purposes, the GRPC defines "elderly" as:

Persons 65 and older (Persons eligible for Medicare).

means strategies,

policies, programs, actions, and activities that, over time, will serve to avoid, minimize, or compensate for (by replacing or providing substitute resources) the impacts to or disruption of elements of the human and natural environment associated with the implementation of a long-range statewide transportation plan or metropolitan transportation plan. The human and natural environment includes, for example, neighborhoods and communities, homes and businesses, cultural resources, parks and recreation areas, wetlands and water sources, forested and other natural areas, agricultural areas, endangered and threatened species, and the ambient air. The environmental mitigation strategies and activities are intended to be regional in scope, and may not necessarily address potential project-level impacts.

means units of the Federal

Government currently responsible for the administration of public lands (e.g., U.S. Forest Service, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Bureau of Land Management, and the National Park Service).

means transportation services provided to the general public, including those with special transport needs, by public transit, private non-profit service providers, and private third-party contractors to public agencies.

means documentation required to be included with a metropolitan transportation plan and TIP (and optional for the long-range statewide transportation plan and STIP) that demonstrates the consistency between reasonably available and projected sources of Federal, State, local, and private revenues and the costs of implementing proposed system improvements.

means that the metropolitan transportation plan, TIP, and STIP includes sufficient financial information for demonstrating that projects in the metropolitan transportation plan, TIP, and STIP can be implemented using committed, available, or reasonably available revenue sources, with reasonable assurance that the federally supported transportation system is being adequately operated and maintained. For the TIP and the STIP, financial constraint/fiscal constraint applies to each program year. Additionally, projects in air quality nonattainment and maintenance areas can be included in the first two years of the TIP and STIP only if funds are "available" or "committed."

mean businesses that routinely transport products from one location to another by providers of freight transportation services or by its own vehicle fleet.

means an instrument that defines the scope of a project, the Federal financial contribution, and other terms and conditions for funding New Starts projects as required by 49 U.S.C. 5309(d)(1)

projects as required by 49 U.S.C. 5309(d)(1).

refers to the Governor of any of the 50 States or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico or the Mayor of the District of Columbia. In this context, the Governor of the State of Mississippi is the typical reference.

means an additional transportation project that may (but

is not required to) be included in a financial plan for a metropolitan transportation plan, TIP, or STIP if reasonable additional resources were to become available.

means a duly formed governing body for an

Indian or Alaska Native tribe, band, nation, pueblo, village, or community that the Secretary of the Interior acknowledges to exist as an Indian Tribe pursuant to the Federally Recognized Indian Tribe List Act of 1994, Public Law 103–454.

means

electronics, photonics, communications, or information processing used singly or in combination to improve the efficiency or safety of a surface transportation system.

means a

transportation plan composed of projects eligible to proceed under a conformity lapse and otherwise meeting all other applicable provisions of this part, including approval by the MPO.

means a TIP composed of projects eligible to proceed under a conformity lapse and otherwise meeting all other applicable provisions of this part, including approval by the MPO and the Governor.

is a person

who does not speak English as their primary language and who has a limited ability to read, speak, write, or understand English.

means

the official, statewide, multimodal, transportation plan covering a period of no less than 20 years developed through the statewide transportation planning process.

is the blue

print for the region's transportation development and identifies all regionally significant transportation projects and programs for the Mississippi Gulf Coast metropolitan planning area. The MTP has a planning horizon of at least 20 years and is updated every four years to reflect changing conditions such as new planning priorities, population projections, and economic change, as well as anticipated travel demand. Regionally significant transportation projects must be included in the MTP to receive state and federal funding.

is a person whose median household income is at or below the US Department of Health and Human Services poverty guidelines. (See Environmental Justice Chapter and Appendix F)

is any readily identifiable group of low-income persons

who live in geographic proximity and, if circumstances warrant, geographically dispersed/transient persons (such as migrant workers or Native Americans) who will be similarly affected by a proposed DOT program, policy or activity.

means any geographic region of the United States that the EPA previously designated as a nonattainment area for one or more pollutants pursuant to the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990, and subsequently re-designated as an attainment area subject to the requirement to develop a maintenance plan under section 175A of the Clean Air Act, as amended.

means a systematic process, designed to assist decision-makers

in selecting cost effective strategies/actions to improve the efficiency or safety of, and protect the investment in the nation's infrastructure. A management system can include: Identification of performance measures; data collection and analysis; determination of needs; evaluation and selection of appropriate strategies/actions to address the needs; and evaluation of the effectiveness of the implemented strategies/actions.

means the geographic area

determined by agreement between the metropolitan planning organization (MPO) for the area and the Governor, in which the metropolitan transportation planning process is carried out.

means

the policy board of an organization created and designated to carry out the metropolitan transportation planning process.

means the

official long-range multimodal transportation plan addressing no less than a 20-year planning horizon that is developed, adopted, and updated by the MPO through the metropolitan transportation planning process.

is a person, as defined by the US Census Bureau, who is:

Black (a person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa);

Hispanic (a person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race);

Asian American (a person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian subcontinent, or the Pacific Islands); or

American Indian and Alaskan Native (a person having origins in any of the original people of North America and who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition)

is any readily identifiable groups of minority persons who live in geographic proximity and, if circumstances warrant, geographically dispersed/transient persons (such as migrant workers or Native Americans) who will be similarly affected by a proposed USDOT program, policy or activity.

means those standards established pursuant to section 109 of the Clean Air Act.

means any geographic region of the United States that has been designated by the EPA as a nonattainment area under section 107 of the Clean Air Act for any pollutants for which an NAAQS exists.

means a geographic area outside a designated

metropolitan planning area.

refer to elected and

appointed officials of general purpose local government in a non-metropolitan area with responsibility for transportation.

means strategies and projects funded under title 23 U.S.C. and title 49 U.S.C. Chapter 53 for which the supporting Federal funds were authorized and committed by the State or designated recipient in the preceding program year, and authorized by the FHWA or awarded as a

are actions and

strategies aimed at improving the performance of existing and planned transportation facilities to relieve congestion and maximizing the safety and mobility of people and goods.

means an

instrument that defines the scope of a project, the Federal financial contribution, and other terms and conditions for funding Small Starts projects as required by 49 U.S.C. 5309(e)(7).

means the procedures followed by MPOs, States, and public transportation operators to advance projects from the first four years of an approved TIP and/or STIP to implementation, in accordance with agreed upon procedures.

means any entity that transports or otherwise facilitates the movement of goods from one location to another for others or for itself.

means the public entity which

participates in the continuing, cooperative, and comprehensive transportation planning process in accordance with 23 U.S.C. 134 and 135 and 49 U.S.C. 5303 and 5304, and is the designated recipient of Federal funds under title 49 U.S.C. Chapter 53 for transportation by a conveyance that provides regular and continuing general or special transportation to the public, but does not include school bus, charter, or intercity bus transportation or intercity passenger rail transportation provided by Amtrak.

means a regional framework for ensuring institutional agreement and technical integration for the implementation of ITS projects or groups of projects.

means a transportation project

(other than projects that may be grouped in the TIP and/or STIP or exempt projects as defined in EPA's transportation conformity regulation (40 CFR part 93)) that is on a facility which serves regional transportation needs (such as access to and from the area outside the region; major activity centers in the region; major planned developments such as new retail malls, sports complexes, or employment centers; or transportation terminals) and would normally be included in the modeling of the metropolitan area's transportation network. At a minimum, this includes all principal arterial highways and all fixed guide way transit facilities that offer a significant alternative to regional highway travel.

means a change to a long-range statewide or metropolitan transportation plan, TIP, or STIP that occurs between scheduled periodic updates. A major revision is an "amendment," while a minor revision is an "administrative modification."

means any one of the fifty States, the District of Columbia, or Puerto Rico.

means, as defined in section

302(q) of the Clean Air Act (CAA), the portion (or portions) of the implementation plan, or most recent revision thereof, which has been approved under section 110 of the CAA, or promulgated under section 110(c) of the CAA, or promulgated or approved pursuant to regulations promulgated under section 301(d) of the CAA and which implements the relevant requirements of the CAA.

means a statewide prioritized listing/program of transportation projects covering a period of four years that is consistent with the long-range statewide transportation plan, metropolitan transportation plans, and TIPs, and required for projects to be eligible for funding under title 23 U.S.C. and title 49 U.S.C. Chapter 53.

means a plan developed by the

State DOT in accordance with the requirements of 23 U.S.C. 148(a) (6).

means any

measure that is specifically identified and committed to in the applicable SIP that is either one of the types listed in section 108 of the Clean Air Act or any other measure for the purpose of reducing emissions or concentrations of air pollutants from transportation sources by reducing vehicle use or changing traffic flow or congestion conditions. Notwithstanding the above, vehicle technology-based, fuel-based, and maintenance-based measures that control the emissions from vehicles under fixed traffic conditions are not TCMs.

means a

prioritized listing/program of transportation projects covering a period of four years that is developed and formally adopted by an MPO as part of the metropolitan transportation planning process, consistent with the metropolitan transportation plan, and required for projects to be eligible for funding under title 23 U.S.C. and title 49 U.S.C. Chapter 53.

means an

urbanized area with a population over 200,000, as defined by the US Census Bureau and designated by the Secretary of Transportation, or any additional area where TMA designation is requested by the Governor, the MPO and by the Secretary of Transportation.

means a

statement of work identifying the planning priorities and activities to be carried out within a metropolitan planning area. At a minimum, a UPWP includes a description of the planning work and resulting products, the person that will perform the work, time frames for completing the work, the cost of the work, and the source(s) of funds.

means making current a long-range statewide transportation plan, metropolitan transportation plan, TIP, or STIP through a comprehensive review. Updates require public review and comment, a 20- year horizon year for metropolitan transportation plans and long-range statewide transportation plans, a four-year program period for TIPs and STIPs, demonstration of fiscal constraint (except for long-range statewide transportation plans), and a conformity determination (for metropolitan transportation plans and TIPs in nonattainment and maintenance areas).

means a geographic area with a population of 50,000 or more, as

designated by the US Census Bureau.

means any person, or groups

representing such persons, who use transportation open to the general public, other than taxis and other privately funded and operated vehicles.

means methods used by States and MPOs in the

development of transportation plans and programs with the public, elected and appointed officials, and other stakeholders in a clear and easily accessible format such as maps, pictures, and/or displays, to promote

improved understanding of existing or proposed transportation plans and programs

### Appendix D – Non-Discrimination Notices, Procedures and Forms

English and Spanish Notices of public rights under Title VI of the Civil Rights Act.

## Notifying the Public of Rights Under Title VI

# Gulf Regional Planning Commission (GRPC) and the Mississippi Gulf Coast Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO)

- GRPC and the MPO operate its programs, activities and services without regard to race, color or national origin in accordance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act. Any person who believes he or she has been aggrieved by any unlawful discriminatory practice under Title VI may file a complaint with GRPC.
- For more information on GRPC's civil rights program, and the procedures to file a complaint, contact 228-864-1167 x218 or email <a href="mailto:contactus@grpc.com">contactus@grpc.com</a>. You may also visit our office at 1232 Pass Road, Gulfport MS 39501.
- A complainant may be filed directly with the Federal Transit Administration by filing a complaint with the Office of Civil Rights, Attention: Civil Rights Coordinator, 230 Peachtree NW #800, Atlanta GA 30303.
- If information is needed in another language, contact 228-864-1167 x218 to make the request.

# Notificación al Público de los Derechos Bajo el Título VI

# Gulf Regional Planning Commission (GRPC) and the Mississippi Gulf Coast Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO)

- GRPC y MPO opera sus programas y servicios sin distinción de raza, color ó nacionalidad, de conformidad con el Título VI del Acta de Derechos Civiles. Cualquier persona que cree que él ó ella ha sido perjudicada por una práctica discriminatoria ilegal bajo el Título VI, puede presentar una queja ante la GRPC.
- Para obtener más información sobre el programa de derechos civiles GRPC, y los procedimientos para presentar una queja, comuníquese con 228-864-1167 x218; contactus@grpc.com correo electrónico ó visite nuestra oficina administrativa en 1232 Pass Road, Gulfport MS 39501.
- Una queja puede ser presentada directamente ante la Administración Federal de Tránsito mediante la presentación de una queja ante la Oficina de Derechos Civiles, Atención: Coordinador del Título VI, 230 Peachtree NW # 800, Atlanta GA 30303.
- Si se necesita información en otro idioma, comuníquese con 228-864-1167 x218 para hacer la solicitud.



Gulf Regional Planning Commission (GRPC), the MS Gulf Coast Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) is required by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) to conform to Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and its amendments. Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 requires that no person in the United States, shall, on the grounds of race, color or national origin, be excluded from, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination, under any program or activity receiving federal financial assistance. Presidential Executive Order 12898 addresses Environmental Justice in minority and low-income populations. Presidential Executive Order 13166 addresses services to those individuals with Limited English Proficiency. The rights of women, the elderly and the disabled are protected under related statutes. These Presidential Executive Orders and the related statutes fall under the umbrella of Title VI.

GRPC is committed to enforcing the provisions of Title VI and protecting the rights and opportunities of all persons associated with GRPC or affected by its programs. This commitment includes vigorously enforcing all applicable laws and regulations that affect GRPC and those organizations, both public and private, which participate and benefit through GRPC's programs. GRPC will take positive and realistic affirmative steps to ensure that all persons and/or firms wishing to participate in its programs are given an equal and equitable chance to participate. All sub-recipients and contractors are required to prevent discrimination and ensure nondiscrimination in all of their programs, activities and services.

GRPC's Executive Director is responsible for providing leadership, direction and policy to ensure compliance with Title VI of the 1964 Civil Rights Act. Any person(s) or firm(s) who feels that they have been discriminated against is encouraged to report such violations to GRPC at:

Gulf Regional Planning Commission (GRPC) 1635-G Popps Ferry Road, Biloxi MS 39532



This procedure outlines the Title VI complaint procedures related to providing programs, services, and benefits. It does not deny the complainant the right to file formal complaints with the Secretary of the US Department of Transportation, Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC), Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), Federal Transit Administration (FTA), or to seek private counsel for complaints alleging discrimination, intimidation, or retaliation of any kind that is prohibited by law.

Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 requires that no person in the United States shall, on the grounds of race, color or national origin, be excluded from, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any program or activity receiving federal financial assistance.

- 1. Any person who believes that they have been subjected to discrimination may file a written complaint with Gulf Regional Planning Commission (GRPC). Complaints should be filed within 180 calendar days of the alleged incident.
- 2. The complainant may download the complaint form from the GRPC website (www.grpc.com) or request a complaint form from the GRPC Public Involvement Coordinator at: Phone: 228-864-1167 or by emailing contactus@grpc.com.
- 3. The complainant may also submit a written statement that contains all of the following information:
  - a. Name, address, and telephone number of the complainant.
  - b. The basis of the complaint i.e., race, color, national origin, sex, elderly or disabled.
  - c. The date or dates on which the alleged discriminatory event or events occurred.
  - d. The nature of the incident that led the complainant to feel discrimination was a factor.
  - e. Names, addresses, and telephone numbers of persons who may have knowledge of the event.
  - f. Other agencies or courts where complaint may have been filed and a contact name.
  - g. Complainant's signature and date.
  - h. If the complainant is unable to write a complaint, GRPC staff will assist the complainant.
  - i. The complaint may be sent to the following address:

Gulf Regional Planning Commission (GRPC) 1635-G Popps Ferry Road, Biloxi MS 39532

The complaint may be sent via email to: contactus@grpc.com

- 4. The complainant also has the right to file a Title VI claim with the US Department of Transportation, Federal Transit Administration, Office of Civil Rights-Region IV. 230 Peachtree, NW, Suite 800, Atlanta, GA 30303, the 180 day timeframe.
- 5. GRPC will begin an investigation within fifteen (15) working days of receipt of a complaint.
- 6. GRPC will contact the complainant in writing no later than thirty (30) working days after receipt of complaint for additional information, if needed to investigate the complaint. If the complainant fails to provide the requested information in a timely basis, GRPC may administratively close the complaint.
- 7. GRPC will use its best effort to complete the investigation of Title VI complaints within ninety (90) days of receipt of the complaint. A written investigation report will be prepared by the investigator. The report shall include a summary description of the incident, findings, and recommendations for disposition.



# TITLE VI COMPLAINT FORM – GULF REGIONAL PLANNING COMMISSION

Individuals or organizations who believe they have been denied the benefits of, excluded from participation in, or subject to discrimination on the grounds of race, color, or national origin by a recipient of Federal Transit Administration(FTA) funding can file an administrative complaint under Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964. Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 states "No person in the United States shall, on the ground of race, color, or national origin, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any program or activity receiving federal assistance".

This protection and same opportunity to file a complaint extends to the public through Executive Order 12898, "Federal Actions To Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low Income Populations," and the Department of Transportation's Guidance to Recipients on Special Language Services to Limited English Proficient (LEP) Beneficiaries.

Individuals and organizations may file a complaint by completing and submitting the following Title VI complaint form. Assistance is available upon request. Complaints must be signed and include contact information and should be sent via mail or delivered to: Gulf Regional Planning Commission, 1635-G Popps Ferry Road, Biloxi MS 39532 or emailed to contactus@grpc.com.

| 1. Complainant's Nam      | e:                       |             |                    |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|--------------------|
| 2. Address:               |                          |             |                    |
|                           |                          |             | Zip:               |
| 4. Telephone No. (Hon     | ne):                     | Cell:       | Business:          |
| 5. Email Address:         |                          | TDD/Other:  |                    |
| 6. Are you filing this co | omplaint on your own bel | nalf?       |                    |
| -                         | the following informatio | -           | riminated against: |
| Address:                  |                          |             |                    |
|                           |                          |             | Zip:               |
| Telephone:                |                          | Email Addre | ss:                |
| Relationship to Com       | plainant:                |             |                    |

| your:        | t the following east describes why   | think the discrimi                | nation took place? Was it because         |
|--------------|--|-----------------------------------|---|
|              | Race/Color (Title VI)  | Sex/gender                        | (Title VI)                                |
|              | National Origin(Title VI)  |                                   | Discrimination Act of 1967)               |
|              | Low Income (Executive Order 12898  | 8) Minority St                    | atus (Executive Order 12898)              |
| I I          | Limited English Proficiency  |                                   | Americans with Disabilities Act           |
|              | (Executive Order 13166)  | of 1990 & 1                       | Rehabilitation Act of 1973)               |
| ). What date | e did the alleged discrimination take  | place? :                          |   |
| -            | own words, describe the alleged disc<br>onsible. Please attach additional shee | -                                 |   |
|              |  |                                   |   |
| court?       | u filed this complaint with any otherwer is yes, check each box that applie    | []Yes [] No                       |   |
| F            | Federal Agency   | Local Agency (Othe<br>Commission) | er than Gulf Regional Planning            |
| F            | Federal Court  | Other:                            |   |
|              | State Agency   |                                   |   |
|              | State Court  |                                   |   |
|              | state Court  |                                   |   |
|              | e provide contract person informatio :   | n for the agency or c             | ourt you also filed the complaint w       |
| Name         | /Agency:   |                                   |   |
| Addre        | ess:   |                                   |   |
| City: _      |  | State:                            | Zip:                                      |
| Teleph       | hone No.:  |                                   | Date Filed:                               |
| releva       | se sign below. You may attach an ant to your complaint.                        |                                   | or other information that you think Date: |



### Título VI Declaración de Pólizas

Gulf Regional Planning Commission (GRPC), un beneficiario del subsidio federal, es requerido por la Administración Federal de Tránsito (FTA) para cumplir con el Título VI del AGRPC de Derechos Civiles de 1964 y sus enmiendas. Título VI del AGRPC de Derechos Civiles de 1964 requiere que ninguna persona en los Estados Unidos podrá, por motivos de raza, color u origen nacional, sea excluido de, negado los beneficios de, ó sea sujeto a discriminación bajo cualquier programa ó actividad que reciba asistencia financiera federal. Orden Ejecutiva Presidencial 12898 aborda la justicia ambiental en poblaciones minoritarias y de bajos ingresos. Orden Ejecutiva Presidencial 13166 aborda los servicios a las personas con dominio limitado del inglés. Los derechos de las mujeres, los ancianos y los discapacitados están protegidos por las leyes correspondientes. Estas órdenes ejecutivas presidenciales y de los estatutos relacionados caen bajo el del Título VI.

GRPC se compromete a cumplir las disposiciones del Título VI y la protección de los derechos y oportunidades de todas las personas relacionadas con la GRPC ó afeGRPCdos por sus programas. Este compromiso incluye vigorosamente la aplicación de todas las leyes y reglamentos que afeGRPCn a GRPC y esas organizaciones, tanto públicas como privadas, que participan y se benefician a través de programas del GRPC. GRPC tomará medidas afirmativas positivas y realistas para asegurar que todas las personas y / ó empresas que deseen participar en sus programas se les dé una oportunidad igual y equitativa para participar. Todos los sub-beneficiarios y contratistas tienen la obligación de prevenir la discriminación y garantizar la no discriminación en todos sus programas, actividades y servicios.

El Director Ejecutivo de la GRPC es responsable de proporcionar liderazgo, dirección y pólizas para asegurar el cumplimiento con el Título VI del AGRPC de Derechos Civiles de 1964. Cualquier persona (s) ó empresa (s) que siente que ha sido discriminado se anima a informar tales violaciones a GRPC a: Gulf Regional Planning Commission (GRPC), 1635-G Popps Ferry Road, Biloxi MS 39532, contactus@grpc.com.

### Título VI Procedimientos de Quejas

Este procedimiento describe los procedimientos del Título VI de quejas relacionadas con los programas que ofrecen, servicios y beneficios. No niega al demandante el derecho a presentar quejas formales ante el Secretario del Departamento de Transporte de EE.UU., Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC), Administración Federal de Carreteras (FHWA), Administración Federal de Tránsito (FTA), ó buscar un abogado privado para denuncias de discriminación, intimidación ó represalia de ningún tipo que está prohibido por la ley Título VI del AGRPC de Derechos Civiles de 1964 requiere que ninguna persona en los Estados Unidos, por motivos de raza, color u origen nacional, sea excluido de, negado los beneficios de, ó sea sujeto a discriminación bajo cualquier programa ó actividad que reciba asistencia financiera federal.

1. Cualquier persona que crea que ha sido objeto de discriminación puede presentar una queja por escrito ante Gulf Regional Planning Commission (GRPC). Las quejas deben ser presentadas dentro de

- los 180 días siguientes alegados al incidente.
- 2. El demandante puede descargar el formulario de queja por medio de GRPC (www.grpc.com) ó solicitar el formulario de quejas del Director Ejecutivo. Asimismo, el demandante puede presentar una declaración escrita que contenga toda la información que se indica en la Sección 3 A á la F.3.
- 3. La denuncia incluirá la siguiente información:
  - a. Nombre, dirección y número de teléfono del denunciante.
  - b. La base de la denuncia, es decir, color, raza, origen nacional, sexo, edad ó discapacitadas
  - c. La fecha ó fechas en que el presunto acto discriminatorio ó hechos.
  - d. La naturaleza del incidente que llevó al autor a sentir la discriminación que fue un factor.
  - e. Nombres, direcciones y números telefónicos de las personas que puedan tener conocimiento del evento.
  - f. Otros organismos ó tribunales donde denuncia haya sido presentada y un nombre de contacto.
  - g. Firma del demandante y la fecha.
  - h. Si el demandante no puede escribir una queja, GRPC asistirá al demandante.
  - i. La queja puede ser enviada vía correo electrónico a: contactus@grpc.com
  - j. La denuncia podrá ser enviada a la siguiente dirección:

Gulf Regional Planning Commission (GRPC) 1635-G Popps Ferry Road, Biloxi MS 39532 228-864-1167

- 4. Asimismo, el demandante tiene derecho a presentar una reclamación Título VI con el Departamento de Transporte de EE.UU., Federal Transit Administration, Office of Civil Rights, IV Región. 230 Peachtree, NW, Suite 800, Atlanta, GA 30303, dentro del plazo de 180 días.
- 5. GRPC se iniciará una investigación dentro de los quince (15) días hábiles siguientes a la recepción de una queja.
- 6. GRPC se pondrá en contacto con el demandante por escrito no más tarde de treinta (30) días hábiles siguientes a la recepción de la comunicación para obtener información adicional, si es necesario para investigar la denuncia. Si el demandante no proporciona la información solicitada en forma oportuna, GRPC administrativamente puede cerrar la queja.
- 7. GRPC hará uso de su mejor esfuerzo para completar la investigación del Título VI quejas dentro de los noventa (90) días siguientes a la recepción de la queja. Un informe de investigación escrito será preparado por el investigador. El informe incluirá un resumen descriptivo de los hechos, las conclusiones y las recomendaciones para su disposición.



# **Gulf Regional Planning Commission**

Título VI Formulario para Quejas- Gulf Regional Planning Commission
Las personas u organizaciones que creen que se les ha negado los beneficios de, excluidos de participar en, ó sujetos a discriminación por motivos de raza, color u origen nacional de un recipiente de la Administración Federal de Tránsito (FTA) de financiación puede presentar una queja administrativa con respecto al Título VI de la Ley de Derechos Civiles de 1964. Título VI del AGRPC de Derechos Civiles de 1964 establece que "Ninguna persona en los Estados Unidos, por motivos de raza, color u origen nacional, sea excluida de participar en, sea negado los beneficios de, o sea sujeto a discriminación bajo cualquier programa ó actividad que reciba asistencia federal".

Esta protección y oportunidad igual para presentar una queja se extiende al público a través de la Orden Ejecutiva 12898, "Acciones federales para abordar la justicia ambiental en poblaciones minoritarias y de bajos ingresos", y el Departamento de Orientación de Transporte a los recipientes de Servicios especiales sobre el lenguaje para Dominio Limitado del Inglés (LEP) Beneficiarios.

Los individuos y las organizaciones pueden presentar una queja llenando y enviando el siguiente formulario de queja Título VI. La ayuda está disponible a petición. Las quejas deben ser firmadas é incluyendo información de contacto y deben ser enviados por correo o entregados a: Gulf Regional Planning Commission, 1232 Pass Road, Gulfport, MS 39501. Alternativamente, se puede enviar por fax al 228/864-1149 ó por correo electrónico a contactus@grpc.com.

| I. Nombre del Querellante:  |                      |                      |    | _  |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|----|----|
| 2. Dirección:   |                      |                      |    | _  |
| 3. Pueblo   |                      |                      |    |    |
| 4. No. de Teléfono (Casa):  | Cel.:                | Trabajo::            |    |    |
| 5. Correo Electrónico:  | Otro:                |                      |    |    |
| 6. Se está quejando por sí mismo?   | [                    | ] Si                 | [] | No |
| 7. Si No, denos la información a quien  | discriminaron en con | ntra:                |    |    |
| Nombre:   |                      |                      |    |    |
| Dirección:  |                      |                      |    |    |
| Pueblo:   |                      |                      |    |    |
| Teléfono:   | Correo Elec          | trónico:             |    |    |
| Relación al Querellante:  |                      |                      |    |    |
| 8. Cuál de las siguientes mejor describ<br>piensa que discriminaron en contra c | pe come discriminaro | on en contra del que |    |    |
| Raza/Color  | Sexo                 |                      |    |    |
| Origen de Nacionalidad  | <b>——</b>            | oilidad              |    |    |
| Bajos Ingresos  | Edad                 |                      |    |    |
| Limite del Ingles   | Cond                 | ición de minoría     |    |    |

| si  | piensa que fue responsable   | e. Por favor una más hojas d<br>lo  | le papel si el espacio no es bast<br>requi                         |
|---|--|---|--|
|   |  |   |  |
|   |  |   |  |
|   |  |   |  |
|   |  |   |  |
|   |  |   |  |
|   |  |   |  |
| feder                                       | ales ó estatales?<br>marque las cajas que le con   | [] Si [] rresponda:   | ncia federal, estado local ó co<br>No<br>(edemas de Gulf Regional  |
| feder                                       | ales ó estatales?<br>marque las cajas que le con<br>Agencia Federal  | rresponda:  Agencia Local Planning Commis   | No (edemas de Gulf Regional  |
| feder                                       | rales ó estatales? marque las cajas que le con Agencia Federal Corte Federal   | [ ] Si [ ] rresponda: Agencia Local   | No (edemas de Gulf Regional  |
| feder                                       | ales ó estatales?<br>marque las cajas que le con<br>Agencia Federal  | rresponda:  Agencia Local Planning Commis   | No (edemas de Gulf Regional  |
| feder Si es Si,  Sírvanse j presentó l      | rales ó estatales? marque las cajas que le con Agencia Federal Corte Federal Agencia del Estado Corte del Estado proporcionar información sola queja. (Una más hojas si es                 | [ ] Si [ ]  rresponda:  Agencia Local Planning Commis Otro:  bre la persona de la agencia ó tes necesario): | No  (edemas de Gulf Regional sion)  ribunal en donde usted también |
| feder Si es Si,  Sírvanse presentó l Nombre | rales ó estatales? marque las cajas que le con Agencia Federal Corte Federal Agencia del Estado Corte del Estado proporcionar información sola queja. (Una más hojas si esde Agencia:      | [ ] Si [ ]  rresponda:  Agencia Local Planning Commis Otro:  bre la persona de la agencia ó t s necesario): | No  (edemas de Gulf Regional sion)  ribunal en donde usted también |
| Sírvanse presentó l<br>Nombre               | rales ó estatales? marque las cajas que le con Agencia Federal Corte Federal Agencia del Estado Corte del Estado proporcionar información sola queja. (Una más hojas si es de Agencia:  m: | [ ] Si [ ]  rresponda:  Agencia Local Planning Commis Otro:  bre la persona de la agencia ó tes necesario): | No  (edemas de Gulf Regional sion)  ribunal en donde usted también |

### Appendix F – DBE Annual Report Form

Project Title/Contract Description



# Annual DBE Performance Report Report Period: FY\_\_\_\_\_ - \_\_\_\_ Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date Completed: \_\_\_\_\_ GRPC/Title: Phone: \_\_\_\_\_ Email: \_\_\_\_ : List any Trainings/Meetings/Materials completed this year Date / Date / Date / Date - add more lines if needed **Business Name** Project Title/Contract Description DBE Amount (Y/N) Paid FY

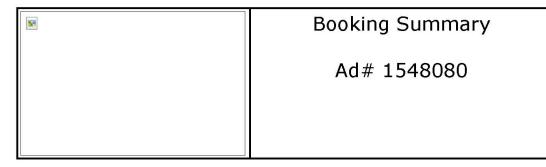
| Selected Business Name             |       |          |   |
|------------------------------------|-------|----------|---|
| Prime or Sub-Contractor            |       |          |   |
| Are they a DBE                     | YES _ | _NO      | On MDOT master list?YESN  |
| Selection Process                  | MDOT  | DBE List | Advertised Small Purchase   |
|                                    | Other |          |   |
| If ad, was DBE statement printed?  |       |          |   |
| Date of Notice/Where published     | Date: |          | Where Published:  |
| -                                  | •     |          |   |
|                                    | T     |          |   |
| Project Title/Contract Description |       |          |   |
| Selected Business Name             |       |          |   |
| Prime or Sub-Contractor            |       |          |   |
| Are they a DBE                     | YES   | NO       | On MDOT master list?YESN  |
| Selection Process                  | MDOT  | DBE List | Advertised Small Purchase   |
|                                    | Other |          |   |
| If ad, was DBE statement printed?  |       |          |   |
| Date of Notice/Where published     | Date: |          | Where Published:  |
|                                    |       |          |   |
|                                    | 1     |          |   |
| Project Title/Contract Description |       |          |   |
| Selected Business Name             |       |          |   |
| Prime or Sub-Contractor            |       |          |   |
| Are they a DBE                     | YES   | _NO      | On MDOT master list?YESN  |
| Selection Process                  | MDOT  | DBE List | Advertised Small Purchase   |
|                                    | Other |          |   |
| If ad, was DBE statement printed?  |       |          |   |
| Date of Notice/Where published     | Date: |          | Where Published:  |
|                                    |       |          |   |
|                                    |       |          |   |
|                                    |       |          |   |
|                                    |       |          |   |
|                                    |       |          |   |
|                                    |       |          |   |
|                                    |       |          |   |
| Maintained                         |       |          |   |
| Contracts                          |       |          |   |
| New                                |       |          |   |
| Contracts                          |       |          |   |
|                                    |       |          |   |
| •                                  | •     |          | cerns reported to the agency this past fiscal eceived, describe resolution process and resu |

<sup>\*</sup>Attach copies of all advertisements for contracted services

| GRPC DBE Liaison:        | Date: |
|--------------------------|-------|
|                          |       |
|                          |       |
|                          |       |
|                          |       |
|                          |       |
|                          |       |
| GRPC Executive Director: | Date: |
|                          |       |
|                          |       |

Appendix G – Public Participation Summary

Booking Summary Page 1 of 2



Booking # 1548080

Order Number: civil rights program

Sort Caption:

 Start Date:
 10/27/2014

 End Date:
 11/19/2014

 Tax Amount:
 \$0.00

 Total Cost:
 \$60.20

 Amount Paid:
 \$0.00

 Balance Due:
 \$60.20

Received Date: 10/22/2014 1:37:47 PM

Salesperson: Renee

Name: GULF REGIOL PLANNING

COMMISSIO (228) 864-1167

Address: 1635 POPPS FERRY ROAD

BILOXI, MS. 39532 Lnations@grpc.com

Debtor Account: L000341

Ad Text:

EMail:

PUBLIC NOTICE In accordance with 23 CFR 450, Gulf Regional Planning Commission; the Mississippi Gulf Coast MPO, is providing public notice of proposed updates to its Public Participation Plan and Civil Rights Program (PPP). Public participation is a key component of the planning activities undertaken by the agency. This document details how the agency conducts its outreach and engagement activities, including how it will specifically encourage the participation of traditionally underserved populations. The 45 day public review and comment period is set for October 27th to December 11th, 2014. We encourage members of the community and other interested parties to review the draft materials and provide feedback. Copies can be downloaded at www.grpc.com. picked or requested from 1635-G Popps Ferry Rd, Biloxi MS 39532 or requested by email from contactus@grpc.com. Included in the PPP is information regarding Coast Transit Authority's Program of Projects that are funded by the Federal Transit Administration. This public review and comment period

 $file: /\!/C: \label{local} Settings \ Temp \ 2a \ CSHA7. tmp. html$ 

10/22/2014

Booking Summary Page 2 of 2

satisfies the public participation requirements for the FTA Section 5307 POP notice. The chapter discussing CTA programs will become a final element of the PPP unless revised as a result of public comment. GRPC prohibits discrimination in all of its programs, services and activities. Public participation is solicited without regard to race, color, national origin, age, sex, religion, disability, or other protected status. Persons who require assistance under the Americans with Disabilities Act should contact the MPO at 228-864-1167 or contactus@grpc.com at least five (5) business days prior to attending an event, meeting or otherwise needing assistance. Publish Oct 27 & Nov 19

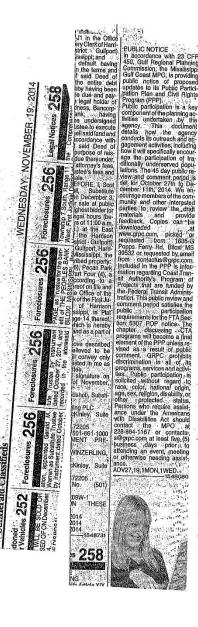
Ins. Dates: 10/27/2014 11/19/2014

### **Total Number of Insertions: 2**

Run Schedule: SUN:270ct2014 19Nov2014

Classification: Legal Notices Style: Standard Legal Ad Size: 1 x 5.63 inches

Line Count: 67 Reply Box: NONE



Stephanie Plancich

Wednesday, November 19, 2014 1:45 PM

'nbaker@mdot.ms.gov'; 'kcastleberry@mdot.ms.gov'; 'jcreel@biloxi.ms.us'; 'jely@mdot.state.ms.us'; 'jrfoster50@gmail.com'; 'bill.johnson2@att.net'; 'cathy.keeton@cityofmosspoint.org'; 'stofbaystlouis@bellsouth.net'; 'kriemann@gulfport-ms.gov'; 'jtaylor@diberville.ms.us'; 'dtorricelli@biloxi.ms.us'; 'bcotter@hcdc.ms'; 'jturner@cityofpascagoula.com'; 'mwypyski@shipmspa.com'; 'bldgofficial@mcshi.com'; 'engineering@co.harrison.ms.us'; 'Michele\_Coats@co.jackson.ms.us'; 'bcotter@hcdc.ms'; 'russell.davis@cityofmosspoint.org'; 'wdunnam@cityofpascagoula.com'; 'jfoster@flygpt.com'; 'bgex@hcphc.ms'; 'bhessell@mscoast.org'; 'gholmes@gulfport-ms.gov'; 'chad.jordan@clearwatersol.com'; 'butch\_loper@co.jackson.ms.us'; 'clyons@flygpt.com'; 'wmiller@gulfport-ms.gov'; 'Mpol@co.harrison.ms.us'; 'lrobertson@diberville.ms.us'; 'tcovan@jccivicaction.org'; 'msmith@portofpascagoula.com'; 'jspires@co.harrison.ms.us'; 'stennit@amtrak.com'; 'rsullivan@diamondhead.ms.gov'; 'sally.f.wilson@navy.mil'; 'twisco@allenes.com'; 'bslpublicworks@yahoo.com'; 'mayor@cityofpascagoula.com'; 'billy.broomfield@cityofmosspoint.org'; 'terry\_guenard@co.hancock.ms.us'; 'jdaniels@shipmspa.com'; 'aedwards@hcphc.ms'; 'bslmayor@bellsouth.net'; 'myrtis\_franke@cochran.senate.gov'; 'tfayard@waveland-ms.gov'; 'mayor@gautier-ms.gov'; 'mayor@flice@gulfport-ms.gov'; 'mayor@biloxi.ms.us'; 'jhuffman@cityofpascagoula.com'; 'andrew.hughes@fhwa.dot.gov'; 'cityattorney@ci.pass-christian.ms.us'; 'cmladner@co.harrison.ms.us'; 'mike\_mangum@co.jackson.ms.us'; 'mmcandrews@portofpascagoula.com'; 'mayorsoffice@ci.pass-christian.ms.us'; 'lohn\_McKay@co.jackson.ms.us'; 'cmoran@oceansprings-ms.gov'; 'mayor@cityoflongbeachms.com'; 'ws.swetman@co.harrison.ms.us'; 'cwilliams@flygpt.com'

David Taylor; Kenneth Yarrow

Please RSVP: MPO Meeting 12/11/14

### Hello MPO members,

| Please confirm your attendance for the MS Gulf Coast MPO Annual Meeting. It is scheduled for December 11 <sup>t</sup> | <sup>th</sup> from |
|---|--------------------|
| 10:30am – 1:00pm. This is a joint committee event so we hope that both the TCC and TPC members from you               | ır                 |
| organization/jurisdiction will plan to attend. Regular business will be conducted, but the agenda will be focused     | ed on              |
| reviewing regional progress and planning for the new fiscal year's programs and activities.                           |                    |
|   |                    |
|   |                    |
|   |                    |
|   |                    |
|   |                    |
|   |                    |
|   |                    |
|   |                    |

Here are the membership lists for both of the MPO committees.

### The TCC consists of the following representatives:

- Representative from each of the 15 MPO member jurisdictions to include Hancock, Harrison and Jackson Counties as well as the cities of Waveland, Bay St Louis, Diamondhead, Pass Christian, Long beach, Gulfport, D'Iberville, Biloxi, Ocean Springs, Gautier, Pascagoula and Moss Point
- $\stackrel{\checkmark}{=}$  Gulf Regional Planning Commission Executive Director
- Coast Transit Authority Executive Director
- Mississippi Department of Transportation State Planning Engineer
- Gulfport International Airport Operation & Planning Director
- ☑ Port planning directors from the Mississippi State Port Authority, Jackson County Development Commission and the Hancock County Development Commission

### **TCC Non-Voting Members:**

- FTA Regional Representative
- FHWA Regional Planning Engineer
- Representatives from NASA/Stennis Space Center,

# The TPC includes the following officials or their designated representatives:

- Presidents of the Board of Supervisors for Hancock,
- Harrison and Jackson Counties
- Mayor/City Manager from the Cities of Waveland, Bay St Louis, Diamondhead, Pass Christian, Long beach, Gulfport, D'Iberville, Biloxi, Ocean Springs, Gautier, Pascagoula and Moss Point
- Gulf Regional Planning Commission Board Chairman

- Gulfport International Airport Executive Director
- Port Directors from the Mississippi State Port Authority, Jackson County Development Commission and the Hancock County Development Commission

### **TPC Non-Voting Members:**

- Mississippi Trucking Association
- Heritage Trails Partnership
- FTA Regional Administrator
- FHWA Division Administrator



Stephanie Plancich
Gulf Regional Planning Commission

### Copy of GRPC.COM Homepage 10/20/2014 - 12/11/2014

